2023 Global AIDS Monitoring
Components of 2023 GAM reports
2023 GAM reporting

- Indicator data
  - Including disaggregations and cities data, where requested

- Interim National Commitments and Policy Instrument (NCPI)

- Narrative report (optional)
  - Possible to generate a report through the online reporting tool
    (see the Frequently Asked Questions document for more information)

- AIDS Medicines and Diagnostics Survey

Link to the reporting platform:
https://aidsreportingtool.unaids.org/
Changes to GAM indicators since 2022 reporting
The measurement frequency has been harmonized for all indicators for which the recommended source are behavioural surveys:

- 1.3 HIV prevalence among key populations (A–D).
- 1.4 HIV testing among key populations (A–D).
- 1.6 Coverage of HIV prevention programmes among key populations (A–D).

Terminology has been updated in two indicators from “opioid substitution therapy” to “opioid agonist maintenance therapy”:

- 1.7 HIV prevention programmes in prisons.
- 1.10 Coverage of opioid substitution therapy.

1.11 People who received PrEP.

- A category has been added to the disaggregation by PrEP product (to include CAB-LA).
- The disaggregation by dosing schedule (daily or event-driven) for gay men and other men who have sex with men has been removed based on updated World Health Organization (WHO) guidance on eligibility for event-driven PrEP, which makes monitoring by dosing schedule less relevant for global monitoring.
1.13 Annual number of males voluntarily circumcised.

- A category has been added to the disaggregation by age (to include ages 30–34 years).

Disaggregations by age, gender and key population have been harmonized for all indicators with the People Living with HIV Stigma Index as the recommended source:

- 6.2 Internalized stigma reported by people living with HIV.
- 6.3 Stigma and discrimination experienced by people living with HIV in community settings.
- 6.4 Experience of HIV-related discrimination in health-care settings.
- 6.7 People living with HIV seeking redress for rights violations.

6.4 Experience of HIV-related discrimination in health-care settings.

- The disaggregation by length of time living with HIV has been updated to reflect the corresponding question in the People Living with HIV Stigma Index 2.0 questionnaire on length of time knowing HIV-positive status.
The **NCPI** for 2023 reporting is an interim questionnaire that consists of a subset of questions from Part A that refer to policies that are considered to change more rapidly. The wording of some of the questions has been further refined based on experiences in previous reporting rounds and to reflect developments in policy recommendations and available technologies.
The reporting process
Phase 1. Tasks for preparation of data reporting, and data collection

- **UNAIDS monitoring team**: Introduction of new indicators, with training as necessary.
- **National stakeholders**: Send Spectrum software and provide training.
- **National estimates team**: Review the Spectrum file and give feedback.
- **UNAIDS estimates team**: Develop the Spectrum file and send it to UNAIDS for review.
- **Plan reporting process with partners**: Collect and collate data, Analyse data in consultation with partners.
- **Send GAM guidelines and offline Excel templates of data entry forms**: Activate the online tool for reporting.
- **December**
- **February - March**
Phase 2. Tasks in reporting data to UNAIDS

1. **March**
   - Validate the data (including comparing the final Spectrum file with the final GAM submission)

2. **UNAIDS monitoring team**
   - Send final Spectrum file to UNAIDS

3. **National stakeholders**
   - Enter data and narrative of analysis in the online tool
   - Upload supporting documents
   - Import Spectrum .CSV file
   - Confirm GAM submission (31 March)

4. **National estimates team**
   - Send preliminary Spectrum .CSV file to GAM focal point
Phase 3. Tasks in follow-up actions

- **April**
  - Post queries
  - Resolve queries
  - Reopen selected indicators for revision

- **May**
  - Import final Spectrum estimates and lock data again
  - Review Spectrum output and provide clearance to UNAIDS

- **July onwards**
  - Publish validated data and narrative reports in publications and websites
  - Use GAM data and analysis to inform national planning
  - Use estimates to inform national planning
  - Request approval to publish
  - Review final Spectrum file
Spectrum estimates

- One of the main tools that can be used to obtain denominators for reporting is the Spectrum software package.

- There is the option to import Spectrum data into the online reporting tool for certain indicators.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dates</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Responsible party</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December–February</td>
<td>Develop the Spectrum file and have it reviewed by UNAIDS</td>
<td>National estimates team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 March</td>
<td>Send Spectrum file to UNAIDS</td>
<td>National estimates team</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mid-March</td>
<td>send Spectrum estimates .csv file to GAM focal point</td>
<td>National estimates team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid-March</td>
<td>Import Spectrum estimates into GAM online reporting tool for final review</td>
<td>GAM focal point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mid-March</td>
<td>Hold stakeholders meeting to approve GAM submission</td>
<td>GAM focal point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 March</td>
<td>Submit GAM data</td>
<td>GAM focal point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early April</td>
<td>UNAIDS meets with Global Fund and PEPFAR to review data submitted on treatment and vertical transmission to identify discrepancies.</td>
<td>UNAIDS estimates team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End April</td>
<td>Update Spectrum .csv file import, if needed</td>
<td>GAM focal point or global estimates team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 May</td>
<td>Summary of estimates results sent to national AIDS coordinator for sign-off</td>
<td>Global estimates team</td>
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<tr>
<td>Early May</td>
<td>Review output from Spectrum and send clearance to UNAIDS</td>
<td>National estimates team</td>
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* This timeline is slightly different for select countries that require early reporting for planning purposes.

*PEPFAR countries: Spectrum files to be sent to UNAIDS by 1 February 2023. Feedback will be provided by mid-February.
Multisectoral engagement

- Countries are encouraged to engage a multisectoral group of stakeholders in the GAM reporting process, including from community-led organizations and appropriate civil society representatives.

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The role of communities

Communities play a key role in the response to the AIDS epidemic in countries around the world, and the wide range of expertise within community-led organizations makes them ideal partners in the process of preparing country progress reports. Together with UNAIDS country-level staff members, the national rapporteur is expected to:

- Brief community-led organizations on the indicators and the reporting process.
- Provide technical assistance on gathering, analysing and reporting data, including focused support for people living with and affected by HIV.
- Facilitate the dissemination of reports, including (whenever possible) reports in national languages.
Support during the GAM reporting process
Support during the reporting process

- Technical assistance is available from UNAIDS, UNICEF and/or WHO country offices
- Support is also available from the UNAIDS Strategic Information Department (AIDSreporting@unaids.org)

The reporting platform supports the preparation of a narrative report

Once the data are entered, the platform facilitates producing a narrative report, which can ease the consultative process of interpreting the results. This is an important step in the reporting process for communicating progress, identifying gaps and timely course correction in areas where different constituents are engaged.
Where to find previously reported data

AIDSinfo
Global data on HIV epidemiology and response
AIDSinfo
Global data on HIV epidemiology and response

PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV - ALL AGES

Population: All

Search Country

Period
1990 - 2020

2020

140k+
33k - 140k
9k - 33k
< 9k
No data

Regional
National
Sub-national

Epidemic transition metrics

People living with HIV

- People living with HIV - All ages
  - People living with HIV - Children (0-14)
  - People living with HIV - Adolescents (10-19)
  - People living with HIV - Young people (15-24)
  - People living with HIV - Adults (15+)
  - People living with HIV - Adults (15-49)
  - People living with HIV - People aged 50 and over
  - HIV Prevalence - Adults (15-49)
  - HIV Prevalence - Young people (15-24)
  - HIV Prevalence - Adults (15+)

New HIV Infections
AIDS-related deaths
Treatment cascade
Elimination of mother-to-child transmission
Sex workers
Men who have sex with men
People who inject drugs
Prisoners
Transgender people
Combination prevention
Welcome to the HIV Financial Dashboard

Africa - Eastern and Southern

Trends in resource availability for HIV by funding source [constant 2019 US$]

Source: UNAIDS Financial estimates July 2021
http://lawsandpolicies.unaids.org/

Laws and Policies Analytics

Laws and Policies Analytics is a platform to view data on HIV-related laws and policies in countries compiled from official sources and reported by both national authorities and civil society to UNAIDS and the World Health Organization. It allows users to chart and map data on HIV-related laws and policies and compare them with data on key indicators on the HIV epidemic and response... Read More

By the numbers

174 Countries across all regions with data
50 Topic areas for which data on policies and laws are available
10 Global commitments to end AIDS by 2030

Explore data

SELECT A COUNTRY | SELECT A TOPIC OR QUESTION | SELECT DATA
For more information visit: