

UNAIDS DATA TABLES | 2011

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OVERVIEW

Gains continue to be made in the response to the global HIV epidemic. New HIV infections are falling, fewer people are dying of AIDS-related causes and more people with HIV are living longer.

There were 2.7 million [2.4 million–2.9 million] new HIV infections in 2010, down 21% from the peak of the global epidemic in 1997. HIV incidence has fallen in 33 countries, 22 of them in sub-Saharan Africa, the region most affected by the AIDS epidemic.

Declines in new HIV infections across the world have been spurred in particular by changes in behaviour among young people, sex workers and their clients, people who inject drugs, men who have sex with men and transgender people, as well as by greatly increased access to HIV prevention services.

Increased access to services for eliminating new HIV infections among children and keeping mothers alive has led to a 30% drop in the annual number of new infections among children since 2002 and 2003. An estimated 390 000 [340 000–450 000] children were newly infected with HIV in 2010, 30% fewer than the peak of 560 000 [500 000–630 000] new infections annually in 2002 and 2003.

At the end of 2010, an estimated 34 million [31.6 million–35.2 million] people were living with HIV worldwide, up 17% from 2001. This reflects both new HIV infections and the significant expansion of antiretroviral therapy, which is helping to reduce AIDS-related deaths. HIV prevalence declined among young people (aged 15–24 years) in at least 21 of 24 countries with national HIV prevalence of 1% or higher.

An estimated 6.6 million people in low- and middle-income countries were receiving HIV treatment at the end of 2010 – an increase of more than 1.35 million over 2009 and nearly half of those eligible. As a consequence of expanded treatment, AIDS-related deaths are decreasing, and growing numbers of people with HIV are living longer and productive lives.

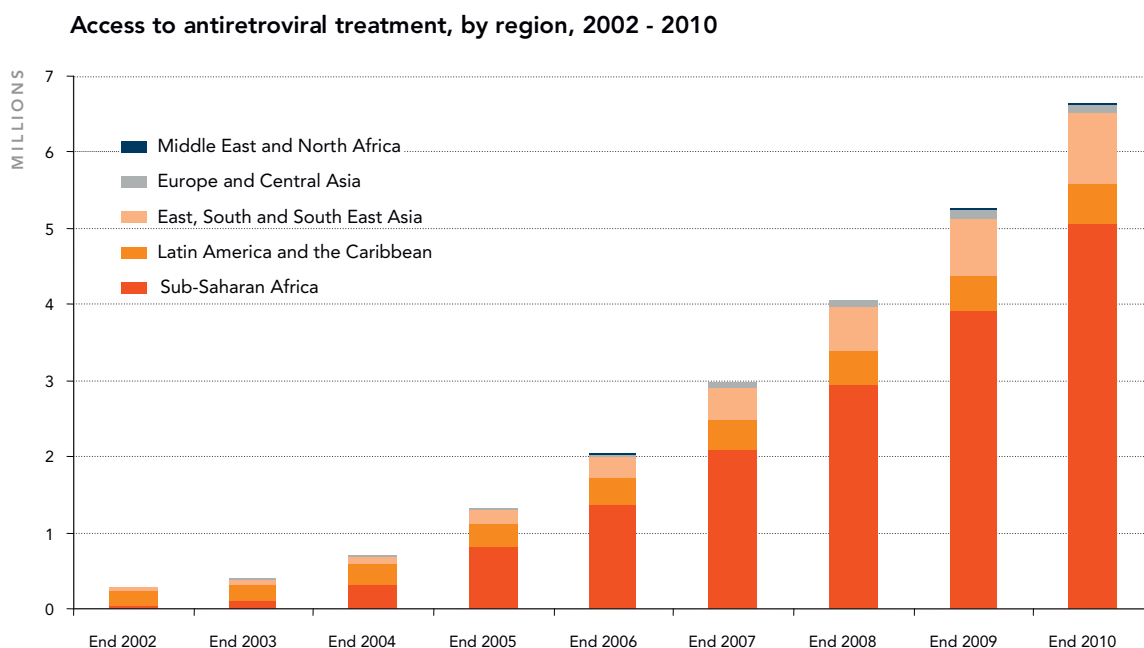
The number of people dying from AIDS-related causes fell to 1.8 million [1.6 million–1.9 million] in 2010, down from a peak of 2.2 million [2.1 million–2.5 million] in the mid 2000s. A total of 2.5 million AIDS-related deaths have been averted since 1995 due to antiretroviral therapy being introduced, according to new calculations by UNAIDS.

These global trends, however, obscure important regional variations, some positive, some not. Impressive as the overall gains are, only a handful of countries have achieved the levels of HIV service coverage needed to eventually halt the epidemic.

The accompanying data tables describe in greater detail the progress being made against the HIV epidemic and the main challenges to achieving zero HIV infections and zero AIDS deaths. These tables are a new complement to the AIDSinfo database and have been designed to provide a dynamic interface for research. Readers can sort the data by country and by year in order to explore the detail and evolution of the AIDS epidemic. The data are drawn from country progress reports and will be updated regularly.

This document reflects information found in the publication ‘Global HIV/AIDS response: epidemic update and health sector progress towards universal access: progress report 2011’, by UNAIDS, UNICEF and WHO.

PROVISION OF ANTIRETROVIRAL THERAPY



The number of people accessing antiretroviral therapy in low- and middle-income countries continues to rise, and reached an estimated 6.6 million at the end of 2010. This represented an increase of more than 1.4 million people, or 27%, from a year earlier, and a 16-fold increase from about 400 000 patients recorded at the end of 2003.

In addition, at least 745 000 people were receiving antiretroviral therapy in high-income countries at the end of 2010, including about 430 000 in Europe, 300 000 in North America and the Caribbean, and 16 700 in Asia, Oceania and the Middle East. This means that almost 7.4 million people worldwide, including in high-income countries, were accessing antiretroviral therapy at the end of 2010. In total, 1.7 million people initiated treatment in 2010; of these, 1.4 million were alive and on treatment at the end of 2010.¹

Ten low- and middle-income countries (Botswana, Cambodia, Chile, Croatia, Cuba, Guyana, Namibia, Nicaragua, Rwanda and Slovakia) had achieved universal access to antiretroviral therapy (defined as providing antiretroviral therapy to at least 80% of patients in need) by the end of 2010. Seven other countries (Argentina, Brazil, Dominican Republic, Mexico, Swaziland, Uruguay and Zambia) had coverage levels between 70% and 79%.

¹ 121 countries provided data on eligible adults and children who newly initiated antiretroviral therapy during 2010, representing 95% of all people on antiretroviral therapy in 2010.

Sub-Saharan Africa accounted for 73% of the estimated treatment need in low- and middle-income countries, and 76% of the total number of people receiving treatment at the end of 2010. Importantly, it also recorded the biggest increase in the number of people receiving treatment, from 3.9 million in December 2009 to about 5.1 million a year later, a 30% rise. The rates of increase were less than 20% in all the other regions.

Coverage of antiretroviral therapy in low- and middle-income countries reached 47% [44%–50%] in 2010 (up from 39% [37%–42%] a year earlier), which meant that 6.6 million people of the 14.2 million [13.4 million–15 million] eligible for treatment were receiving it. Coverage in sub-Saharan Africa was 49% [46%–52%] in 2010, but varied considerably among subregions. Whereas 56% [53%–59%] of people eligible for antiretroviral therapy in East and Southern Africa were receiving it, coverage in West and Central Africa stood at 30% [28%–33%].

Antiretroviral treatment coverage improved across all other regions as well, but was lowest in the Middle East and North Africa where 10% [8%–13%] of people eligible for antiretroviral therapy were receiving it in 2010, while coverage was only 23% [20%–26%] in Eastern Europe and Central Asia and 39% [36%–44%] in East, South and South-East Asia. In those regions, a number of countries are experiencing HIV epidemics that are concentrated among key affected populations for whom treatment and care services are often difficult to access.

Access to antiretroviral therapy among women and children

Antiretroviral therapy coverage generally appears to be higher among women than men. Across all low- and middle-income countries, an estimated 53% of women eligible for treatment were receiving it at the end of 2010, compared with 40% of men.² Coverage was notably higher for women than men in East, South and South-East Asia, and in sub-Saharan Africa. But in the Caribbean, coverage was higher among men than women.

The number of children younger than 15 years who were receiving antiretroviral therapy increased by 28% between 2009 and 2010, from an estimated 355 000 to 456 000.³ However, coverage of antiretroviral therapy among children and adolescents continues to be considerably lower than among adults, and stood at about 23% [20%–25%] at the end of 2010. Coverage was especially low in sub-Saharan Africa: 21% [19%–24%], in a region that accounts for about 91% of global paediatric treatment need. An estimated 388 000 of the 1.8 million children needing antiretroviral therapy in that region were receiving it at the end of 2010. Elsewhere, coverage was highest in Eastern Europe and Central Asia (65% [55%–71%]) and Latin America (44% [36%–55%]), and lowest in the Middle East and North Africa (5% [3%–7%]).

2 Data disaggregated by sex on the number of people receiving and needing antiretroviral therapy are available from 110 low- and middle-income countries, representing 95% of the 6.6 million people receiving treatment in 2010.

3 A total of 142 countries reported data disaggregated for adults and children.

Number of adults and children receiving and eligible for antiretroviral therapy, and estimated coverage in low- and middle-income countries by region, December 2009 to December 2010 ^{a-c}

| Geographical region | December 2010 | | | December 2009 | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Number of people receiving antiretroviral therapy | Estimated number of people needing antiretroviral therapy [range] ^a | Antiretroviral therapy coverage [range] ^d | Number of people receiving antiretroviral therapy | Estimated number of people needing antiretroviral therapy [range] ^a | Antiretroviral therapy coverage [range] ^d |
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 5 064 000 | 10 400 000 [9 700 000–11 000 000] | 49% [46%–52%] | 3 911 000 | 9 600 000 [9 000 000–10 200 000] | 41% [38%–43%] |
| Eastern and southern Africa | 4 221 000 | 7 600 000 [7 100 000–8 000 000] | 56% [53%–59%] | 3 203 000 | 7 000 000 [6 600 000–7 400 000] | 46% [43%–48%] |
| Western and central Africa | 842 000 | 2 800 000 [2 600 000–3 100 000] | 30% [28%–33%] | 709 000 | 2 600 000 [2 400 000–2 800 000] | 27% [25%–30%] |
| Latin America & the Caribbean | 521 000 | 820 000 [710 000–920 000] | 63% [57%–73%] | 469 000 | 780 000 [670 000–870 000] | 60% [54%–70%] |
| Latin America | 461 000 | 720 000 [620 000–810 000] | 64% [57%–74%] | 416 000 | 690 000 [590 000–780 000] | 60% [53%–70%] |
| Caribbean | 60 300 | 100 000 [91 000–110 000] | 60% [53%–67%] | 52 400 | 93 000 [84 000–110 000] | 56% [50%–63%] |
| East, South & South-East Asia | 922 000 | 2 300 000 [2 100 000–2 500 000] | 39% [36%–44%] | 748 000 | 2 300 000 [2 000 000–2 400 000] | 33% [31%–37%] |
| Europe and Central Asia | 129 000 | 570 000 [500 000–650 000] | 23% [20%–26%] | 114 500 | 520 000 [450 000–600 000] | 22% [19%–25%] |
| North Africa & the Middle East | 14 900 | 150 000 [120 000–190 000] | 10% [8%–13%] | 12 400 | 140 000 [110 000–180 000] | 9% [7%–12%] |
| Total | 6 650 000 | 14 200 000 [13 400 000–15 000 000] | 47% [44%–50%] | 5 255 000 | 13 300 000 [12 400 000–14 100 000] | 39% [37%–42%] |

Note: some numbers do not add up because of rounding.

^a See Box 5.9 for further information on the methods for estimating the need for and coverage of antiretroviral therapy in 2010.

^b The 2009 figures may differ from those previously published because countries have submitted newly available data.

^c All estimated needs have been developed according to 2010 WHO guidelines and criteria for initiating treatment.

^d The coverage estimate is based on the unrounded estimated numbers of people receiving and needing antiretroviral therapy.

PREVENTING AND TREATING HIV INFECTIONS IN WOMEN AND CHILDREN

New HIV infections among children globally are decreasing steadily, from 540 000 [470 000–610 000] in 2000, to 430 000 [370 000–490 000] in 2009 and 390 000 [340 000–450 000] in 2010.

The rate of mother-to-child transmission of HIV is estimated to have declined from 35% in 2001, to 29% in 2009, and 26% in 2010. It is estimated that more than 350 000 new infections among children have been averted since 1995 due to the provision of antiretroviral prophylaxis to HIV-positive pregnant women.

The *Global Plan towards the elimination of new HIV infections among children by 2015 and keeping their mothers alive*⁴ aims, among other goals, to cut the number of new HIV infections among children by 90% by 2015 (from 430 000 in 2009 to 43 000) and reduce the rate of mother-to-child transmission to less than 5%. Despite the recent progress, however, those targets are unlikely to be met on current trends. In order to hasten progress, 22 countries (21 from sub-Saharan Africa, plus India), which together account for nearly 90% of all pregnant women living with HIV, have been identified as priority countries in the *Global Plan*.⁵

Preventing new HIV infections among women of reproductive age is a vital step toward reaching the *Global Plan* targets, which call for a 50% reduction in HIV incidence in women aged 15–49 between 2009 and 2015. Since 2001, HIV incidence among adult women in sub-Saharan Africa has declined from 0.72 [0.65–0.74] to 0.49 [0.42–0.52], while adult HIV incidence rates declined considerably between 2001 and 2010 in several of the priority countries (including in Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Namibia and Zimbabwe, where they fell by at least 50% or more).

Eliminating mother-to-child transmission of HIV requires identifying nearly all pregnant women living with HIV. In 2010, an estimated 35% of pregnant women (43.2 million of the estimated 123 million) in low- and middle-income countries received an HIV test, more than the 26% who did so in 2009, and considerably more than the 8% in 2005. The increases occurred in almost all regions, including in East and Southern Africa (where HIV testing coverage expanded from 52%–61% in 2009–2010), and East, South and South-East Asia (18%–30%).

Among the 22 priority countries, coverage of HIV testing and counselling exceeded 90% in Botswana, South Africa, Zambia and Zimbabwe in 2010. An additional five countries have reached more than 80% coverage: Kenya, Mozambique, Namibia, Swaziland, and the United Republic of Tanzania. Elsewhere, however, large numbers of pregnant women with HIV still do not know they have been infected and

4 The Global Plan requires progress in four key areas: primary prevention of HIV infection among women of childbearing age; preventing unintended pregnancies among women living with HIV; preventing HIV transmission from women living with HIV to their infants; and providing appropriate treatment, care and support to mothers living with HIV, and their children and families.

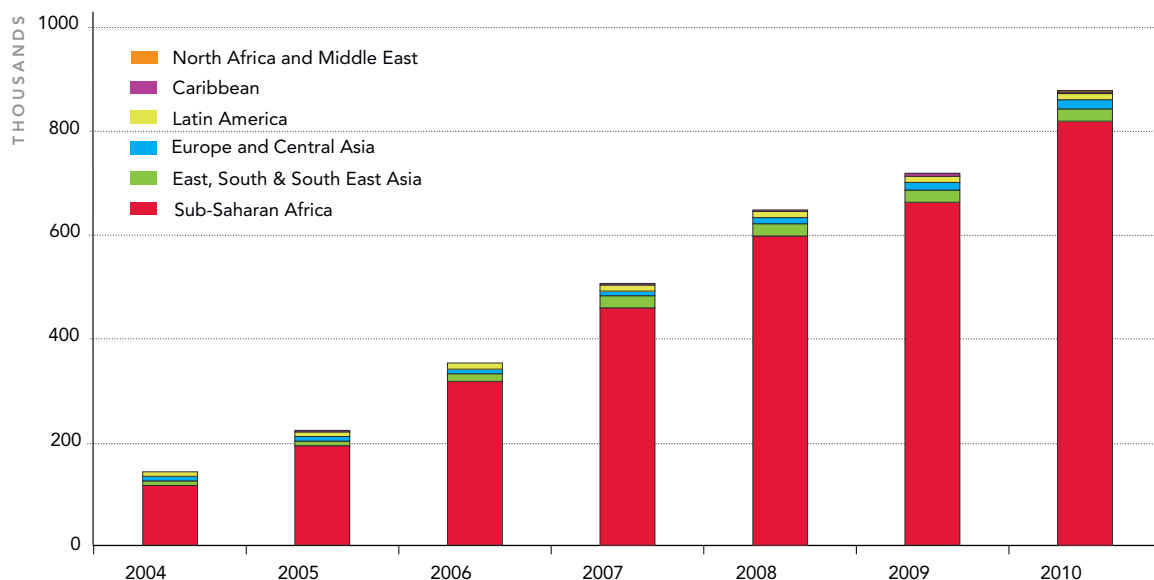
5 Angola, Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Chad, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, Ghana, India, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Swaziland, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

need to access services that can protect their health and that of their unborn infants. Fewer than 20% of pregnant women living with HIV were identified in Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo and Nigeria (also priority countries). In low- and middle-income countries overall in 2010, about one third of the estimated 1.5 million women needing antiretroviral drugs to prevent mother-to-child transmission of HIV were still unaware of their HIV status.

Providing treatment, care and support to those women – and to their children and families – constitutes a further, vital step towards eliminating mother-to-child transmission of HIV. In 2010, 48% [44%–54%] of the estimated 1.5 million pregnant women living with HIV in low- and middle-income countries received most effective antiretroviral treatment to reduce the risk of HIV transmission to their infants, and for their own health. (This figure excludes single-dose nevirapine, which is no longer recommended in WHO’s guidelines to treat pregnant mothers and prevent HIV infection among children.)

Coverage was highest in Europe and Central Asia (79% [65%–94%]), and lowest in the Middle East

Number of women receiving antiretroviral treatment to prevent new HIV infections among children, by region, 2004–2010



and North Africa (4% [3%–6%]), East, South and South-East Asia (16% [13%–23%]), and in West and Central Africa (18% [15%–20%]). In East and Southern Africa, the subregion with the largest number of pregnant women living with HIV, antiretroviral coverage reached 64% [57%–71%] in 2010.

Impressively, five of the 22 priority low- and middle-income countries have reached the 80% target set by the United Nations General Assembly Special Session for antiretroviral coverage for pregnant women living with HIV: Botswana (>95%), Lesotho (89%), Namibia (>95%), South Africa (>95%) and Swaziland (>95%). But coverage is still low in several other priority countries, including Angola (20%), Burundi (36%), Chad (7%), Democratic Republic of the Congo (1%), and Nigeria (9%).

In low- and middle-income countries overall, 42% [38%–48%] of the estimated 1.5 million infants born to mothers living with HIV received antiretroviral prophylaxis in 2010, compared with 32% [29%–36%] the year before. However, coverage of antiretroviral prophylaxis for infants has stayed lower than for their mothers, which indicates that loss to follow-up of mother-infant pairs remains a significant challenge.

Infant antiretroviral prophylaxis coverage rates continue to vary dramatically between regions and subregions. In 2010, it was highest in Europe and Central Asia (75%, [63%–91%]), and lowest in West and Central Africa (14%, [12%–16%]). There were strong gains in East and Southern Africa, where coverage increased from 41% [36%–45%] to 55% [50%–62%] in 2009–2010. In Latin America and the Caribbean, and in East, South and South-East Asia, coverage in 2009–2010 stayed about the same.

Although the most effective strategy for preventing paediatric HIV infections and mortality is the expansion of programmes that prevent mother-to-child transmission, many AIDS-related deaths among HIV-infected children could be avoided through early HIV diagnosis among children and timely provision of effective care and treatment. HIV care and treatment services for HIV-exposed and HIV-infected children are expanding in resource-limited settings, but they remain inadequate. Of the two million [1.8–2.3 million] children estimated to be in need of antiretroviral therapy in 2010, only 23% [20%–25%] had access to treatment, compared with 51% of adults [48%–54%].

Again, there is considerable variation across regions. Coverage of paediatric antiretroviral therapy increased substantially only in Europe and Central Asia, from 56% [47%–60%] to 65% [55–71%] in 2009–2010. In the same period, coverage in sub-Saharan Africa hardly changed, and stood at a low 21% [19%–24%] in 2010. Within that region, coverage increased slightly in East and Southern Africa, from 23% [21%–26%] to 26% [23%–29%], and an estimated 337 000 children were receiving antiretroviral therapy there in 2010. But in West and Central Africa, coverage remained a mere 9% [8%–11%], which translated into about 50 000 children getting antiretroviral therapy in 2010, up from 41 000 a year earlier. Coverage was unchanged in East, South and South-East Asia at 39% [30%–52%] in 2010, and in North Africa and the Middle East at 5% [3%–7%]) but decreased in Latin America and the Caribbean, from 45% [38%–55%] to 39% [32%–48%], in 2009–2010.

Several of the 25 high-burden countries increased coverage of antiretroviral therapy for children between 2009 and 2010, but Botswana and Thailand had the highest levels of coverage of 88% and 69% respectively. Chad (5%) and Sudan (2%) had the lowest levels of coverage among these countries.

Estimated number of women living with HIV needing and receiving antiretrovirals to prevent new HIV infections among children, and coverage excluding single-dose nevirapine in low- and middle-income countries, by geographical region, 2010

| Geographical region | Number of pregnant women living with HIV receiving any antiretrovirals to prevent new HIV infections among children | Estimated number of pregnant women living with HIV in need of antiretrovirals to prevent new HIV infections among children | Estimated coverage, excluding reported single-dose nevirapine |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | 674 000 | 1 360 000 [1 200 000–1 500 000] | 50% [44%–56%] |
| East and Southern Africa | 600 700 | 940 000 [840 000–1 000 000] | 64% [57%–71%] |
| West and Central Africa | 73 300 | 410 000 [360 000–470 000] | 18% [15%–20%] |
| Latin America & Caribbean | 15 000 | 25 600 [17 000–33 000] | 59% [46%–90%] |
| Latin America | 11 700 | 18 300 [8 600–20 000] | 64% [47%–>95%] |
| Caribbean | 3300 | 7 300 [5 900–9 000] | 46% [37%–57%] |
| East, South & South East Asia | 12 200 | 73 800 [52 000–93 000] | 16% [13%–23%] |
| Eastern Europe & Central Asia | 14 700 | 18 600 [15 000–22 000] | 79% [65%–94%] |
| North Africa & Middle East | 600 | 14 700 [10 000–18 000] | 4% [3%–6%] |
| All low- and middle-income countries | 716 500 | 1 490 000 [1 300 000–1 600 000] | 48% [44%–54%] |

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Table 1

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Afghanistan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 19 ¹ | 46 ² |
| Albania | 50 | 50 | 45 | 74 | 110 | 114 ³ | 145 ² |
| Algeria | ... | 424 | 588 | 993 | 1 111 | 1 526 ³ | 2 012 ² |
| Andorra | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 27 ³ | ... |
| Angola | 3 000 | 3 000 | 6 514 | 11 540 | 14 139 | 20 640 ³ | 27 931 ² |
| Antigua and Barbuda | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 98 ³ | 153 ² |
| Argentina | 29 500 | 30 127 | 35 211 | 38 242 | 40 240 | 42 815 ³ | 43 313 ² |
| Armenia | ... | 29 | 47 | 78 | 100 | 179 ³ | 250 ² |
| Australia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 9 933 ⁴ | 11 120 ² |
| Austria | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 800 ⁵ | 3 163 ² |
| Azerbaijan | ... | ... | 7 | 81 | 159 | 238 ³ | 435 ² |
| Bahamas | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 506 ³ | ... |
| Bahrain | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Bangladesh | 5 | 5 | 59 | 178 | 283 | 353 ³ | 465 ² |
| Barbados | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 804 ³ | 847 ² |
| Belarus | 33 | 120 | 638 | 884 | 1 249 | 1 776 ³ | 2 614 ² |
| Belgium | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8 690 ³ | ... |
| Belize | 178 | 180 | 435 | 558 | 630 | 855 ³ | 1 053 ² |
| Benin | 2 000 | 4 673 | 7 634 | 9 765 | 12 078 | 15 401 ³ | 18 230 ² |
| Bhutan | 5 | 5 | 19 | 18 | 30 | ... | 57 ² |
| Bolivia | 130 | 300 | 382 | 496 | 758 | 1 115 ³ | 1 283 ² |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 13 | 29 | 19 | 30 | 33 | 38 ³ | 48 ² |
| Botswana | 37 000 | 59 946 | 79 490 | 92 932 | 117 045 | 145 190 ³ | 161 219 ² |
| Brazil | 154 000 | 174 000 | 174 270 | 181 000 | 194 984 | 185 982 ¹ | 201 279 ² |
| Brunei | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 17 ² |
| Bulgaria | 90 | 187 | 196 | 221 | 251 | 327 ³ | ... |
| Burkina Faso | 3 000 | 8 214 | 14 079 | 16 938 | 21 103 | 26 448 ³ | 31 543 ² |
| Burundi | 3 000 | 6 416 | 8 048 | 10 894 | 14 343 | 17 661 ³ | 22 735 ² |
| Cambodia | 5 000 | 12 396 | 20 131 | 26 664 | 31 999 | 37 315 ³ | 42 799 ² |
| Cameroon | 14 000 | 23 820 | 28 403 | 45 817 | 59 960 | 76 228 ³ | 89 455 ² |
| Canada | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 27 000 ⁶ | ... |
| Cape Verde | ... | 215 | 223 | 291 | 360 | 611 ³ | ... |
| Central African Republic | 1 000 | 1 647 | 2 782 | 9 591 | 10 551 | 14 474 ³ | 15 287 ² |
| Chad | 300 | 5 275 | 5 500 | 7 400 | 17 900 | 32 288 ³ | 32 288 ² |
| Chile | 5 900 | 6 964 | 7 782 | 10 223 | 10 904 | 12 762 ³ | 12 789 ² |
| China | 9 000 | 19 282 | 31 140 | 35 112 | 48 254 | 65 481 ³ | 86 122 ² |
| Colombia | 12 000 | 13 000 | 17 540 | 20 620 | 17 551 | 16 302 ³ | 29 803 ² |
| Comoros | 200 | 200 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 12 ³ | 17 ² |

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Congo, Republic of the | 464 | 2 967 | 3 186 | 4 956 | 9 400 | 7 998 ³ | 14 830 ² |
| Costa Rica | 2 000 | 2 717 | 2 866 | 2 952 | 2 886 | 3 064 ³ | 3 265 ² |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 5 000 | 18 533 | 36 348 | 38 221 | 51 820 | 72 011 ³ | 75 237 ⁷ |
| Croatia | 204 | 247 | 291 | 322 | 398 | 441 ³ | 510 ² |
| Cuba | 2 000 | 2 079 | 1 711 | 3 123 | 3 999 | 5 034 ³ | 5 587 ² |
| Cyprus | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 187 ³ | 198 ² |
| Czech Republic | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 706 ⁸ | 760 ² |
| Democratic People's Republic of Korea | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 4 000 | 7 721 | 17 561 | 28 925 | 24 645 | 34 967 ³ | 43 878 ² |
| Denmark | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3 000 ⁸ | 3 000 ² |
| Djibouti | 200 | 350 | 598 | 705 | 816 | 913 ³ | 1 008 ² |
| Dominica | 5 | 21 | 37 | 39 | 36 | 38 ³ | 41 ² |
| Dominican Republic | 1 000 | 2 582 | 5 001 | 8 199 | 11 072 | 13 785 ³ | 17 082 ² |
| Ecuador | 1 000 | 1 567 | 1 745 | 3 214 | 3 728 | 5 538 ³ | 8 977 ² |
| Egypt | 58 | 218 | 205 | 209 | 291 | 359 ³ | 525 ² |
| El Salvador | 2 000 | 2 873 | 4 712 | 5 773 | 7 104 | ... ⁹ | 5 843 ² |
| Equatorial Guinea | 5 | 5 | 414 | 985 | 839 | 1 645 ³ | 2 432 ² |
| Eritrea | 50 | 563 | 1 175 | 1 301 | 4 299 | 4 955 ³ | 5 387 ² |
| Estonia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 263 ³ | 1 793 ² |
| Ethiopia | 11 000 | 20 477 | 53 720 | 90 212 | 132 379 | 176 632 ³ | 222 723 ² |
| Fiji | ... | ... | ... | 28 | 39 | 52 ¹⁰ | 58 ² |
| Finland | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 450 ¹¹ | ... |
| France | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 79 680 ⁶ | 93 090 ² |
| Gabon | 2 000 | 2 000 | 5 278 | 6 373 | 7 773 | 9 976 ³ | 11 488 ² |
| Gambia The | 150 | 150 | 400 | 431 | 770 | 921 ⁵ | 1 869 ² |
| Georgia | 83 | 140 | 267 | 343 | 498 | 655 ³ | 830 ² |
| Germany | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 42 900 ³ | ... |
| Ghana | 2 000 | 4 328 | 9 882 | 12 315 | 21 548 | 30 265 ³ | 40 575 ² |
| Greece | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 236 ⁶ | 5 114 ² |
| Grenada | ... | ... | ... | 47 | 46 | 54 ³ | 61 ² |
| Guatemala | 4 000 | 5 632 | 6 030 | 7 812 | 9 694 | 10 362 ³ | 12 053 ² |
| Guinea | 1 000 | 2 101 | 4 699 | 5 660 | 9 212 | 14 999 ³ | 20 430 ² |
| Guinea-Bissau | ... | 62 | 349 | 890 | 1 832 | 2 764 ³ | 3 632 ² |
| Guyana | 500 | 1 200 | 1 569 | 1 965 | 2 473 | 2 832 ³ | 3 059 ² |
| Haiti | 3 000 | 6 896 | 8 796 | 14 514 | 19 990 | 26 007 ³ | 29 180 ² |
| Honduras | 3 000 | 4 305 | 4 674 | 5 580 | 6 288 | 7 075 ³ | 7 718 ² |
| Hungary | 300 | 402 | 412 | 452 | 559 | 547 ³ | 630 ² |
| Iceland | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 100 ¹² | ... |

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|
| India | 28 000 | 51 888 | 90 597 | 158 020 | 234 581 | 320 074 ³ | 424 802 ² |
| Indonesia | 3 000 | 3 520 | 5 100 | 6 600 | 10 606 | 15 442 ¹⁰ | 19 572 ² |
| Iran | 600 | 420 | 525 | 941 | 878 | 1 486 ¹³ | 1 800 ⁷ |
| Iraq | ... | 75 | ... | ... | 4 | ... | 5 ² |
| Ireland | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 600 ¹⁴ | ... |
| Israel | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 876 ⁶ | 2 745 ¹⁵ |
| Italy | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 95 000 ⁶ | ... |
| Jamaica | 500 | 1 456 | 2 633 | 3 637 | 4 444 | 7 244 ³ | 8 016 ² |
| Japan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 94 ¹⁶ | ... |
| Jordan | 40 | 45 | 45 | 53 | 58 | 63 ³ | 83 ² |
| Kazakhstan | 7 | 240 | 326 | 442 | 707 | 1 035 ¹³ | 1 336 ² |
| Kenya | 29 000 | 65 773 | 125 026 | 177 000 | 250 576 | 336 980 ³ | 432 621 ² |
| Kiribati | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 6 | ... | 6 ² |
| Kuwait | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 131 ³ | ... |
| Kyrgyzstan | ... | 46 | 47 | 87 | 89 | 231 ¹³ | 548 ² |
| Lao PDR | 104 | 104 | 479 | 700 | 1 009 | 1 345 ³ | 1 690 ² |
| Latvia | 202 | 235 | 301 | 323 | 334 | 439 ³ | 508 ² |
| Lebanon | 353 | 200 | 213 | 246 | 285 | 354 ³ | 412 ² |
| Lesotho | 3 000 | 8 400 | 17 667 | 21 710 | 45 262 | 61 736 ³ | 76 487 ¹⁷ |
| Liberia | ... | 397 | 796 | 1 414 | 2 017 | 2 970 ³ | 4 412 ² |
| Libya | 100 | 450 | 450 | 1 000 | 1 276 | ... | ... |
| Lithuania | 37 | 85 | 75 | 98 | 127 | 145 ³ | ... |
| Luxembourg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 434 ³ | ... |
| Madagascar | 6 | 6 | 92 | 138 | 162 | 214 ³ | 248 ² |
| Malawi | 13 183 | 29 087 | 59 980 | 100 649 | 147 497 | 198 846 ³ | 250 987 ² |
| Malaysia | 3 650 | 4 700 | 2 700 | 6 950 | 8 197 | 9 962 ¹⁸ | 13 918 ² |
| Maldives | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 ³ | 2 ² |
| Mali | 808 | 7 038 | 11 651 | 12 398 | 16 475 | 21 100 ³ | 24 778 ² |
| Malta | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 100 ³ | 119 ² |
| Marshall Islands | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 4 | 4 ³ | 6 ² |
| Mauritania | 39 | ... | 256 | 839 | 1 072 | 1 401 ³ | 1 669 ² |
| Mauritius | 120 | 120 | 243 | 321 | 491 | 652 ³ | 646 ² |
| Mexico | 29 000 | 30 624 | 39 295 | 43 051 | 55 599 | 60 911 ³ | 64 487 ² |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 2 | 5 ³ | 5 ² |
| Moldova | 120 | 222 | 262 | 464 | 682 | 984 ³ | 1 237 ² |
| Monaco | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 45 ¹⁴ | ... |
| Mongolia | ... | ... | 2 | 3 | 5 | 9 ³ | 28 ² |
| Montenegro | ... | ... | 26 | 26 | 25 | 31 ¹⁸ | 40 ² |

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Morocco | 465 | 880 | 1 370 | 1 648 | 2 207 | 2 647 ³ | 3 200 ² |
| Mozambique | 7 000 | 19 854 | 40 891 | 89 592 | 128 330 | 170 198 ³ | 218 991 ² |
| Myanmar | 2 000 | 3 500 | 5 295 | 11 100 | 15 191 | 21 138 ³ | 29 825 ² |
| Namibia | 9 000 | 29 200 | 35 593 | 52 316 | 59 376 | 70 498 ⁵ | 88 717 ² |
| Nauru | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Nepal | 75 | 75 | 541 | 1 432 | 1 992 | 3 226 ¹⁹ | 4 867 ² |
| Netherlands | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7 919 ²⁰ | 11 780 ² |
| New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 204 ²¹ | 1 348 ² |
| Nicaragua | 33 | 163 | 387 | 522 | 744 | 1 063 ³ | 1 286 ² |
| Niger | ... | 609 | 1 168 | 1 536 | 2 846 | 6 445 ³ | 7 812 ² |
| Nigeria | 13 000 | 41 224 | 95 008 | 197 694 | 238 659 | 302 973 ³ | 359 181 ² |
| Norway | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 900 ¹⁴ | ... |
| Oman | 100 | 225 | 225 | 260 | 412 | 486 ³ | 469 ² |
| Pakistan | 100 | 132 | 167 | 550 | 875 | 1 320 ³ | 1 892 ² |
| Palau | ... | ... | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 ³ | 3 ² |
| Panama | 2 000 | 2 765 | 2 835 | 3 994 | 3 972 | 4 463 ³ | 4 888 ² |
| Papua New Guinea | 171 | 320 | 1 098 | 2 250 | 5 195 | 6 751 ³ | 7 555 ² |
| Paraguay | 300 | 640 | 1 026 | 1 056 | 1 613 | 2 073 ³ | 2 962 ²² |
| Peru | 2 000 | 6 410 | 8 424 | 10 860 | 10 232 | 14 780 ³ | ... |
| Philippines | 71 | 71 | 170 | 336 | 532 | 750 ³ | 1 274 ² |
| Poland | 2 000 | 2 707 | 3 072 | 3 382 | 3 822 | 4 329 ³ | 4 897 ² |
| Portugal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 18 107 ³ | ... |
| Qatar | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 70 ²³ | ... |
| Republic of Korea | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Romania | 6 000 | 6 116 | 6 790 | 6 500 | 7 434 | 7 244 ³ | 7 276 ² |
| Russian Federation | 3 000 | 5 000 | 14 681 | 31 094 | 54 900 | 75 900 ³ | 79 430 ² |
| Rwanda | 7 000 | 19 289 | 34 636 | 48 569 | 63 149 | 76 726 ³ | 91 984 ² |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 24 | 32 | 39 | 51 | 63 | ... | ... |
| Saint Lucia | 20 | 50 | 50 | 78 | 85 | 124 ³ | ... |
| Saint Vincent & the Grenadines | 32 | 64 | 80 | 97 | 120 | 162 ³ | ... |
| Samoa | ... | ... | ... | 6 | 8 | ... | 13 ² |
| San Marino | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Sao Tome and Principe | ... | 17 | 51 | 74 | 109 | 169 ³ | 196 ² |
| Saudi Arabia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 865 ⁶ | ... |
| Senegal | 1 600 | 4 200 | 5 500 | 6 699 | 9 252 | 12 249 ³ | ... |
| Serbia | 317 | 580 | 608 | 642 | 842 | 790 ³ | 915 ² |
| Seychelles | 43 | 43 | 82 | 94 | 113 | 139 ³ | 156 ² |
| Sierra Leone | 1 000 | 210 | 1 416 | 2 649 | 1 950 | 3 660 ³ | 5 552 ² |

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Singapore | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Slovakia | 65 | 65 | 96 | 98 | 97 | ... | 118 ² |
| Slovenia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 157 ²⁴ | ... |
| Solomon Islands | ... | ... | ... | 3 | 3 | 4 ³ | 7 ² |
| Somalia | ... | 35 | 111 | 211 | 413 | 578 ³ | 878 ² |
| South Africa | 55 000 | 206 718 | 324 754 | 458 951 | 730 183 | 971 556 ⁸ | 1 389 865 ² |
| Spain | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 79 500 ³ | 85 700 ² |
| Sri Lanka | 25 | 25 | 69 | 107 | 142 | 207 ³ | 256 ² |
| Sudan | 400 | 400 | 968 | 1 198 | 1 151 | 3 825 ³ | 4 345 ² |
| Suriname | 220 | 391 | 460 | 729 | 858 | 996 ¹⁹ | 1 106 ² |
| Swaziland | 6 000 | 13 006 | 18 493 | 24 535 | 32 701 | 47 241 ³ | 59 802 ² |
| Sweden | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 185 ³ | ... |
| Switzerland | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Syria | 468 | 60 | 60 | 75 | 73 | 99 ³ | 110 ² |
| Tajikistan | ... | 5 | 37 | 86 | 138 | 322 ³ | 504 ² |
| Tanzania | 3 000 | 21 543 | 60 342 | 135 696 | 154 468 | 199 413 ³ | 258 069 ² |
| Thailand | 50 000 | 81 158 | 112 196 | 152 974 | 185 086 | 216 118 ⁵ | 236 808 ⁷ |
| The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | 2 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 23 | 24 ³ | 36 ² |
| Timor Leste | ... | ... | ... | ... | 29 | 31 ³ | 39 ² |
| Togo | 2 000 | 6 545 | 6 993 | 7 980 | 11 211 | 16 710 ³ | 24 635 ² |
| Tonga | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Trinidad and Tobago | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 639 ³ | 1 485 ² |
| Tunisia | 437 | 229 | 298 | 298 | 326 | 412 ³ | 412 ² |
| Turkey | 250 | 344 | 685 | 889 | 900 | 1 000 ³ | 1 000 ² |
| Turkmenistan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Tuvalu | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 1 ³ | ... ² |
| Uganda | 44 000 | 74 869 | 96 294 | 115 348 | 153 718 | 200 413 ⁵ | 248 222 ⁷ |
| Ukraine | 1 000 | 3 450 | 4 777 | 7 657 | 10 629 | 15 871 ³ | 22 697 ² |
| United Arab Emirates | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 121 ³ | ... |
| United Kingdom | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 50 292 ¹ | ... |
| United States of America | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 268 000 ¹² | ... |
| Uruguay | 2 000 | 1 427 | 1 495 | 1 776 | 2 143 | 2 510 ³ | 3 124 ² |
| Uzbekistan | ... | ... | 259 | 319 | 1 200 | 1 753 ³ | 2 479 ² |
| Vanuatu | ... | ... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 ³ | 2 ² |
| Venezuela | 9 000 | 15 417 | 15 417 | 15 417 | 27 240 | 32 302 ³ | 37 827 ² |
| Vietnam | 300 | 3 000 | 8 310 | 17 354 | 25 597 | 37 995 ³ | 49 492 ² |
| Yemen | ... | ... | ... | 107 | 189 | 274 ³ | 531 ² |
| Zambia | 20 000 | 48 585 | 82 030 | 151 199 | 219 576 | 283 863 ³ | 344 407 ² |

Number of people receiving antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Zimbabwe | 8 000 | 24 500 | 66 920 | 97 692 | 148 144 | 218 589 ²⁵ | 326 241 ² |

Footnotes

- 1 Dec. 2009; Updated 2009 value. See last year's annex (http://www.who.int/entity/hiv/data/tuapr2010_annex3.xls).
- 2 Dec. 2010
- 3 Dec. 2009
- 4 Dec. 2007
- 5 Sept. 2009
- 6 Dec. 2008
- 7 Sept. 2010
- 8 Oct. 2009
- 9 Updated 2009 value. See last year's annex (http://www.who.int/entity/hiv/data/tuapr2010_annex3.xls).
- 10 Nov. 2009
- 11 Aug. 2006
- 12 '<05' indicates that data exist but no update has been received since December 2004. These data should be interpreted cautiously, as they may reflect the situation in early 2004 or even 2003.
- 13 Jan. 2010
- 14 Dec. 2005
- 15 Jun. 2010
- 16 Mar. 2009
- 17 Dec. 2010; As it only reflects 90% of data received from facilities, this number is underreported.
- 18 Mar. 2010
- 19 Jul. 2009
- 20 Apr. 2007
- 21 Jun. 2009
- 22 Nov. 2010
- 23 Jan. 2009
- 24 Jul. 2007
- 25 Feb. 2010

Table 2

Estimated coverage of antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2009 | | | 2010 | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Afghanistan | 1% | 0% | 3% | 3% | 1% | 6% |
| Algeria | 28% | 22% | 36% | 32% | 25% | 43% |
| Angola | 27% | 21% | 36% | 33% | 25% | 43% |
| Argentina | 82% | 73% | 95% | 79% | 68% | 89% |
| Armenia | 23% | 14% | 53% | 30% | 14% | 49% |
| Azerbaijan | 21% | 15% | 29% | 32% | 24% | 43% |
| Bangladesh | 33% | 19% | 43% | 33% | 26% | 46% |
| Belarus | 38% | 25% | 60% | 51% | 33% | 75% |
| Belize | 48% | 42% | 56% | 53% | 47% | 60% |
| Benin | 53% | 48% | 59% | 58% | 52% | 65% |
| Bhutan | 20% | 8% | 28% | 27% | 20% | 45% |
| Bolivia | 17% | 9% | 30% | 20% | 10% | 37% |
| Botswana | 90% | 87% | >95% | 93% | 89% | >95% |
| Brazil | 70% | 66% | 75% | 70% | 65% | 75% |
| Bulgaria | 26% | 20% | 33% | 24% | 19% | 30% |
| Burkina Faso | 44% | 40% | 49% | 49% | 44% | 55% |
| Burundi | 27% | 24% | 29% | 34% | 31% | 40% |
| Cambodia | 86% | 62% | >95% | 92% | 68% | >95% |
| Cameroon | 35% | 32% | 39% | 38% | 34% | 43% |
| Cape Verde | 45% | 32% | 60% | 43% | 32% | 61% |
| Central African Republic | 25% | 22% | 27% | 24% | 21% | 27% |
| Chad | 44% | 38% | 51% | 39% | 33% | 46% |
| Chile | >95% | 56% | >95% | 88% | 52% | >95% |
| China | 23% | 18% | 30% | 32% | 26% | 37% |
| Colombia | 19% | 14% | 25% | 34% | 26% | 45% |
| Comoros | >95% | 92% | >95% | >95% | 35% | >95% |
| Congo, Republic of the | 25% | 22% | 29% | 42% | 36% | 49% |
| Costa Rica | 65% | 56% | 74% | 65% | 57% | 76% |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 36% | 33% | 40% | 37% | 34% | 41% |
| Croatia | 83% | 66% | >95% | 89% | 70% | >95% |
| Cuba | >95% | 83% | >95% | 95% | 78% | >95% |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | ... | 11% | 15% | ... | 13% | 16% |
| Djibouti | 17% | 14% | 23% | 19% | 1% | >95% |
| Dominican Republic | 62% | 54% | 71% | 72% | 62% | 82% |
| Ecuador | 39% | 29% | 56% | 63% | 45% | 91% |
| Egypt | 7% | 3% | 18% | 10% | 4% | 21% |
| El Salvador | 94% | 68% | >95% | 59% | 36% | 82% |

Source: UNAIDS/WHO . For more information please visit <http://aidsinfo.unaids.org>

Estimated coverage of antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2009 | | | 2010 | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Equatorial Guinea | 21% | 14% | 28% | 24% | 18% | 37% |
| Eritrea | 41% | 25% | 77% | 42% | 23% | 68% |
| Ethiopia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Fiji | 35% | 26% | 47% | 33% | 24% | 43% |
| Gabon | 50% | 35% | 69% | 53% | 38% | 75% |
| Gambia The | 20% | 9% | 41% | 35% | 17% | 78% |
| Georgia | 62% | 23% | >95% | 65% | 20% | >95% |
| Ghana | 28% | 25% | 32% | 35% | 31% | 40% |
| Guatemala | 51% | 31% | >95% | 53% | 23% | 89% |
| Guinea | 47% | 40% | 56% | 57% | 47% | 67% |
| Guinea-Bissau | ... | 33% | 52% | ... | 39% | 59% |
| Guyana | 66% | 47% | >95% | 84% | 59% | >95% |
| Haiti | 50% | 44% | 58% | 51% | 45% | 58% |
| Honduras | 45% | 36% | 59% | 51% | 39% | 65% |
| Hungary | 34% | 27% | 43% | 38% | 30% | 48% |
| India | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30% | 38% |
| Indonesia | 24% | 16% | 35% | 24% | 17% | 35% |
| Iran | 6% | 5% | 7% | 7% | 1% | 4% |
| Jamaica | 53% | 43% | 66% | 57% | 46% | 69% |
| Kazakhstan | 27% | 23% | 31% | 30% | 26% | 35% |
| Kenya | 52% | 49% | 55% | 61% | 56% | 66% |
| Kyrgyzstan | 6% | 3% | 10% | 12% | 7% | 21% |
| Lao PDR | 48% | 31% | 77% | 51% | 33% | 73% |
| Latvia | 17% | 14% | 22% | 18% | 14% | 23% |
| Lebanon | 35% | 22% | 53% | 37% | 25% | 55% |
| Lesotho | 52% | 49% | 55% | 57% | 53% | 60% |
| Liberia | 19% | 16% | 23% | 27% | 23% | 32% |
| Lithuania | 29% | 23% | 37% | 27% | 21% | 34% |
| Madagascar | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| Malawi | ... | 43% | 49% | ... | 49% | 57% |
| Malaysia | 27% | 22% | 36% | 36% | 27% | 44% |
| Maldives | 22% | 19% | 27% | 14% | 11% | 17% |
| Mali | 43% | 37% | 50% | 46% | 39% | 56% |
| Mauritania | 21% | 14% | 33% | 22% | 14% | 33% |
| Mauritius | 28% | 22% | 36% | 16% | 14% | 18% |
| Mexico | 81% | 55% | >95% | 78% | 59% | >95% |
| Moldova | 25% | 21% | 30% | 25% | 21% | 30% |

Estimated coverage of antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2009 | | | 2010 | | |
|-----------------------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Mongolia | 11% | 5% | 14% | 26% | 19% | 39% |
| Morocco | 27% | 20% | 41% | 30% | 19% | 39% |
| Mozambique | 40% | 36% | 46% | 40% | 36% | 46% |
| Myanmar | 17% | 15% | 19% | 24% | 21% | 27% |
| Namibia | 78% | 66% | 92% | 90% | 78% | >95% |
| Nepal | 12% | 9% | 20% | 18% | 11% | 26% |
| Nicaragua | >95% | 41% | >95% | >95% | 45% | >95% |
| Niger | 26% | 24% | 29% | 29% | 26% | 33% |
| Nigeria | 24% | 22% | 26% | 26% | 24% | 28% |
| Oman | 52% | 42% | 68% | 44% | 33% | 54% |
| Pakistan | 8% | 5% | 17% | 9% | 4% | 13% |
| Panama | 32% | 22% | 52% | 36% | 22% | 54% |
| Papua New Guinea | 54% | 44% | 67% | 54% | 43% | 65% |
| Paraguay | 53% | 30% | 89% | 66% | 38% | >95% |
| Peru | 62% | 43% | 84% | 57% | 41% | 84% |
| Philippines | 39% | 19% | 53% | 51% | 38% | 83% |
| Poland | 32% | 24% | 42% | 34% | 25% | 44% |
| Romania | 69% | 62% | 79% | 69% | 60% | 77% |
| Russian Federation | ... | 22% | 32% | ... | 21% | 29% |
| Rwanda | 81% | 75% | 93% | 88% | 76% | >95% |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 32% | 24% | 43% | 34% | 25% | 46% |
| Senegal | 56% | 44% | 70% | 50% | 39% | 64% |
| Serbia | 33% | 24% | 42% | 34% | 26% | 45% |
| Sierra Leone | 23% | 19% | 26% | 31% | 27% | 38% |
| Slovakia | 75% | 58% | >95% | 81% | 63% | >95% |
| Somalia | 3% | 2% | 3% | 2% | 3% | 5% |
| South Africa | 42% | 40% | 44% | 55% | 52% | 58% |
| Sri Lanka | 23% | 17% | 30% | 25% | 19% | 34% |
| Sudan | 4% | 3% | 6% | 5% | 2% | 5% |
| Suriname | 39% | 27% | 59% | 45% | 69% | >95% |
| Swaziland | 63% | 59% | 67% | 72% | 67% | 76% |
| Tajikistan | 11% | 6% | 22% | 16% | 9% | 27% |
| Tanzania | 33% | 31% | 36% | 42% | 39% | 46% |
| Thailand | 61% | 48% | 75% | 67% | 55% | 85% |
| Togo | 38% | 34% | 43% | 50% | 44% | 56% |
| Tunisia | 11% | 5% | 33% | 10% | 3% | 24% |
| Turkey | 67% | 53% | 87% | 56% | 45% | 72% |

Estimated coverage of antiretroviral treatment

| Country | 2009 | | | 2010 | | |
|------------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Uganda | 42% | 40% | 45% | 47% | 43% | 51% |
| Ukraine | 9% | 8% | 12% | 13% | 11% | 16% |
| Uruguay | 58% | 37% | >95% | 71% | 32% | >95% |
| Uzbekistan | 22% | 12% | 40% | 28% | 16% | 47% |
| Venezuela | 53% | 44% | 62% | 57% | 47% | 69% |
| Vietnam | 44% | 37% | 53% | 52% | 43% | 61% |
| Zambia | 66% | 63% | 70% | 72% | 67% | 77% |
| Zimbabwe | 41% | 39% | 44% | 59% | 54% | 62% |

Table 3

Number of pregnant women living with HIV who received antiretroviral treatment for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| Afghanistan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ¹ |
| Albania | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Algeria | ... | ... | ... | 19 | 18 | 65 | 54 ³ |
| Angola | ... | 367 | 1 923 | 1 645 | 2 562 | 3 053 | 3 125 ² |
| Argentina | ... | 2 088 | 2 120 | 2 193 | 2 039 | 2 039 | 2 146 ² |
| Armenia | ... | ... | 5 | 6 | 6 | 13 | 17 ² |
| Azerbaijan | ... | ... | 1 | 6 | 12 | 11 | 17 ² |
| Bangladesh | ... | ... | 5 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 15 ² |
| Belarus | 119 | ... | 158 | 127 | 161 | 194 | 191 ¹ |
| Belize | ... | 38 | 57 | 55 | 65 | 63 | 53 ² |
| Benin | ... | 1 214 | 2 378 | 1 830 | 1 447 | 1 703 | 797 ¹ |
| Bhutan | ... | ... | 3 | ... | 19 | 19 | 5 ² |
| Bolivia | ... | ... | ... | 34 | 68 | 105 | 145 ² |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | ... ² |
| Botswana | 10 508 | 7 543 | 12 994 | 12 419 | 11 971 | 12 406 | 14 641 ² |
| Brazil | 7 233 | 6 771 | 6 510 | 6 188 | 5 897 | 5 988 | 6 160 ² |
| Bulgaria | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 9 | 9 ⁴ |
| Burkina Faso | 398 | 937 | 1 615 | 1 480 | 1 333 | 2 084 | 2 792 ² |
| Burundi | 374 | 524 | 1 112 | 1 102 | 1 488 | 1 837 | 2 617 ² |
| Cambodia | 159 | 228 | 312 | 505 | 777 | 798 | 670 ¹ |
| Cameroon | 4 200 | 3 592 | 7 588 | 7 516 | 10 315 | 9 092 | 15 720 ¹ |
| Cape Verde | ... | 12 | 43 | 51 | 56 | 61 | 61 ⁴ |
| Central African Republic | 243 | 803 | 1 943 | 3 714 | 1 924 | 2 157 | 2 013 ² |
| Chad | ... | 193 | 254 | 254 | 722 | 989 | 1 000 ² |
| Chile | ... | ... | ... | 117 | 116 | 121 | 155 ² |
| China | 118 | 135 | 650 | 593 | 977 | 1 554 | 1 873 ¹ |
| Colombia | ... | ... | 112 | 144 | 561 | 519 | 607 ¹ |
| Comoros | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 2 ² |
| Congo, Republic of the | 312 | 1 093 | 325 | 240 | 438 | 441 | 616 ² |
| Costa Rica | ... | ... | 21 | 21 | 31 | 31 | 25 ² |
| Côte d'Ivoire | ... | 2 543 | 2 773 | 3 240 | 9 296 | 11 064 | 11 561 ³ |
| Croatia | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 ² |
| Cuba | ... | ... | 34 | 41 | 48 | 50 | 66 ² |
| Democratic People's Republic of Korea | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ¹ |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 846 | 1 725 | 3 422 | 3 435 | 1 776 | 2 232 | 307 ¹ |
| Djibouti | 49 | 16 | 52 | 52 | 43 | 63 | 38 ² |
| Dominica | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 ² |
| Dominican Republic | 968 | 676 | 738 | 795 | 1 036 | 949 | 822 ¹ |

Number of pregnant women living with HIV who received antiretroviral treatment for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| Ecuador | ... | 223 | 213 | 268 | 277 | 477 | 509 ² |
| Egypt | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 3 | 11 | 7 ² |
| El Salvador | ... | 144 | 193 | 130 | 170 | 170 | 94 ¹ |
| Equatorial Guinea | ... | ... | 103 | 199 | 161 | 365 | 133 ⁵ |
| Eritrea | 61 | 88 | 75 | 168 | 424 | 464 | 42 ¹ |
| Ethiopia | 1 390 | 2 341 | 2 330 | 4 888 | 6 354 | 6 721 | 7 844 ² |
| Fiji | ... | ... | 5 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 14 ⁶ |
| Gabon | ... | 90 | 89 | 494 | 634 | 577 | 898 ¹ |
| Gambia The | ... | 87 | 103 | 133 | 321 | 885 | ... ¹ |
| Georgia | 7 | 15 | 15 | 22 | 22 | 12 | 33 ² |
| Ghana | 196 | 1 078 | 1 239 | 2 896 | 4 991 | 3 643 | 5 845 ² |
| Grenada | ... | ... | ... | 7 | 3 | 2 | 1 ² |
| Guatemala | 11 | 111 | 167 | 373 | 321 | 440 | 293 ² |
| Guinea | 146 | 77 | 486 | 679 | 779 | 783 | 1 074 ² |
| Guinea-Bissau | ... | ... | 195 | 349 | 305 | 383 | 936 ¹ |
| Guyana | 73 | 112 | 144 | 144 | 210 | 183 | 66 ¹ |
| Haiti | 620 | 800 | 991 | 1 107 | 2 500 | 2 960 | 2 096 ¹ |
| Honduras | ... | 198 | 200 | 220 | 176 | 255 | 320 ² |
| Hungary | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 ⁴ |
| India | 4 289 | 2 279 | 7 007 | 8 816 | 10 673 | 11 319 | ... ¹ |
| Indonesia | 15 | 4 | 40 | 89 | 165 | 196 | 468 ² |
| Iran | ... | ... | ... | 22 | 25 | 25 | 58 ⁷ |
| Iraq | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Jamaica | 323 | 300 | 371 | 292 | 515 | 379 | 338 ⁵ |
| Jordan | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 2 | ... | 3 ² |
| Kazakhstan | 37 | 47 | 80 | 126 | 174 | 193 | 149 ¹ |
| Kenya | 21 069 | 19 403 | 37 130 | 52 858 | 59 601 | 58 591 | 37 204 ¹ |
| Kiribati | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 ² |
| Kyrgyzstan | ... | ... | 9 | 3 | 15 | 58 | 64 ² |
| Lao PDR | 2 | 11 | ... | 24 | 20 | 24 | 27 ² |
| Latvia | ... | ... | ... | 37 | 36 | 56 | 45 ² |
| Lebanon | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Lesotho | 821 | 1 811 | 2 005 | 3 966 | 7 444 | 8 846 | 12 370 ² |
| Liberia | 3 | 130 | 76 | 224 | 480 | 377 | 588 ² |
| Libya | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Lithuania | 1 | ... | ... | 9 | 11 | 12 | 12 ⁴ |
| Madagascar | ... | 8 | 7 | 25 | 16 | 17 | 17 ² |
| Malawi | 2 719 | 5 076 | 9 231 | 23 158 | 33 838 | 33 156 | 17 729 ¹ |

Number of pregnant women living with HIV who received antiretroviral treatment for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| Malaysia | 141 | ... | 170 | 183 | 272 | 300 | 282 ² |
| Maldives | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Mali | 87 | 415 | 656 | 1 018 | 1 201 | 1 710 | 1 277 ² |
| Marshall Islands | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... ⁸ |
| Mauritania | ... | 10 | 12 | 45 | 45 | 68 | 72 ² |
| Mauritius | ... | ... | ... | 19 | 40 | 41 | 64 ² |
| Mexico | ... | ... | 146 | 146 | 138 | 124 | 124 ⁴ |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ¹ |
| Moldova | 31 | 32 | 73 | 73 | 129 | 109 | 123 ² |
| Mongolia | ... | ... | 1 | ... | ... | 1 | 1 ² |
| Montenegro | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | ... | ... ² |
| Morocco | ... | ... | ... | 42 | 60 | 90 | 124 ² |
| Mozambique | 3 117 | 8 490 | 12 150 | 44 975 | 46 848 | 68 248 | 52 222 ¹ |
| Myanmar | 274 | 629 | 993 | 1 280 | 1 377 | 2 398 | 2 500 ² |
| Namibia | 1 126 | 4 055 | 6 022 | 6 022 | 7 628 | 6 744 | 7 790 ¹ |
| Nauru | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Nepal | ... | ... | 35 | 36 | 33 | 56 | 53 ¹ |
| Nicaragua | ... | 29 | 26 | 43 | 53 | 91 | 90 ² |
| Niger | ... | 57 | 214 | 1 006 | 1 183 | 1 737 | 2 119 ² |
| Nigeria | 1 050 | 532 | 6 168 | 12 278 | 19 804 | 31 688 | 19 628 ¹ |
| Oman | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 9 | 25 ² |
| Pakistan | ... | ... | 8 | 5 | 11 | 25 | 23 ² |
| Palau | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Panama | ... | ... | ... | 71 | 153 | 118 | 118 ⁴ |
| Papua New Guinea | 46 | 46 | 31 | 84 | 234 | 263 | 225 ² |
| Paraguay | ... | 47 | 73 | 141 | 156 | 148 | 149 ² |
| Peru | 161 | 188 | 560 | 502 | 506 | 550 | 539 ² |
| Philippines | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 3 | 3 | 12 ² |
| Poland | ... | ... | 62 | 63 | 70 | 81 | 67 ² |
| Romania | 21 | ... | 75 | 68 | 109 | 152 | 191 ² |
| Russian Federation | 5 601 | 5 709 | 6 224 | 6 419 | 8 220 | 9 380 | 8 928 ¹ |
| Rwanda | 4 141 | 5 782 | 7 768 | 6 485 | 6 387 | 7 030 | 7 293 ¹ |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... ⁹ |
| Saint Lucia | ... | ... | ... | 11 | 9 | 6 | 6 ⁴ |
| Saint Vincent & the Grenadines | ... | ... | ... | ... | 21 | 14 | 10 ⁹ |
| Samoa | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 2 | 8 | 11 | 22 | 22 | 11 | 33 ² |
| Senegal | ... | 57 | ... | 264 | 533 | 917 | 917 ⁴ |

Number of pregnant women living with HIV who received antiretroviral treatment for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|---|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|
| Serbia | 5 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 ² |
| Seychelles | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 12 | 10 ² |
| Sierra Leone | 17 | 57 | 354 | 919 | 579 | 637 | 1 805 ² |
| Slovakia | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 2 | ... ² |
| Solomon Islands | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 1 | ... ² |
| Somalia | ... | ... | 5 | 11 | 6 | ... | 3 ¹ |
| South Africa | 32 541 | 75 077 | 111 357 | 127 164 | 163 400 | 188 200 | 250 072 ² |
| Sri Lanka | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 ² |
| Sudan | ... | ... | ... | 9 | 109 | 245 | 279 ¹⁰ |
| Suriname | 33 | ... | 35 | 35 | 83 | 83 | 84 ⁴ |
| Swaziland | 592 | 4 780 | 8 221 | 8 772 | 8 469 | 8 182 | 9 273 ² |
| Syria | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | ... ² |
| Tajikistan | ... | 4 | 4 | 9 | 21 | 25 | 59 ² |
| Tanzania | 1 800 | 6 202 | 14 758 | 42 595 | 70 944 | 58 833 | 58 161 ¹¹ |
| Thailand | 5 020 | 5 081 | 4 305 | 9 352 | 5 926 | 5 457 | 4 664 ¹² |
| The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Timor Leste | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 ² |
| Togo | 180 | 720 | 910 | 705 | 1 127 | 1 451 | 3 126 ² |
| Tonga | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Tunisia | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ... | 3 | 7 ² |
| Turkey | ... | ... | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | ... ² |
| Turkmenistan | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Tuvalu | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Uganda | 7 907 | 12 073 | 19 991 | 26 484 | 41 598 | 46 948 | 39 566 ¹³ |
| Ukraine | 2 817 | 2 168 | 2 517 | 3 046 | 3 568 | 3 645 | 4 564 ¹ |
| Uruguay | ... | ... | 53 | 53 | 70 | 70 | 72 ² |
| Uzbekistan | ... | ... | 22 | 95 | 251 | 304 | 180 ⁹ |
| Vanuatu | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... ² |
| Venezuela | ... | ... | 310 | 310 | 335 | 233 | 268 ² |
| Vietnam | ... | 368 | 1 385 | 744 | 1 354 | 1 372 | 1 319 ¹ |
| Yemen | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 3 | 13 | 17 ² |
| Zambia | 12 983 | 14 071 | 25 578 | 35 314 | 41 286 | 47 175 | 59 602 ¹ |
| Zimbabwe | 5 534 | 8 461 | 10 127 | 16 194 | 24 896 | 28 208 | 21 044 ¹ |

Footnotes

- 1 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 2 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 3 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; The data are underreported, incomplete or are not representative of the population. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 4 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Jan. 2009-Dec. 2009
- 5 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total; The data are underreported, incomplete or are not representative of the population. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 6 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Data were collected from CWM Hospital, Lautoka Hospital and Labasa Hospital. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 7 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Sep. 2009-Sep. 2010
- 8 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Oct. 2008-Sep. 2009
- 9 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jan. 2009-Dec. 2009
- 10 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total; Two separate reports were received from Sudan: Southern Sudan reported 559 in 2010; Northern Sudan reported 110 for the reporting period from January to December 2010, giving a total of 669. Adjusted value (see footnote above). Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 11 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total; The data may include double counting; Two separate reports were received from the United Republic of Tanzania: Tanzania Mainland reported 80 748 to December 2010; Zanzibar reported 310 for the reporting period from January to December 2010, giving a total of 81 058. Adjusted value (see footnote above). Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 12 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Oct. 2009-Sep. 2010
- 13 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jul. 2009-Jun. 2010

Table 4

Estimated coverage of pregnant women living with HIV who received effective antiretroviral regimens for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2010 | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Afghanistan | ... ¹ | 0% | 0% |
| Albania | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Algeria | ... ³ | 14% | 33% |
| Angola | 20% ² | 15% | 28% |
| Argentina | ... ² | >95% | >95% |
| Armenia | ... ² | 21% | >95% |
| Azerbaijan | ... ² | 22% | 46% |
| Bangladesh | ... ² | 8% | 20% |
| Belarus | ... ¹ | 86% | >95% |
| Belize | ... ² | 35% | 62% |
| Benin | 21% ¹ | 18% | 26% |
| Bhutan | ... ² | 17% | 42% |
| Bolivia | ... ² | 76% | >95% |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Botswana | >95% ² | >95% | >95% |
| Brazil | ... ² | 76% | >95% |
| Bulgaria | ... ⁴ | 12% | 35% |
| Burkina Faso | 35% ² | 28% | 42% |
| Burundi | 36% ² | 32% | 49% |
| Cambodia | ... ¹ | 17% | 40% |
| Cameroon | 53% ¹ | 43% | 65% |
| Cape Verde | ... ⁴ | 54% | >95% |
| Central African Republic | 24% ² | 19% | 29% |
| Chad | 7% ² | 5% | 9% |
| Chile | ... ² | 38% | >95% |
| China | ... ¹ | 21% | 48% |
| Colombia | ... ¹ | 32% | 80% |
| Comoros | ... ² | 67% | >95% |
| Congo, Republic of the | 16% ² | 14% | 20% |
| Costa Rica | ... ² | 12% | 24% |
| Cote d'Ivoire | 66% ³ | 54% | 79% |
| Croatia | ... ² | 15% | 40% |
| Cuba | ... ² | 93% | >95% |
| Democratic People's Republic of Korea | ... ¹ | ... | ... |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 1% ¹ | <1% | 1% |
| Djibouti | 6% ² | 4% | 9% |
| Dominica | ... ² | ... | ... |

Estimated coverage of pregnant women living with HIV who received effective antiretroviral regimens for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2010 | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Dominican Republic | ... ¹ | 43% | 91% |
| Ecuador | ... ² | 83% | >95% |
| Egypt | ... ² | 1% | 10% |
| El Salvador | ... ¹ | 7% | 47% |
| Equatorial Guinea | 6% ⁵ | 4% | 9% |
| Eritrea | 3% ¹ | 1% | 7% |
| Ethiopia | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Fiji | ... ⁶ | 78% | >95% |
| Gabon | 49% ¹ | 34% | 72% |
| Gambia The | ... ¹ | 0% | 0% |
| Georgia | ... ² | 49% | >95% |
| Ghana | 48% ² | 40% | 57% |
| Grenada | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Guatemala | ... ² | 6% | 87% |
| Guinea | 23% ² | 17% | 30% |
| Guinea-Bissau | 30% ¹ | 25% | 38% |
| Guyana | ... ¹ | 40% | >95% |
| Haiti | 40% ¹ | 34% | 49% |
| Honduras | ... ² | 54% | >95% |
| Hungary | ... ⁴ | 13% | 33% |
| India | ... ⁷ | ... ⁷ | ... ⁷ |
| Indonesia | ... ² | 5% | 15% |
| Iran | ... ⁸ | 13% | 23% |
| Iraq | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Jamaica | ... ⁵ | 40% | 88% |
| Jordan | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Kazakhstan | ... ¹ | 86% | >95% |
| Kenya | 43% ¹ | 37% | 49% |
| Kiribati | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Kyrgyzstan | ... ² | 10% | 36% |
| Lao PDR | ... ² | 7% | 15% |
| Latvia | ... ² | 45% | 92% |
| Lebanon | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Lesotho | 89% ² | 77% | >95% |
| Liberia | 38% ² | 29% | 53% |
| Libya | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Lithuania | ... ⁴ | 86% | >95% |

Estimated coverage of pregnant women living with HIV who received effective antiretroviral regimens for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2010 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Madagascar | ... ² | <1% | 1% |
| Malawi | ... ¹ | 23% | 31% |
| Malaysia | ... ² | 29% | 53% |
| Maldives | ... ² | 0% | 0% |
| Mali | ... ² | 17% | 34% |
| Marshall Islands | ... ⁹ | ... | ... |
| Mauritania | ... ² | 4% | 13% |
| Mauritius | ... ² | 77% | >95% |
| Mexico | ... ⁴ | 9% | 31% |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | ... ¹ | ... | ... |
| Moldova | ... ² | 53% | 87% |
| Mongolia | ... ² | 7% | 17% |
| Montenegro | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Morocco | ... ² | 15% | 39% |
| Mozambique | 52% ¹ | 44% | 62% |
| Myanmar | ... ² | 49% | >95% |
| Namibia | >95% ¹ | 79% | >95% |
| Nauru | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Nepal | ... ¹ | 4% | 14% |
| Nicaragua | ... ² | 29% | >95% |
| Niger | ... ² | 42% | 62% |
| Nigeria | 9% ¹ | 7% | 10% |
| Oman | ... ² | 49% | >95% |
| Pakistan | ... ² | 1% | 2% |
| Palau | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Panama | ... ⁴ | 20% | 80% |
| Papua New Guinea | 16% ² | 13% | 22% |
| Paraguay | ... ² | 25% | >95% |
| Peru | ... ² | 20% | >95% |
| Philippines | ... ² | 3% | 8% |
| Poland | ... ² | 23% | 48% |
| Romania | ... ² | >95% | >95% |
| Russian Federation | ... ¹ | 57% | 84% |
| Rwanda | 60% ¹ | 50% | 75% |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | ... ¹⁰ | ... | ... |
| Saint Lucia | ... ⁴ | ... | ... |
| Saint Vincent & the Grenadines | ... ¹⁰ | ... | ... |

Estimated coverage of pregnant women living with HIV who received effective antiretroviral regimens for preventing new HIV infection among children

| Country | 2010 | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | estimate | low estimate | high estimate |
| Samoa | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Sao Tome and Principe | ... ² | 69% | >95% |
| Senegal | ... ⁴ | 20% | 42% |
| Serbia | ... ² | 2% | 7% |
| Seychelles | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Sierra Leone | 62% ² | 51% | 77% |
| Slovakia | ... ² | 0% | 0% |
| Solomon Islands | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Somalia | ... ¹ | <1% | ... |
| South Africa | >95% ² | 85% | >95% |
| Sri Lanka | ... ² | 3% | 6% |
| Sudan | 2% ¹¹ | 1% | 4% |
| Suriname | ... ⁴ | 19% | >95% |
| Swaziland | >95% ² | 88% | >95% |
| Syria | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Tajikistan | ... ² | 7% | 38% |
| Tanzania | 59% ¹² | 52% | 68% |
| Thailand | ... ¹³ | 59% | >95% |
| The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Timor Leste | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Togo | 51% ² | 43% | 60% |
| Tonga | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Tunisia | ... ² | 1% | 11% |
| Turkey | ... ² | 0% | 0% |
| Turkmenistan | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Tuvalu | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Uganda | 42% ¹⁴ | 36% | 51% |
| Ukraine | ... ¹ | >95% | >95% |
| Uruguay | ... ² | 23% | >95% |
| Uzbekistan | ... ¹⁰ | 9% | >95% |
| Vanuatu | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Venezuela | ... ² | 6% | 12% |
| Vietnam | ... ¹ | 26% | 46% |
| Yemen | ... ² | ... | ... |
| Zambia | 75% ¹ | 67% | 85% |
| Zimbabwe | 46% ¹ | 40% | 52% |

Footnotes

- 1 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 2 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
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- 5 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total; The data are underreported, incomplete or are not representative of the population. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 6 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Data were collected from CWM Hospital, Lautoka Hospital and Labasa Hospital. Reporting Period: Jan. 2010-Dec. 2010
- 7 In 2010, India was still providing single-dose nevirapine but the country is currently updating its national guidelines.
- 8 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Sep. 2009-Sep. 2010
- 9 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Oct. 2008-Sep. 2009
- 10 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jan. 2009-Dec. 2009
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- 13 Excluding single-dose nevirapine; Reporting Period: Oct. 2009-Sep. 2010
- 14 As only the most effective regimens as recommended by WHO are reported here, the value for single-dose nevirapine value has been excluded from the total. In case the country also reported a number of women receiving an unspecified antiretroviral medicine, this has proportionally increased the value for single-dose nevirapine deducted from the reported total. Reporting Period: Jul. 09-Jun. 10

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UNITED NATIONS PARTNERSHIP THAT LEADS AND INSPIRES THE WORLD IN ACHIEVING
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