

Tuberculosis Country Profile 2021 Japan

Source: Global tuberculosis report 2021. Geneva: World Health Organization Disclaimer: Tuberculosis country profiles are generated automatically based on data reported by countries and which are held in WHO's global TB database.

Tuberculosis profile: Japan

Population 2020: 126 million

Estimates of TB burden*, 2020

| | Number | (Rate per 100 000 population) |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total TB incidence | 15 000 (13 000-17 000) | 12 (9.9-13) |
| HIV-positive TB incidence | 77 (27-150) | 0.06 (0.02-0.12) |
| HIV-negative TB mortality | 3 500 (3 300-3 700) | 2.8 (2.6-2.9) |
| HIV-positive TB mortality | 14 (4-29) | 0.01 (0-0.02) |

Universal health coverage and social protection*

| | TB treatment coverage (notified/estimated incidence), 2020 | 87% (75-100) |
|---|--|--------------|
| TB patients facing catastrophic total costs | TB patients facing catastrophic total costs | |

TB case fatality ratio (estimated mortality/estimated incidence), 2020 24% (20-28)

TB case notifications, 2020

| Total new and relapse | 12 739 |
|--|--------|
| - % tested with rapid diagnostics at time of diagnosis | |
| - % with known HIV status | 6.9% |
| - % pulmonary | 74% |
| - % bacteriologically confirmed * | 87% |
| - % children aged 0-14 years | <1% |
| - % women (aged ≥15 years) | 41% |
| - % men (aged ≥15 years) | 59% |
| Total cases notified | 12 739 |

TB/HIV care in new and relapse TB patients, 2020

| | Number | (%) |
|---|--------|------|
| Patients with known HIV status who are HIV-positive | 31 | 3.5% |
| - on antiretroviral therapy | | |

Drug-resistant TB care**, 2020

| % of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases tested for rifampicin resistance - New cases ^ | 64% |
|--|-----|
| $\%$ of bacteriologically confirmed TB cases tested for rifampicin resistance - Previously treated cases ^ | 58% |
| Laboratory-confirmed cases - MDR/RR-TB ^^ | 65 |
| Patients started on treatment - MDR/RR-TB *** | 49 |
| Laboratory-confirmed cases - pre-XDR-TB or XDR-TB ^^ | |
| Patients started on treatment - pre-XDR-TB or XDR-TB ^^^ | |
| MDR/RR-TB cases tested for resistance to any fluoroquinolone | |

Treatment success rate and cohort size

| | Success | Cohort |
|---|---------|--------|
| New and relapse cases registered in 2019 | 66% | 14 422 |
| Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2019 | | |
| HIV-positive TB cases registered in 2019 | 62% | 29 |
| MDR/RR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2018 | 67% | 66 |
| | | |

XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2018

TB preventive treatment, 2020

| % of HIV-positive people (newly enrolled in care) on preventive treatment | |
|--|-------------|
| % of children (aged < 5 years) household contacts of bacteriologically-confirmed TB cases on preventive treatment | 56% (41-86) |

TB financing

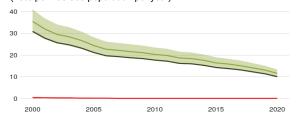
| National | TB budget, | 2021 | (USS | millions) |
|----------|------------|------|------|-----------|

* Estimates of TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
** RR is TB resistant to rifampicin (R); MDR is TB resistant to R + isoniazid; pre-XDR is TB resistant to R + any fluoroquinolone
^ Calculated for pulmonary cases only
^* Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history
^* Includes patients diagnosed before 2020 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

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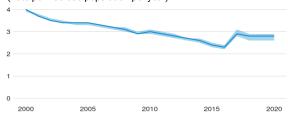
Generated 2021-10-18 by the World Health Organization (https://www.who.int/teams/global-tuberculosis-programme/data)

Incidence, New and relapse TB cases notified, HIV-positive TB incidence (Rate per 100 000 population per year)

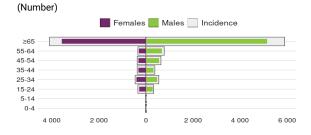


HIV-negative TB mortality

(Rate per 100 000 population per year)



Incidence, Notified cases by age group and sex, 2020



Cases attributable to five risk factors, 2020 (Number)

