

Thailand

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019

Summary of Key Indicators

June 2020



NSO
National Statistical Office



UNICEF
United Nations Children's Fund



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PREFACE

The Global Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) Programme was developed by UNICEF as an international multi-purpose household survey programme to support countries in collecting internationally comparable data on a wide range of indicators on the situation of children and women.

The National Statistical Office of Thailand (NSO) conducted its first MICS, which was part of MICS3 programme, in 2005-06. The current MICS is the fourth round under MICS6 programme. The survey provides one of the most important sources of alternative information to help monitor the progress of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

The objective of publishing this report is to facilitate the timely and succinct dissemination of key indicators from the Thailand MICS6. The main report, in turn, will contain detailed information on all survey findings by various demographic and socio-economic characteristics.

NSO would like to express our sincere gratitude to our partners especially UNICEF Thailand country office for their continuous support to complete Thailand MICS6 within stipulated time. We hope that the information from this report will be useful to various agencies, both public and private institutions and the general public.

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SUMMARY TABLE OF SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION AND THE SURVEY POPULATION

Survey sample and implementation			
Sample frame <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Updated 	2019 Household's Basic Information Survey (HBIS) October-December 2018	Questionnaires	Household Women (age 15-49) Men (age 15-49) Children under five Children age 5-14
Interviewer training	1 st batch: 7-16 May 2019 2 nd batch: 10-19 June 2019	Fieldwork	May-November 2019
Survey sample			
Households <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Sampled ○ Occupied ○ Interviewed ○ Response rate (Per cent) 	40,660 37,351 35,604 95.3	Children under five <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Eligible ○ Mothers/caretakers interviewed ○ Response rate (Per cent) 	13,881 13,689 98.6
Women (age 15-49) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Eligible for interviews ○ Interviewed ○ Response rate (Per cent) 	26,002 25,087 96.5	Children age 5-14 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Eligible ○ Mothers/caretakers interviewed ○ Response rate (Per cent) 	13,195 12,981 98.4
Men (age 15-49) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Eligible for interviews ○ Interviewed ○ Response rate (Per cent) 	11,700 11,023 94.2		
Survey population			
Average household size Percentage of population under: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Age 5 ○ Age 18 Percentage of women age 15-49 years with at least one live birth in the last 2 years	2.8 4.8 20.9 7.3	Percentage of population living in <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Urban areas ○ Rural areas ○ Bangkok ○ Central ○ North ○ Northeast ○ South 	48.3 51.7 15.6 28.3 17.7 25.7 12.8



MICS6 Indicators and definitions

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
SAMPLE COVERAGE AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE RESPONDENTS					
SR.1	Access to electricity	7.1.1	HC	Percentage of household members with access to electricity	99.9
SR.2	Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)		WB	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who are able to read a short simple statement about everyday life or who attended secondary or higher education	97.8
				Women	97.3
SR.4	Households with a radio		HC	Percentage of households that have a radio	27.7
SR.5	Households with a television		HC	Percentage of households that have a television	94.0
SR.6	Households with a telephone		HC	Percentage of households that have a telephone (fixed line or mobile phone)	95.5
SR.7	Households with a computer		HC	Percentage of households that have a computer	25.7
SR.8	Households with internet		HC	Percentage of households that have access to the internet by any device from home	59.0
SR.18	Children's living arrangements		HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years living with neither biological parent	23.5
SR.S1	Grandparent as a primary caregiver		HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years not living with mother whose primary caregiver is grandparent	72.8
SR.19	Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead		HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with one or both biological parents dead	3.2
SR.20	Children with at least one parent living abroad		HL	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with at least one biological parent living abroad	2.3

¹ Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Indicators, <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/indicators-list>. The Inter-agency Working Group on SDG Indicators is continuously updating the metadata of many SDG indicators and changes are being made to the list of SDG indicators. MICS covers many SDG indicators with an exact match of their definitions, while some indicators are only partially covered by MICS. The latter cases are included here as long as the current international methodology allows for only the way that the MICS indicator is defined, and/or a significant part of the SDG indicator can be generated by the MICS indicator. For more information on the metadata of the SDG indicators, see <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/>

² Some indicators are constructed by using questions in several modules in the MICS questionnaires. In such cases, only the module(s) which contains most of the necessary information is indicated.

³ All MICS indicators are or can be disaggregated, where relevant, by wealth quintiles, sex, age, language, migratory status and geographic location (as per the reporting domains), or other characteristics, as recommended by the Inter-agency Expert Group on SDG Indicators: <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/Official%20List%20of%20Proposed%20SDG%20Indicators.pdf>

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
THRIVE - REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERNAL HEALTH					
TM.1	Adolescent birth rate	3.7.2	CM	Age-specific fertility rate for women age 15-19 years	23
TM.S1a TM.S1b	Stillbirth and miscarriage		CM	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who had no live birth but had been pregnant who reported the result of the most recent pregnancy as	5.8 93.7
				(a) stillbirth (b) miscarriage	
TM.2	Early childbearing		CM	Percentage of women age 20-24 years who have had a live birth before age 18	9.1
TM.3	Contraceptive prevalence rate		CP	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a (modern or traditional) contraceptive method	73.0
TM.S2	Source of modern contraceptive		CP	Percentage of women age 15-49 years who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive received from a public medical facility.	53.7
TM.4	Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	UN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern contraceptive methods	88.0
TM.S3a TM.S3b TM.S3c TM.S3d	Cause of failure to prevent pregnancy		DB	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who did not wish to have last child and reported main cause of failure to prevent pregnancy	92.5 0.4 0.5 0.2
				(a) personal	
				(b) force	
				(c) economic (d) services	
TM.5a TM.5b TM.5c	Antenatal care coverage	3.8.1	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were attended	98.6 90.0 66.1
				(a) at least once by skilled health personnel	
				(b) at least four times by any provider (c) at least eight times by any provider	
TM.6	Content of antenatal care		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, at least once, had blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples as part of antenatal care	97.4
TM.S4	Screening test for thalassemia			Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth tested for thalassemia	93.0

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TM.7	Neonatal tetanus protection		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were given at least two doses of tetanus toxoid containing vaccine or had received the appropriate number of doses with appropriate interval prior to the most recent birth	77.0
TM.8	Institutional deliveries		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility	99.0
TM.9	Skilled attendant at delivery	3.1.2	MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was attended by skilled health personnel	99.1
TM.10	Caesarean section		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered by caesarean section	34.5
TM.S5	Repeated caesarean section		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with more than one live birth and had a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered by caesarean section who also reported caesarean section in the past.	64.5
TM.11	Children weighed at birth		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was weighed at birth	98.5
TM.S6	Low birth weight		AN	Percentage of weighed children under age 5 recorded below 2,500 grams	9.5
TM.14	Newborns dried		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was dried after birth	81.9
TM.15	Skin-to-skin care		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was placed on the mother's bare chest after birth	7.7
TM.16	Delayed bathing		MN	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was first bathed more than 24 hours after birth	28.3
TM.29	Knowledge about HIV prevention among young people		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who correctly identify ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV ⁴ , and who reject major misconceptions about HIV transmission Women Men	51.0 48.9
TM.S7	Sexuality education in school		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who received sexuality education in school Women Men	88.2 84.3

⁴Using condoms and limiting sex to one faithful, uninfected partner

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TM.S8	Sexuality education in primary level		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who received sexuality education in primary level Women Men	15.7 20.3
TM.S9	Sources of sexuality information other than school		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who studied sexuality education in school and received sexuality information from sources other than school Women Men	96.9 97.0
TM.30	Knowledge of mother-to-child transmission of HIV		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who correctly identify all three means ⁵ of mother-to-child transmission of HIV Women Men	63.8 55.3
TM.31	Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 who have heard of HIV reporting discriminatory attitudes ⁶ toward people living with HIV Women Men	27.7 24.4
TM.32	People who know where to be tested for HIV		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state knowledge of a place to be tested for HIV Women Men	81.3 75.1
TM.33	People who have been tested for HIV and know the results		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results Women Men	6.4 4.3
TM.34	Young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results		HA	Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and who know their results Women Men	5.3 3.2

⁵ Transmission during pregnancy, during delivery, and by breastfeeding

⁶ Respondents who answered no to either of the following two questions: 1) Would you buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person had HIV? 2) Do you think children living with HIV should be able to attend school with children who are HIV negative?

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TM.35a TM.35b	HIV counselling during antenatal care		HA	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit received (a) counselling on HIV (b) information or counselling on HIV after receiving the HIV test results	67.2 57.6
TM.36	HIV testing during antenatal care		HA	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit were offered and accepted an HIV test and received test results	74.0
TM.S10	HIV testing during antenatal care (Husband)		HA	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit whose husband was tested for HIV.	65.8

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
THRIVE - CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION AND DEVELOPMENT					
TC.1	Tuberculosis immunization coverage		IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received BCG containing vaccine at any time before the survey	98.8
TC.S1	Polio immunization coverage		IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) vaccines at any time before the survey	87.8
TC.3	Diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis (DTP) immunization coverage	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of DTP containing vaccine (DTP3) at any time before the survey	89.9
TC.4	Hepatitis B immunization coverage		IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of Hepatitis B containing vaccine (HepB3) at any time before the survey	89.0
TC.8	Rubella immunization coverage		IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received rubella containing vaccine at any time before the survey	93.7
TC.10	Measles immunization coverage	3.b.1	IM	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the first measles containing vaccine at any time before the survey	93.7
TC.S2	Encephalitis immunization coverage		IM	Percentage of children age 24-35 months who received the second encephalitis containing vaccine at any time before the survey	95.7
TC.11a TC.11b	Full immunization coverage ⁷		IM	Percentage of children who at age a) 12-23 months had received all basic vaccinations at any time before the survey b) 24-35 months had received all vaccinations recommended in the national immunization schedule	82.4 64.1
TC.15	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking		EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking (living in households that reported cooking)	83.9
TC.17	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting		EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting (living in households that reported the use of lighting)	99.4

⁷ Basic vaccinations include: BCG, 3 doses of polio, 3 doses of DTP, 4 doses of HepB (including HepB at birth) and 1 dose of measles vaccination. All vaccinations include BCG, 4 doses of polio, 4 doses of DTP, 4 doses of HepB (including HepB at birth), 1 dose of measles vaccination and 1 dose of Encephalitis as per the vaccination schedule in Thailand.

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TC.18	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, and lighting	7.1.2	EU	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking and lighting ⁸	84.3
TC.30	Children ever breastfed		MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were ever breastfed	96.8
TC.31	Early initiation of breastfeeding		MN	Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were put to the breast within one hour of birth	34.0
TC.32	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months		BD	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who are exclusively breastfed ⁹	14.0
TC.33	Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months		BD	Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who received breast milk as the predominant source of nourishment ¹⁰ during the previous day	40.7
TC.34	Continued breastfeeding at 1 year		BD	Percentage of children age 12-15 months who received breast milk during the previous day	24.6
TC.35	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years		BD	Percentage of children age 20-23 months who received breast milk during the previous day	15.0
TC.S3	Breastfeeding frequency		BD	Percentage of currently breastfed children age 0-5 months who are breastfed at least 8 times during the previous day	60.2
TC.36	Duration of breastfeeding		BD	The age in months when 50 percent of children age 0-35 months did not receive breast milk during the previous day	8.3
TC.37	Age-appropriate breastfeeding		BD	Percentage of children age 0-23 months appropriately fed ¹¹ during the previous day	24.1
TC.38	Introduction of solid, semi-solid or soft foods		BD	Percentage of infants age 6-8 months who received solid, semi-solid or soft foods during the previous day	91.7

⁸ Household members living in households that report no cooking, or no lighting are not excluded from the numerator

⁹ Infants receiving breast milk, and not receiving any other fluids or foods, with the exception of oral rehydration solution, vitamins, mineral supplements and medicines

¹⁰ Infants who receive breast milk and certain fluids (water and water-based drinks, fruit juice, ritual fluids, oral rehydration solution, drops, vitamins, minerals, and medicines), but do not receive anything else (in particular, non-human milk and food-based fluids)

¹¹ Infants age 0-5 months who are exclusively breastfed, and children age 6-23 months who are breastfed and ate solid, semi-solid or soft foods

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TC.39a TC.39b	Minimum acceptable diet		BD	Percentage of children age 6–23 months who had at least the minimum dietary diversity and the minimum meal frequency during the previous day (a) breastfed children (b) non-breastfed children	52.9 71.7
TC.40	Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children		BD	Percentage of non-breastfed children age 6-23 months who received at least 2 milk feedings during the previous day	94.7
TC.41	Minimum dietary diversity		BD	Percentage of children age 6–23 months who received foods from 5 or more food groups ¹² during the previous day	74.5
TC.42	Minimum meal frequency		BD	Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received solid, semi-solid and soft foods (plus milk feeds for non-breastfed children) the minimum number of times ¹³ or more during the previous day	87.1
TC.43	Bottle feeding		BD	Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle during the previous day	80.7
TC.44a TC.44b	Underweight prevalence		AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for age of the WHO standard	7.7 1.6
TC.45a TC.45b	Stunting prevalence	2.2.1	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median height for age of the WHO standard	13.3 4.3
TC.46a TC.46b	Wasting prevalence	2.2.2	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who fall below (a) minus two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) minus three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	7.7 2.7
TC.47a TC.47b	Overweight prevalence	2.2.2	AN	Percentage of children under age 5 who are above (a) two standard deviations (moderate and severe) (b) three standard deviations (severe) of the median weight for height of the WHO standard	9.2 3.5
TC.48	Iodized salt consumption		SA	Percentage of households with salt testing positive for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested or where there was no salt	84.6
TC.S4	Minimum iodized salt consumption		SA	Percentage of households with salt testing 15 parts per million (PPM) or more for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested or where there was no salt	70.3

¹² The indicator is based on consumption of any amount of food from at least 5 out of the 8 following food groups: 1) breastmilk, 2) grains, roots and tubers, 3) legumes and nuts, 4) dairy products (milk, infant formula, yogurt, cheese), 5) flesh foods (meat, fish, poultry and liver/organ meats), 6) eggs, 7) vitamin-A rich fruits and vegetables, and 8) other fruits and vegetables

¹³ Breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, two times for infants age 6-8 months, and three times for children 9-23 months; Non-breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, or milk feeds, four times for children age 6-23 months.

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
TC.S5	Minimum iodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)		SA	Percentage of households with salt testing 15 parts per million (PPM) or more for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested	78.5
TC.S6	Iodized salt consumption (Households in which salt was tested)		SA	Percentage of households with salt testing positive for any iodate/iodide among households in which salt was tested	94.4
TC.49a TC.49b TC.49c	Early stimulation and responsive care		EC	Percentage of children age 24-59 months engaged in four or more activities to provide early stimulation and responsive care in the last 3 days with (a) Any adult household member (b) Father (c) Mother	92.3 33.9 62.2
TC.50	Availability of children's books		EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who have three or more children's books	33.9
TC.51	Availability of playthings		EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with two or more types of playthings	79.8
TC.S7	Availability of electronic device as playthings		EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with electronic devices	52.8
TC.S8	Playtime with electronic devices		EC	Percentage of children under age 5 who play with electronic devices on average for three hours or more per day	8.3
TC.52	Inadequate supervision		EC	Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week	4.5
TC.53	Early child development index	4.2.1	EC	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning	92.9

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
LEARN					
LN.1	Attendance to early childhood education		UB	Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an early childhood education programme	86.3
LN.2	Participation rate in organised learning (adjusted)	4.2.2	ED	Percentage of children in the relevant age group (one year before the official primary school entry age) who are attending an early childhood education programme or primary school	98.5
LN.3	School readiness		ED	Percentage of children attending the first grade of primary school who attended early childhood education programme during the previous school year	98.5
LN.4	Net intake rate in primary education		ED	Percentage of children of school-entry age who enter the first grade of primary school	78.4
LN.5a LN.5b LN.5c	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)		ED	Percentage of children of (a) primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school (b) lower secondary school age currently attending lower secondary school or higher (c) upper secondary school age currently attending upper secondary school or higher	95.5 86.5 69.5
LN.6a LN.6b LN.6c	Out-of-school rate		ED	Percentage of children of (a) primary school age who are not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary school (b) lower secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher (c) upper secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	1.0 3.4 17.7
LN.7a LN.7b	Gross intake rate to the last grade		ED	Percentage of children of completion age (age appropriate to final grade) attending the last grade (excluding repeaters) (a) Primary school (b) Lower secondary school	92.1 100.5
LN.8a LN.8b LN.8c	Completion rate	4.1.2	ED	Percentage of children age 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade who have completed that grade (a) Primary school (b) Lower secondary school (c) Upper secondary school	98.6 86.2 65.2
LN.9	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school		ED	Percentage of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year who are not repeating the last grade of primary school and in the first grade of lower secondary school during the current school year	96.6

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
LN.10a LN.10b	Over-age for grade		ED	Percentage of students attending in each grade who are 2 or more years older than the official school age for grade (a) Primary school (b) Lower secondary school	0.3 3.7
LN.11a LN.11b LN.11c	Education Parity Indices (a) Gender (b) Wealth (c) Area	4.5.1	ED	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys (a) primary school (b) lower secondary school (c) upper secondary school Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for the poorest quintile divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for the richest quintile (a) primary school (b) lower secondary school (c) upper secondary school Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for rural residents divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for urban residents (a) primary school (b) lower secondary school (c) upper secondary school	1.00 1.08 1.24 0.98 0.93 0.60 1.00 1.01 0.96
LN.12	Availability of information on children's school performance		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools who provided student report cards to parents	95.3
LN.13	Opportunity to participate in school management		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools whose school governing body is open to parental participation, as reported by respondents	80.3
LN.14	Participation in school management		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member participated in school governing body meetings	76.1
LN.15	Effective participation in school management		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member attended a school governing body meeting in which key education/financial issues were discussed	67.0
LN.16	Discussion with teachers regarding children's progress		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member discussed child's progress with teachers	67.7
LN.S1	Discussion with teachers regarding children's behaviour		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member discussed child's behaviour with teachers	63.5

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
LN.17	Contact with school concerning teacher strike or absence		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who could not attend class due to teacher strike or absence and for whom an adult household member contacted school representatives when child could not attend class	22.6
LN.18	Availability of books at home		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years who have three or more books to read at home	44.5
LN.19	Reading habit at home		FL	Percentage of children age 7-14 years who read books or are read to at home	94.3
LN.20	School and home languages		FL	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school whose home language is used at school	96.0
LN.21	Support with homework		PR	Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who have homework and received help with homework	79.0
LN.22a LN.22b LN.22c LN.22d LN.22e LN.22f	Children with foundational reading and number skills	4.1.1	FL	Percentage of children who successfully completed three foundational reading tasks	
(a) Age 7-14				72.8	
(b) Age for grade 2/3				51.8	
(c) Attending grade 2/3				57.1	
Percentage of children who successfully completed four foundational number tasks					
(d) Age 7-14				68.5	
(e) Age for grade 2/3	46.7				
(f) Attending grade 2/3	51.2				

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
PROTECTED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXPLOITATION					
PR.1	Birth registration	16.9.1	BR	Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are reported registered with a civil authority	99.8
PR.2	Violent discipline	16.2.1	UCD – FCD	Percentage of children age 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past one month	57.6
PR.4a PR.4b	Child marriage	5.3.1	MA	Percentage of women and men age 20-24 years who were first married or in union Women (a) before age 15 (b) before age 18 Men (a) before age 15 (b) before age 18	3.0 20.2 2.5 9.8
PR.5	Young people age 15-19 years currently married or in union		MA	Percentage of women and men age 15-19 years who are married or in union Women Men	9.6 4.2
PR.6	Polygyny		MA	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who are in a polygynous union Women Men	2.3 0.5
PR.7a PR.7b	Spousal age difference		MA	Percentage of women who are married or in union and whose spouse is 10 or more years older, (a) among women age 15-19 years, (b) among women age 20-24 years	5.2 12.8
PR.12	Experience of robbery and assault		VT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who experienced physical violence of robbery or assault within the last 12 months Women Men	0.3 0.2
PR.14	Safety	16.1.4	VT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years feeling safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark Women Men	75.9 89.6

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
PR.15	Attitudes towards domestic violence		DV	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state that a husband is justified in hitting or beating his wife in at least one of the following circumstances: (1) she goes out without telling him, (2) she neglects the children, (3) she argues with him, (4) she refuses sex with him, (5) she burns the food Women Men	7.2 8.4

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
LIVE IN A SAFE AND CLEAN ENVIRONMENT					
WS.1	Use of improved drinking water sources		WS	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water	99.5
WS.2	Use of basic drinking water services	1.4.1	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water either in their dwelling/yard/plot or within 30 minutes round trip collection time	99.5
WS.3	Availability of drinking water		WS	Percentage of household members with a water source that is available when needed	99.4
WS.7	Handwashing facility with water and soap	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	HW	Percentage of household members with a handwashing facility where water and soap or detergent are present	89.0
WS.8	Use of improved sanitation facilities	3.8.1	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities	99.6
WS.9	Use of basic sanitation services	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	WS	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities which are not shared	97.1
WS.10	Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities	6.2.1	WS	Percentage of household members in households with improved on-site sanitation facilities from which waste has never been emptied and buried in a covered pit	42.4
WS.11	Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	6.2.1	WS	Percentage of household members using an improved on-site sanitation facility from which a service provider has removed waste for treatment off-site	47.5

MICS INDICATOR		SDG ¹	Module ²	Definition ³	Value
EQUITABLE CHANCE IN LIFE					
EQ.2a EQ.2b EQ.2c	Health insurance coverage		WB CB UB	Percentage of women, men and children covered by health insurance a) women age 15-49 men age 15-49 b) children age 5-14 c) children under age 5	97.7 97.5 98.9 98.0
EQ.3	Population covered by social transfers	1.3.1	ST – ED	Percentage of household members living in households that received any type of social transfers and benefits in the last 3 months	69.0
EQ.4	External economic support to the poorest households		ST – ED	Percentage of households in the two lowest wealth quintiles that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months	62.7
EQ.5	Children in the households that received any type of social transfers		ST – ED	Percentage of children under age 18 living in the households that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months	84.8
EQ.6	School-related support		ED	Percentage of children and young people age 5-24 years currently attending school that received any type of school-related support in the current/most recent academic year	78.1
EQ.7	Discrimination	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	VT	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law Women Men	11.3 12.2