A N N E X

Country profiles

FOR 22 HIGH-BURDEN COUNTRIES

Afghanistan Population 2014 32 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	14 (10—18)	44 (32–57)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	0.087 (0.072–0.1)	0.28 (0.23–0.33)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	110 (56–180)	340 (178–555)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	60 (53–67)	189 (167–212)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	0.32 (0.25–0.4)	1 (0.8–1.3)
Case detection, all forms (%)	53 (47–60)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	3.2 (2.3–4.1)	17 (11–23)	
MDR-TB cases among notified			
pulmonary TB cases	750 (540–960)	360 (240–490)	

TB case notifications 2014

NEW ^b	RELAPSE
14 737	1 209
8 573	
7 2 2 7	
31 746	
966	
32 712	
	14737 8573 7227 31746 966

Among 30 537 new cases:

4 454 (15%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 0.7

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	2 (<1%)	184 (8%)	186
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			88
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			88

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	10 4 4 3	(32)
HIV-positive TB patients	4	(<1)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)		
HIV-positive people screened for TB	142	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	7	

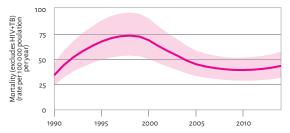
Treatment success rate and cohort size

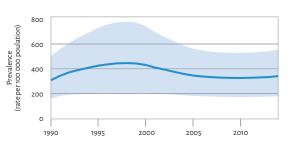
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(88)	30 507
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(74)	1 115
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(71)	38
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0
Laboratories 2014		
Smear (per 100 000 population)		2.2

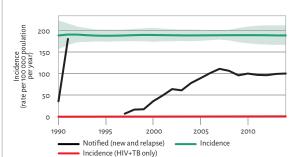
Siliear (per 100 000 population)	2.3
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.5
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	1
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, outside country

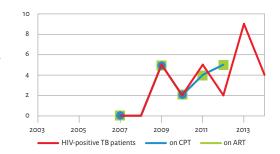
Financing TB control 2015

National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	15
% Funded domestically	6%
% Funded internationally	67%
% Unfunded	27%



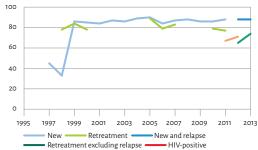


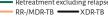


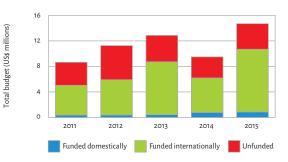


Number of patients

Treatment success rate (%)







Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Bangladesh Population 2014 159 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	81 (59–110)	51 (37–68)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	0.18 (0.14–0.22)	0.11 (0.09–0.14)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	640 (340–1 000)	404 (211–659)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	360 (320–410)	227 (200–256)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	0.57 (0.45–0.71)	0.36 (0.28–0.45)
Case detection, all forms (%)	53 (47–60)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.4 (0.7–2.5)	29 (24–34)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	2 100 (1 000–3 700)	2 700 (2 200–3 200)

TB case notifications 2014

NEW ^b	RELAPSE
06 767	2 989
42 832	863
37 406	309
	42 832

Total new and relapse	191 166
Previously treated, excluding relapses	5 631
Total cases notified	196 797

Among 187 005 new cases:

6 262 (3%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.5

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	12 573 (12%)	4 959 (51%)	43 360
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			994
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			945

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	1 110	(<1)
HIV-positive TB patients	45	(4)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	45	(100)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	45	(100)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	726	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	0	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

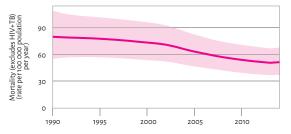
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(93)	184 077
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(86)	6 327
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(75)	68
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(72)	505
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(25)	4

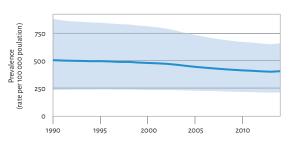
Laboratories 2014

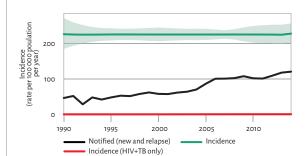
Smear (per 100 000 population)	0.7
Culture (per 5 million population)	<0.1
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	<0.1
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	38
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in and outside country

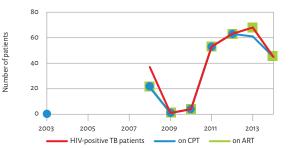
Financing TB control 2015

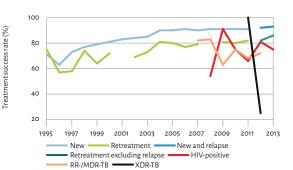
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	48
% Funded domestically	<1%
% Funded internationally	70%
% Unfunded	30%













Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

^a Ranges represent uncertainty intervals. A joint reassessment of estimates of TB disease burden will be undertaken following completion of the national TB prevalence survey.

^b Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
 ^c Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed as having RR-/MDR-TB.

Brazil Population 2014 206 million

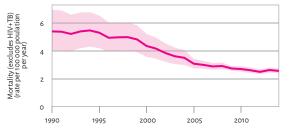
Estimates of TB burden ^a 2014				
1	UMBER (thousands	s) RATE (per 100	000 popula	ation)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	5.3 (4.9–5.7)	2.6 (2	.4–2.7)	
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	2.4 (1.8–3.2)	1.2 (0.	87–1.6)	
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	110 (51–180)	52 (2	5-89)	
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	90 (86–95)	44 (4	2–46)	
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	16 (14–17)	7.6 (6	.9–8.4)	
Case detection, all forms (%)	82 (78–86)			
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a 20	014			
	NEW	RETRE	ATMENT	
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.4 (1–1.8)	7.5 (5	.7—9.9)	
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	820 (590–1 100)	950 (72	0—1 300))
TB case notifications 2014				
	NEW ^b	REL	APSE	
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirm	ed 41 120	3	602	
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	17 801	1.	488	
Extrapulmonary	9 479	4	480	
Total new and relapse	73 970			
Previously treated, excluding relapse	5 7 5 4 2			
Total cases notified	81 512			
Among 73 970 new and relapse cases:				
2 368 (3%) cases aged under 15 years; 1	male:female rati	io: 2.1		
Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2	.014			
	NEW	RETREATMEN	тот тот	ALP
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB			15 3	344
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB ca			70	02
Patients started on MDR-TB treatmer	lt ^c		70	02
TB/HIV 2014				
			NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status			56 981	(70
HIV-positive TB patients			9 578	(17)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimox				
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretrov	riral therapy (AR	(1)		
HIV-positive people screened for TB			37 540	
HIV-positive people provided with IP	Ē			
Treatment success rate and coho	rt size			
New and valance space upgistered in a	010	(%)		
New and relapse cases registered in 2	013	(72) 76	543

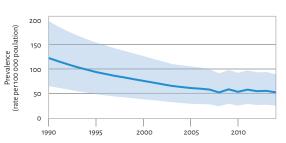
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(72)	76 543
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(38)	6 945
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(46)	9 460
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(51)	825
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(25)	24
Laboratories 2014		
Smear (per 100 000 population)		1.6
Culture (news million negulation)		7.0

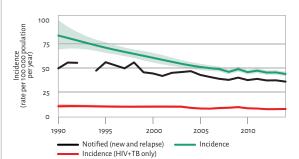
Sinear (per 100 000 population)	1.0
Culture (per 5 million population)	7.9
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.6
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	48
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

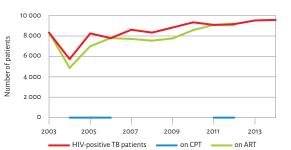
Financing TB control 2015

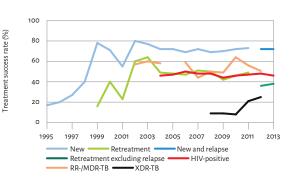
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	77
% Funded domestically	72%
% Funded internationally	<1%
% Unfunded	27%

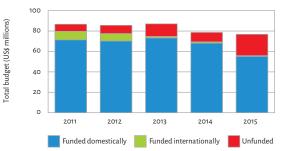












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Cambodia Population 2014 15 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)		
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	8.9 (6.3–12)	58 (41–78)		
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	0.82 (0.63–1)	5.3 (4.1–6.7)		
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	100 (87–120)	668 (565–780)		
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	60 (54–66)	390 (353–428)		
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	1.8 (1.6–2)	12 (10–13)		
Case detection, all forms (%)	72 (66–80)			
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a 2014				
	NEW	RETREATMENT		
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.4 (0.7–2.5)	11 (4–22)		
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	330 (160–590)	200 (73–400)		
TB case notifications 2014				
	NEW ^b	RELAPSE		
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirm	ed 12168	445		
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	11 286	709		
Extrapulmonary	18 310	141		

Total new and relapse	43 059
Previously treated, excluding relapses	679
Total cases notified	43 738

Among 43 059 new and relapse cases:

12 050 (28%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.2

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	646 (5%)	1 329 (67%)	1 975
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			110
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			110

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	35 635	(81)
HIV-positive TB patients	953	(3)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)) 938	(98)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	938	(98)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	3 504	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	901	

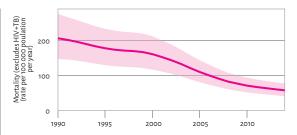
Treatment success rate and cohort size

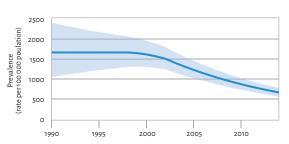
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(93)	35 536
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(90)	1 701
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(79)	110
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		

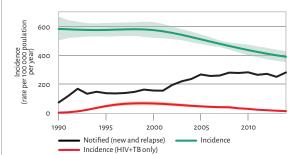
Laboratories 2014

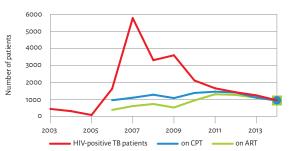
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.4
Culture (per 5 million population)	1.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	1.0
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	17
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	No

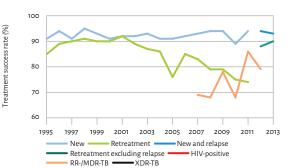
Financing TB control 2015 National TB programme budget (US\$ millions) 31 % Funded domestically 12% % Funded internationally 47% % Unfunded 42%

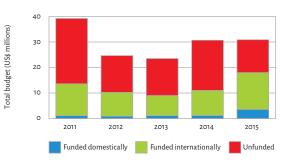












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

China Population 2014 1 369 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
38 (37–40)	2.8 (2.7–2.9)
0.7 (0.53–0.9)	0.05 (0.04–0.07)
1 200 (1 100–1 400)	89 (78–102)
930 (860—1 000)	68 (63–73)
13 (11–16)	0.98 (0.79–1.2)
88 (82–95)	
	38 (37–40) 0.7 (0.53–0.9) 1 200 (1 100–1 400) 930 (860–1 000) 13 (11–16)

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	5.7 (4.5–7)	26 (22–30)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	43 000 (34 000–53 000)	8 200 (6 900–9 500)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically conf	irmed 235 704	25125
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	526106	
Extrapulmonary	32 348	
Extrapulmonary	32 348	

Total new and relapse	819 283
Previously treated, excluding relapses	6 872
Total cases notified	826 155

Among 819 283 new and relapse cases:

4 164 (<1%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 2.3

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	45 664 (19%)	17 210 (54%)	62 874
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			5 807
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			2846

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	343 515	(42)
HIV-positive TB patients	5 309	(2)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	3 675	(69)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	423 254	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

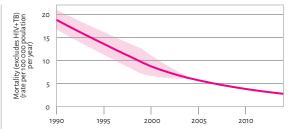
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(95)	841 999
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(90)	7 847
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(82)	4 6 4 9
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(42)	1906
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(13)	115
Laboratorias sets		

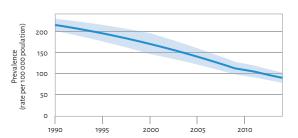
Laboratories 2014

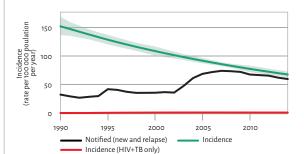
Smear (per 100 000 population)	0.2
Culture (per 5 million population)	6.7
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	1.5
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	654
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

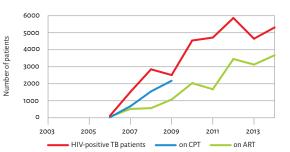
Financing TB control 2015

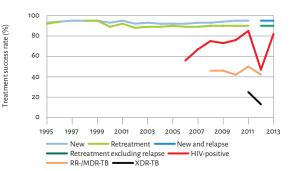
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	340
% Funded domestically	90%
% Funded internationally	2%
% Unfunded	8%

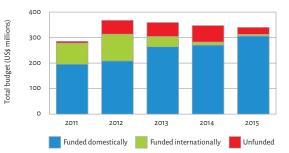












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Democratic Republic of the Congo Population 2014 **75 million**

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
52 (38–68)	69 (50–90)
6.3 (5–7.7)	8.4 (6.7–10)
400 (210–640)	532 (282–859)
240 (220–270)	325 (295–356)
34 (27–42)	45 (36–56)
48 (43–52)	
	52 (38–68) 6.3 (5–7.7) 400 (210–640) 240 (220–270) 34 (27–42)

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2.2 (0.3–4.1)	11 (6.2–16)	
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	2 000 (270–3 700)	790 (450–1100)	

TB case notifications 2014

NEW ^b	RELAPSE
75 631	4 298
13 494	1 892
19 566	914
	13 494

Total new and relapse	115 795
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1 099
Total cases notified	116 894

Among 75 631 new cases:

3 438 (5%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.3

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	545 (<1%)	6 135 (75%)	6 817
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			442
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			436

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	53 285	(46)
HIV-positive TB patients	7 206	(14)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 5 671	(79)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	4 799	(67)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	33 743	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(87)	112 439
Previously treated cases registered in 2013	(66)	1164
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(64)	134
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		

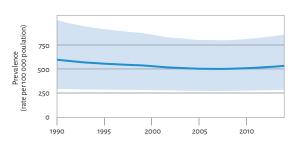
Laboratories 2014

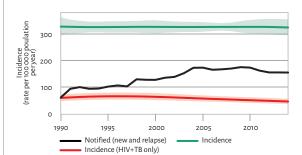
Smear (per 100 000 population)	2.1
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.2
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	39
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in and outside country

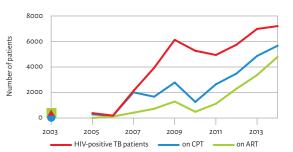
Financing TB control 2015

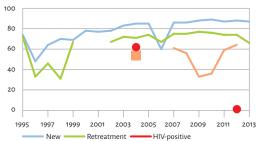
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	55
% Funded domestically	5%
% Funded internationally	50%
% Unfunded	44%

125 Mortality (excludes HIV+TB) (rate per 100 000 poulation per year) 100 75 50 25 0 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005



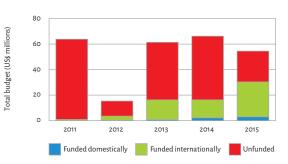






RR-/MDR-TB XDR-TB

Freatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Ethiopia Population 2014 97 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	32 (22–43)	33 (23–44)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	5.5 (4.4–6.8)	5.7 (4.6–7)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	190 (160–240)	200 (161–243)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	200 (160–240)	207 (168–250)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	19 (15–23)	19 (15–24)
Case detection, all forms (%)	60 (49–73)	

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.6 (0.86–2.8)	12 (5.6–21)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	1 300 (700–2 300)	

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirm	ied 40.087	
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	41 575	
Extrapulmonary	37 930	

Total new and relapse	119 592
Previously treated, excluding relapses	
Total cases notified	119 592

Among 119 592 new cases:

15 917 (13%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.2

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	2 405 (6%)	7 682	10 151
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			503
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			557

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	89 320	(75)
HIV-positive TB patients	8 670	(10)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CF	T) ^d	
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART) ^d	3 396	(39)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	341 534	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	10 385	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

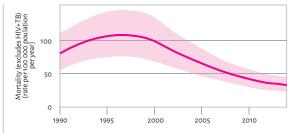
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(89)	43 86
Previously treated cases registered in 2013		
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(83)	271
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		

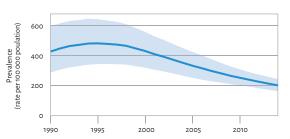
Laboratories 2014

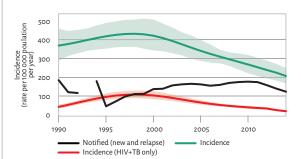
Smear (per 100 000 population)	3.1
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.4
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.4
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	28
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

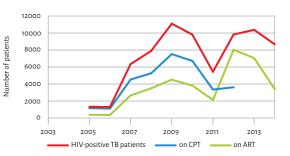
Financing TB control 2015

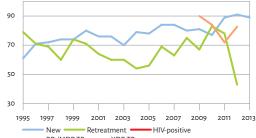
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	82
% Funded domestically	11%
% Funded internationally	42%
% Unfunded	47%





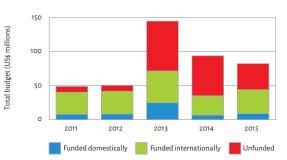








Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries

a Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 b Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.

 ⁶ Includes cases with unknown previous 1B treatment history.
 ⁶ Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed as having RR-/MDR-TB.
 ^d ART and IPT data were missing for 3 of Ethiopia's 11 regions, which in previous years had accounted for about one third of the national totals. In the 8 regions that reported data, cr04 cfl/10 are still and the streament of the s 65% of HIV-positive TB patients were on ART.

India Population 2014 1 295 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	220 (150–350)	17 (12–27)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	31 (25–38)	2.4 (2–2.9)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	2 500 (1 700–3 500)	195 (131–271)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	2 200 (2 000–2 300)	167 (156—179)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	110 (96–120)	8.3 (7.4–9.3)
Case detection, all forms (%)	74 (70–80)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2.2 (1.9–2.6)	15 (11—19)
MDR-TB cases among notified		
pulmonary TB cases	24 000 (21 000–29 000)	47 000 (35 000–59 000)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirm	ed 754 268	124 679
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	343 032	112 066
Extrapulmonary	275 502	

Total new and relapse	1 609 547
Previously treated, excluding relapses	74 368
Total cases notified	1 683 915

Among 1 609 547 new and relapse cases:

95 709 (6%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.9

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	12 795 (2%)	214 209 (69%)	255 897
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			25 748
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			24 073

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	1 034 712	(61)
HIV-positive TB patients	44 171	(4)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (C	PT) 41 066	(93)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	39 800	(90)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	1 114 394	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

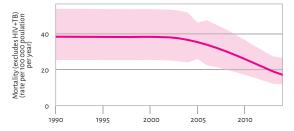
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(88)	1 243 905
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(66)	171 712
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(76)	44 027
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(46)	9 874
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(33)	91
Laboratorios 2014		

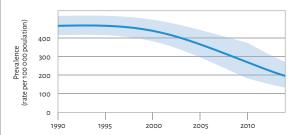
Laboratories 2014

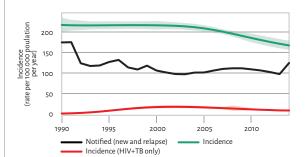
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.0
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.2
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	121
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

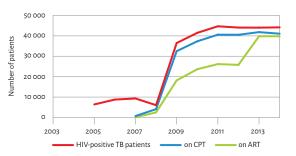
Financing TB control 2015

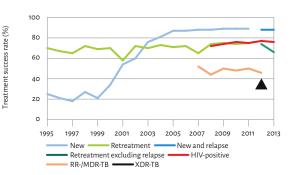
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	261
% Funded domestically	46%
% Funded internationally	54%
% Unfunded	0%

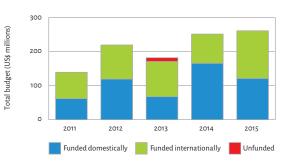












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. A Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
 Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

as having RR-/MDR-TB.

Indonesia Population 2014 254 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	100 (66–150)	41 (26–59)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	22 (13–32)	8.5 (5.2–13)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB) ^b	1 600 (1 300–2 000)	647 (513–797)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	1 000 (700–1 400)	399 (274–546)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	63 (41–90)	25 (16–36)
Case detection, all forms (%)	32 (23–46)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.9 (1.4–2.5)	12 (8.1–17)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	5 600 (4 200–7 400)	1 100 (770–1 600)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirme	ed 193321	6 4 4 9
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	101 991	1 391
Extrapulmonary	19 653	1

Total new and relapse	322 806
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1 733
Total cases notified	324 539

Among 322 806 new and relapse cases:

23 170 (7%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.4

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	1 058 (<1%)	8 445 (88%)	9 503
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			1 812
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^d			1 2 8 4

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	15 074	(5)
HIV-positive TB patients	2 355	(16)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 963	(41)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	624	(26)
HIV-positive people screened for TB		
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(88)	325 582
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(64)	1 521
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(49)	2 438
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(54)	432
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(64)	11

Laboratories 2014

Smear (per 100 000 population)	2.2
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.4
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.3
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	41
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

Financing TB control 2015

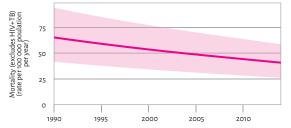
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	133
% Funded domestically	13%
% Funded internationally	21%
% Unfunded	66%

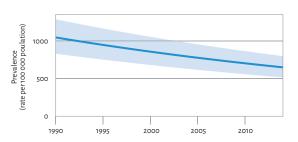
Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

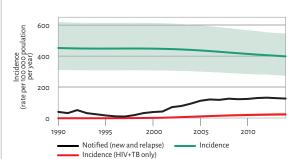
b

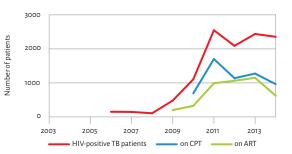
Ranges represent uncertainty intervals. The prevalence rate of bacteriologically confirmed TB was 531 (421–655) per 100 000 population; the prevalence rate of clinically diagnosed TB (i.e. smear-negative and culture-negative TB, including all extra-pulmonary cases) was 116 (91–143) per 100 000 population; the prevalence rate of extra-pulmonary TB (a subset of those in the clinically diagnosed category) was 58 (43-75) per 100 000 population.

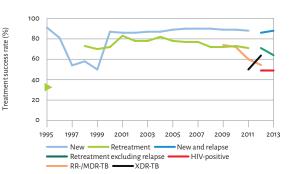
Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history. Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed as having RR-/MDR-TB.

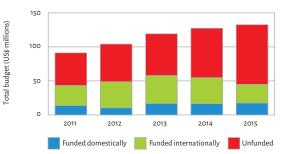












Kenya Population 2014 45 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	9.4 (6.7–12)	21 (15–28)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	8.1 (6.4–10)	18 (14–22)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	120 (64–190)	266 (142–427)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	110 (110–110)	246 (240–252)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	40 (38–42)	89 (84–93)
Case detection, all forms (%)	80 (78–82)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2.2 (0.3–4.1)	14 (12–15)
MDR-TB cases among notified		
pulmonary TB cases	1 400 (200–2 700)	1 100 (930–1 200)

TB case notifications 2014

NEW ^b	RELAPSE
34 997	3 569
30 872	2 947
14 640	1 000
	34 997 30 872

Total new and relapse	88 025
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1 269
Total cases notified	89 294

Among 89 294 new and relapse cases:

8 448 (9%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.5

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	17 619 (50%)	7 436 (85%)	23 865
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			644
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			544

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	84 423	(95)
HIV-positive TB patients	30 002	(36)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 29735	(99)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	26 142	(87)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	426102	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

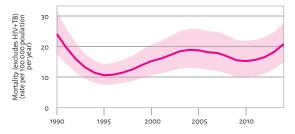
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(86)	81 255
Previously treated cases registered in 2013	(78)	8 4 4 5
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(79)	31 755
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(83)	197
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0

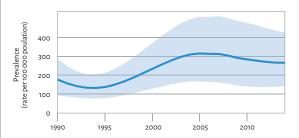
Laboratories 2014

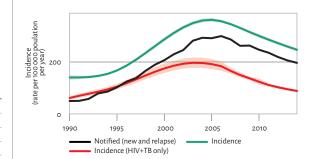
Smear (per 100 000 population)	4.3
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.3
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	70
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	No

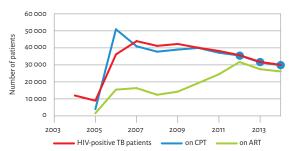
Financing TB control 2015

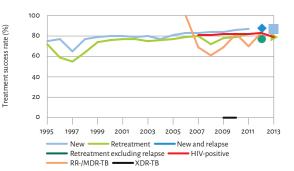
Thanking TD control 2013	
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	45
% Funded domestically	26%
% Funded internationally	28%
% Unfunded	45%

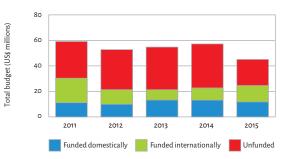












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Mozambique Population 2014 27 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
18 (12–26)	67 (44–96)
37 (29–45)	134 (106–165)
150 (80–240)	554 (295–893)
150 (120–180)	551 (435–680)
85 (65–110)	311 (237–395)
39 (31–49)	
	18 (12–26) 37 (29–45) 150 (80–240) 150 (120–180) 85 (65–110)

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	3.5 (2.2–4.8)	11 (0–25)	
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	1 700 (1 100–2 300)	460 (0–1 000)	

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	24 430	1 542
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	23 455	2 070
Extrapulmonary	6 276	

Total new and relapse 57773 Previously treated, excluding relapses 497

Total cases notified	58 270

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	886 (4%)	906 (22%)	3 716
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			544
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			482

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	55 943	(96)
HIV-positive TB patients	29 337	(52)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 27 504	(94)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	23 801	(81)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	563 377	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	94 252	

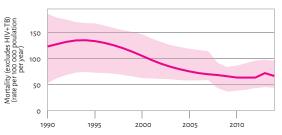
Treatment success rate and cohort size

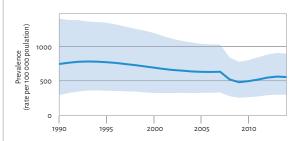
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013 ^d	(88)	23 072
Previously treated cases registered in 2013		
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(28)	214
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(0)	4

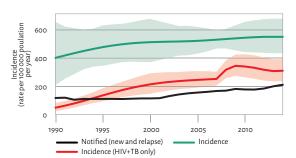
Laboratories 2014

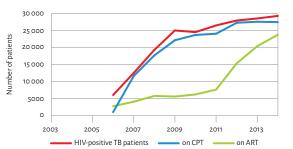
200010001002014	
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.2
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.6
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.4
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	24
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

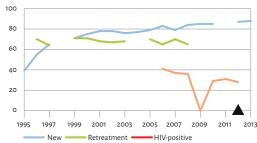
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	29
% Funded domestically	6%
% Funded internationally	66%
% Unfunded	28%







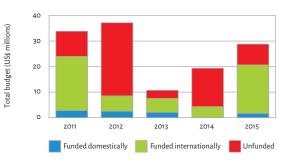






(%)

Treatmentsuccess rate



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in a Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 b Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.

Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed as having RR-/MDR-TB.

d Treatment outcomes were available for new pulmonary bacteriologically confirmed cases only.

Myanmar Population 2014 53 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	28 (20–37)	53 (38–70)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	4.1 (3.3–5.1)	7.7 (6.1–9.5)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	240 (190–310)	457 (352–575)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	200 (180–220)	369 (334–406)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	19 (15–24)	36 (28–44)
Case detection, all forms (%)	70 (64–78)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	5 (3.1–6.8)	27 (15–39)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	5 600 (3 500–7 700)	3 400 (1 900–4 900)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	42 608	5 276
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	70 305	3 650
Extrapulmonary	16 108	405
Extrapulmonary	16 108	405

Total new and relapse	138 352
Previously treated, excluding relapses	3 605
Total cases notified	141 957

Among 138 352 new and relapse cases:

36 301 (26%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.6

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	10 295 (24%)	15 166 (117%)	26 240
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			3 495
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			1 537

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	56 133	(40)
HIV-positive TB patients	6 412	(11)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 4666	(73)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	5 749	(90)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	54 178	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	2 997	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

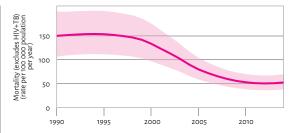
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(87)	135 614
Previously treated cases registered in 2013	(71)	7 1 4 7
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(79)	443
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		

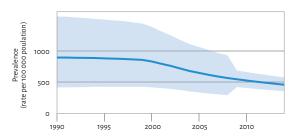
Laboratories 2014

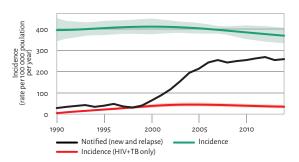
Smear (per 100 000 population)	0.9
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.2
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	38
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, outside country

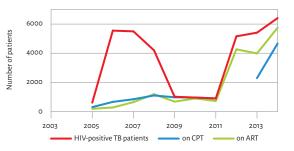
Financing TB control 2015

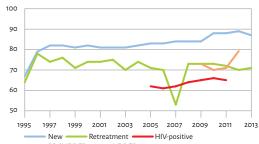
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	36
% Funded domestically	11%
% Funded internationally	67%
% Unfunded	22%

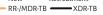












Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Nigeria Population 2014 177 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	170 (91–280)	97 (51–156)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	78 (53–110)	44 (30–61)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	590 (450–740)	330 (253–417)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	570 (340–870)	322 (189–488)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	100 (59–160)	59 (33–92)
Case detection, all forms (%)	15 (10–26)	

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2.9 (2.1–4)	14 (10–19)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	2 300 (1 700–3 200)	1 000 (750–1 400)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	49 825	2 415
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	29 460	
Extrapulmonary	4 764	0

Total new and relapse	86 464
Previously treated, excluding relapses	4 890
Total cases notified	91 354

Among 91 354 new and relapse cases:

5 463 (6%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.5

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB			24 225
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			798
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			423

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	84 161	(92)
HIV-positive TB patients	16 066	(19)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	14 569	(91)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	11 997	(75)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	335 357	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	26 383	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

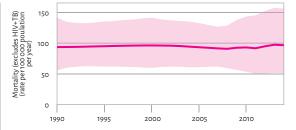
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(86)	91 997
Previously treated cases registered in 2013	(83)	8 404
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(80)	7 4 8 1
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(62)	154
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0

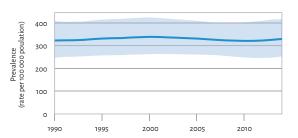
Laboratories 2014

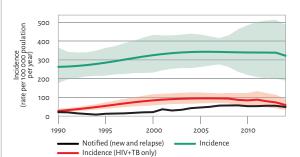
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.0
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.2
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.2
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	96
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

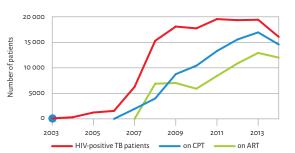
Financing TB control 2015

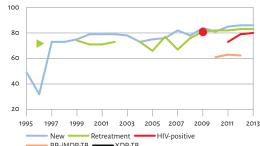
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	228
% Funded domestically	13%
% Funded internationally	19%
% Unfunded	68%





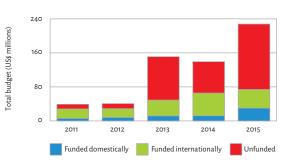








Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. ^a Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 ^b Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
 ^c Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

as having RR-/MDR-TB.

Pakistan Population 2014 185 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
48 (11–110)	26 (6–61)
1.3 (0.76–1.9)	0.68 (0.41–1)
630 (530–740)	341 (285–402)
500 (370–650)	270 (201–350)
6.4 (4.4–8.7)	3.4 (2.4–4.7)
62 (48–83)	
	48 (11–110) 1.3 (0.76–1.9) 630 (530–740) 500 (370–650) 6.4 (4.4–8.7)

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	3.7 (2.5–5)	18 (13–23)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	9 000 (6 100–12 000)	2 900 (2 100–3 700)

TB case notifications 2014

NEW ^b	RELAPSE
ned 122 537	7 420
120 350	426
57 463	221
	ned 122 537 120 350

Total new and relapse	308 417
Previously treated, excluding relapses	8 160
Total cases notified	316 577

Among 308 417 new and relapse cases:

27 245 (9%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.0

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	361 (<1%)	11 685 (72%)	20 143
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			3 2 4 3
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			2 662

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	10 715	(3)
HIV-positive TB patients	90	(<1)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	90	(100)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	90	(100)
HIV-positive people screened for TB		
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

Treatment success rate and cohort size

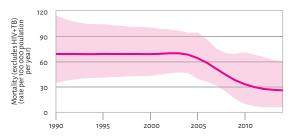
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(93)	289 376
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(80)	7 217
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(81)	37
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(71)	858
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(32)	41

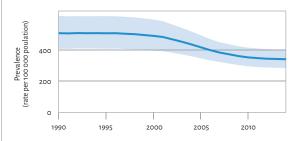
Laboratories 2014

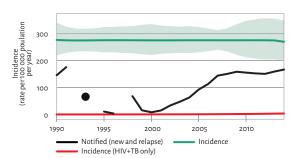
Smear (per 100 000 population)	0.8
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.3
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.1
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF 42	
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

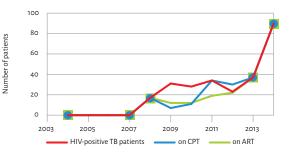
Financing TB control 2015

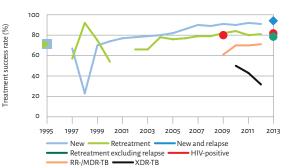
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	50
% Funded domestically	17%
% Funded internationally	60%
% Unfunded	23%













Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Philippines Population 2014 99 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	10 (9–11)	10 (9.1–11)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	0.08 (0.055–0.11)	0.08 (0.06–0.11)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	410 (360–470)	417 (367–471)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	290 (250–320)	288 (254–324)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	2.5 (2–3.2)	2.6 (2–3.2)
Case detection, all forms (%)	85 (76–97)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2 (1.4–2.7)	21 (16–29)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	4 600 (3 300–6 300)	6 500 (4 700–8 700)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirme	d 92 991	6 277
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	139 950	
Extrapulmonary	4 161	

Total new and relapse	243 379
Previously treated, excluding relapses	24 057
Total cases notified	267 436

Among 97 578 new and relapse cases:

12 191 (12%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.8

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	4 415 (5%)	20 196 (67%)	27 287
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			3000
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			2 680

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	53 354	(20)
HIV-positive TB patients	108	(<1)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 20	(19)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	53	(49)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	5 995	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

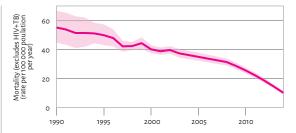
Treatment success rate and cohort size

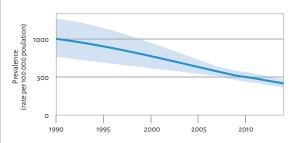
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(90)	216 250
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(86)	2 924
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(43)	1 798
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(10)	10
Laboratories 2014		
Smear (per 100 000 population)		2.6

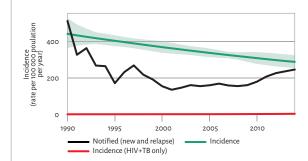
Culture (per 5 million population)	1.1
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.2
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	84
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

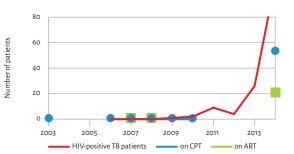
Financing TB control 2015

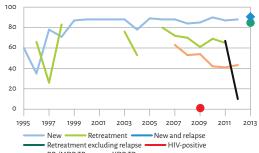
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	106
% Funded domestically	23%
% Funded internationally	39%
% Unfunded	37%





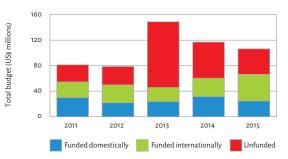








Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Russian Federation Population 2014^a **143 million**

Estimates of TB burden^b 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	16 (15–16)	11 (11–11)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	1.1 (0.83–1.3)	0.73 (0.58–0.91)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	160 (70–270)	109 (49–192)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	120 (110–130)	84 (76–93)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	5.5 (4.5–6.6)	3.8 (3.1–4.6)
Case detection, all forms (%)	85 (77–94)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^b 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	19 (14–25)	49 (40–59)
MDR-TB cases among notified	<i>,</i> ,	<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
pulmonary TB cases	15 000 (11 000–19 000)	24 000 (19 000–29 000)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	37 296	7 982
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	40 894	6 753
Extrapulmonary	8 763	652

Total new and relapse	102 340
Previously treated, excluding relapses	33 828
Total cases notified	136 168

Among 102 340 new and relapse cases:

3 195 (3%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 2.3

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	31 250 (84%)	13 925 (28%)	45 175
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			15 585
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment $^{ m d}$			21 904

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status ^e	67 425	
HIV-positive TB patients	5 251	
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)		
HIV-positive people screened for TB		
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

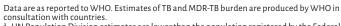
Treatment success rate and cohort size

	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(68)	83 301
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(39)	6 934
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(40)	16 021
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(26)	1 318

Smear (per 100 000 population) 3.7 Culture (per 5 million population) 14.1 Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population) 10.4 Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF 96 Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available? Yes, in country

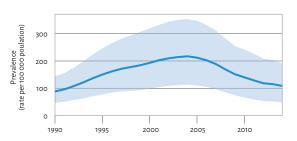
Financing TB control 2015

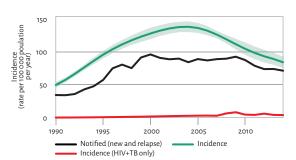
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	1 894
% Funded domestically	100%
% Funded internationally	<1%
% Unfunded	0%

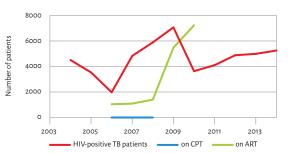


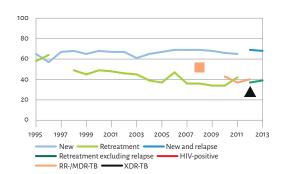
- ^a UN Population Division estimates are lower than the population registered by the Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.
- ^b Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 ^c Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
- a Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed as having RR-/MDR-TB.
- The reported number of TB patients with known HIV status is for new TB patients in the civilian sector only. It was not possible to calculate the percentage of all TB patients with known HIV status



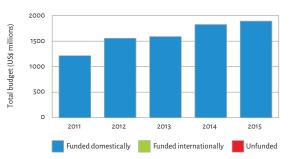








Freatment success rate (%)



South Africa Population 2014 54 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
24 (22–26)	44 (41–48)
72 (58–89)	134 (107–164)
380 (210–590)	696 (390–1 088)
450 (400–510)	834 (737–936)
270 (240–310)	509 (439–584)
68 (61–77)	
-	24 (22–26) 72 (58–89) 380 (210–590) 450 (400–510) 270 (240–310)

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.8 (1.4–2.3)	6.7 (5.4–8.2)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	4 700 (3 700–5 900)	1 500 (1 200–1 800)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirm	ned 155 473	7 430
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	106 482	2 693
Extrapulmonary	33 522	566

Total new and relapse	306 166
Previously treated, excluding relapses	12 027
Total cases notified	318 193

Among 306 166 new and relapse cases:

31 977 (10%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.3

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB			218 231
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			18 734
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			11 538

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	295 136	(93)
HIV-positive TB patients	179 756	(61)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 155 017	(86)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	141 755	(79)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	1 148 477	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	551 787	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

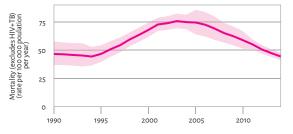
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(78)	321 087
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(69)	18 292
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(76)	191 189
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(49)	8 084
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(20)	607

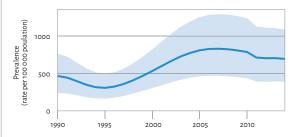
Laboratories 2014

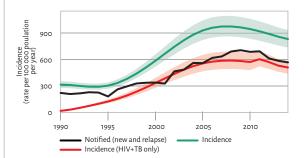
Smear (per 100 000 population)	0.4
Culture (per 5 million population)	1.1
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	1.1
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	207
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

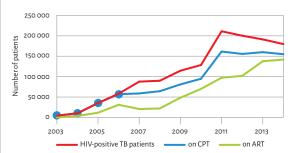
Financing TB control 2015

National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	248
% Funded domestically	84%
% Funded internationally	8%
% Unfunded	8%



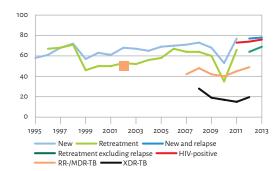






(%)

Treatment success rate



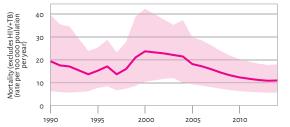


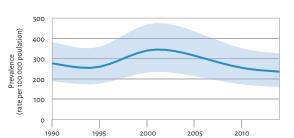
Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. A Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
 Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

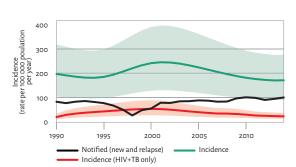
as having RR-/MDR-TB.

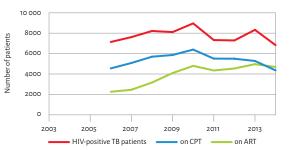
Thailand Population 2014 68 million

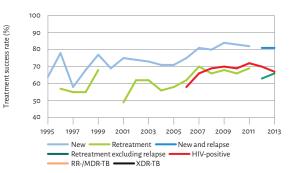
Estimates of TB burden ^a 2014				
	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 0	oo popula	ation)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	7.4 (3.9–12)	11 (5.7	7—18)	
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	4.5 (2.3–7.4)	6.6 (3.	4–11)	
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	160 (110–220)	236 (16	1–326)	
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	120 (61–190)	171 (90	-276)	
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	15 (7.8–24)	22 (12	:36)	
Case detection, all forms (%)	59 (36–110)			
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a	2014			
	NEW	RETREA		
% of TB cases with MDR-TB MDR-TB cases among notified	2 (1.4–2.8)	19 (14	.—25)	
pulmonary TB cases	1 100 (780–1 600)	1 100 (80	0—1 500)
TB case notifications 2014				
	NEW ^b	RELA	PSE	
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confi	rmed 34394	19	69	
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	21 115		0	
Extrapulmonary	10 2 4 4		0	
Total new and relapse	67 722			
Previously treated, excluding relap				
Total cases notified	71 618			
Among 34 394 new cases:				
119 (<1%) cases aged under 15 years	; male:female ratio: 2.5	5		
Reported cases of RR-/MDR-T	B 2014			
אניייוטאיז איזיאניייטאיז	NEW	RETREATMEN	т тот	AL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	4 370 (13%)	2 209 (38%)		
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TI			50	6
Patients started on MDR-TB treatm	nent ^c			
TB/HIV 2014				
		N	UMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	,		50 670	(71)
HIV-positive TB patients			6 831	(13)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trim	noxazole preventive th	erapy (CPT)	4 359	(64)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiret	roviral therapy (ART)		4 691	(69)
HIV-positive people screened for T	В			
HIV-positive people provided with				
	IPT			
Treatment success rate and co				
	hort size	(%)	сон	ORT
New and relapse cases registered i	hort size	(81)	65	867
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in	(81)	65	
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 1	867
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 20	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 1	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 20	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 1	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 20	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 1	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population)	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 20	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 i 1 7 c	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population)	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 8 1 7 0 1.3 3.9	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012	(81) 2013 (66) (67)	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5	867 812
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population)	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5 14	867 812 665
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF Is second-line drug susceptibility te	hort size n 2013 g relapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population)	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5	867 812 665
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF Is second-line drug susceptibility te Financing TB control 2015	hort size n 2013 grelapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population) esting available?	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5 14 in count	867 812 665
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF Is second-line drug susceptibility te Financing TB control 2015 National TB programme budget (U	hort size n 2013 grelapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population) esting available?	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5 14 in count	867 812 665
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF Is second-line drug susceptibility te Financing TB control 2015 National TB programme budget (U % Funded domestically	hort size n 2013 grelapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population) esting available?	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 1 7 (1.3 3.9 1.5 14 in count 32 52%	867 812 665
New and relapse cases registered i Previously treated cases, excluding HIV-positive TB cases, all types, reg RR-/MDR-TB cases started on secon XDR-TB cases started on second-lin Laboratories 2014 Smear (per 100 000 population) Culture (per 5 million population) Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 m Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF Is second-line drug susceptibility te Financing TB control 2015 National TB programme budget (U	hort size n 2013 grelapse, registered in gistered in 2013 nd-line treatment in 2012 ne treatment in 2012 nillion population) esting available?	(81) 2013 (66) (67))12	65 1 7 0 1.3 3.9 1.5 14 in count	867 812 665

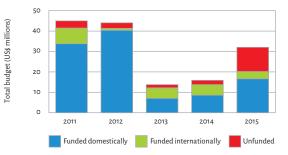












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Uganda Population 2014 38 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	4.5 (3.2–6.1)	12 (8.4–16)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	6.4 (5-8.1)	17 (13–21)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	60 (33–95)	159 (87–253)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	61 (53–69)	161 (141–183)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	28 (24–32)	73 (63–84)
Case detection, all forms (%)	72 (64–83)	
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a	^a 2014	
	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.4 (0.6–2.2)	12 (6.8–19)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	530 (230–830)	480 (270–770)
TB case notifications 2014		
	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confi	rmed 26 079	1 499
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	11 854	468
Extrapulmonary	4180	107

Total new and relapse	44 187
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1984
Total cases notified	46 171

Among 44 187 new and relapse cases:

3 316 (8%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.8

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	1 958 (8%)	737 (18%)	3 569
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			255
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			213

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	43 883	(95)
HIV-positive TB patients	19 612	(45)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT) 19 211	(98)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	15 877	(81)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	729 268	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

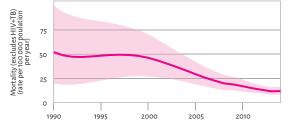
Treatment success rate and cohort size

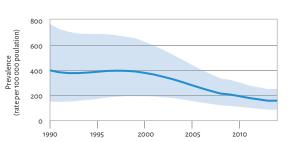
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(75)	44 605
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(67)	2 572
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(73)	16 762
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(80)	41
KDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0

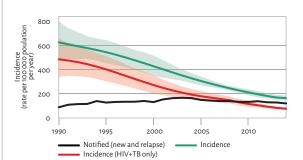
Smear (per 100 000 population)	3.6
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.7
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.7
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	74
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

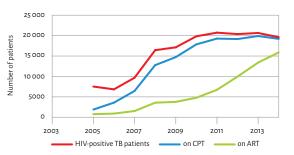
Financing TB control 2015

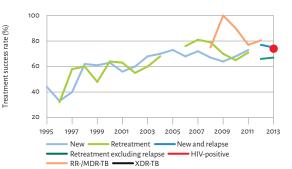
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	24
% Funded domestically	10%
% Funded internationally	69%
% Unfunded	21%

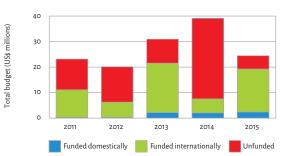












Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

United Republic of Tanzania Population 2014 52 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)		
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	30 (13–54)	58 (26–104)		
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	28 (15–43)	53 (30–84)		
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	270 (110–510)	528 (215–979)		
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	170 (80–290)	327 (155–561)		
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	62 (29–110)	120 (56–208)		
Case detection, all forms (%)	36 (21–77)			
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a 2014				
	NEW	RETREATMENT		
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	1.1 (0.5–2)	3.1 (0.9–7.9)		
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	520 (230–940)	80 (23–200)		

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	23 583	1 008
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	23 380	
Extrapulmonary	13 600	

Total new and relapse	61 571	
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1 580	
Total cases notified	63 151	

Among 61 571 new and relapse cases:

6 463 (10%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.5

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	9 506 (40%)	882 (34%)	35 923
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			516
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			143

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	57 612	(91)
HIV-positive TB patients	20 055	(35)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	19 388	(97)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	16 564	(83)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	525 713	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	23 12 4	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

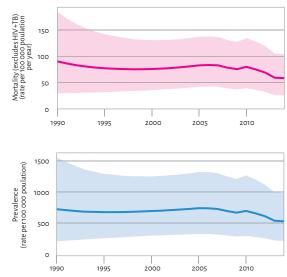
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(91)	64 053
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013	(79)	1 679
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(72)	20 320
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(73)	45
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0

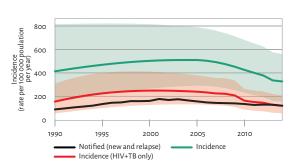
Laboratories 2014

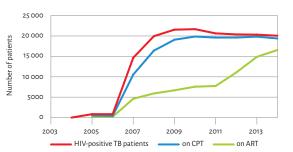
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.8
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.4
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	<0.1
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	59
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in country

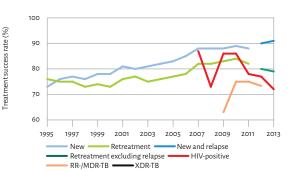
Financing TB control 2015

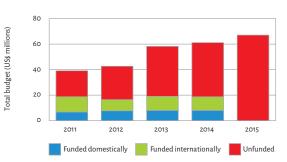
8	
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	67
% Funded domestically	
% Funded internationally	
% Unfunded	100%











Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.

Viet Nam Population 2014 92 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	17 (11–23)	18 (12–25)
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	1.9 (1.3–2.5)	2 (1.4–2.7)
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	180 (76–330)	198 (83–362)
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	130 (110–150)	140 (116–167)
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	7 (5.7–8.5)	7.6 (6.1–9.2)
Case detection, all forms (%)	77 (65–94)	

Estimates of MDR-TB burden^a 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	4 (2.5–5.4)	23 (17–30)
MDR-TB cases among notified pulmonary TB cases	3 000 (1 900–4 100)	2 100 (1 500–2 600)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^c	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	49 938	7 114
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	25 179	
Extrapulmonary	18 118	

Total new and relapse	100 349
Previously treated, excluding relapses	1 738
Total cases notified	102 087

Among 49 929 new cases:

144 (<1%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 3.0

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	2 756 (6%)	8 511 (96%)	13 829
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			2 198
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			1 532

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	74 092	(73)
HIV-positive TB patients	3 875	(5)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	2 936	(76)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	2 827	(73)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	90 592	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT		

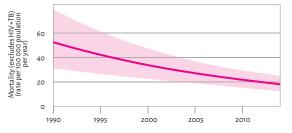
Treatment success rate and cohort size

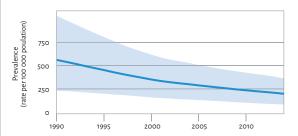
	(%)	COHORT
New and relapse cases registered in 2013	(89)	102 196
Previously treated cases, excluding relapse, registered in 2013		
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013	(71)	4 453
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(71)	713
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		0
Laboratories 2014		
Smear (norted accomputation)		4.4

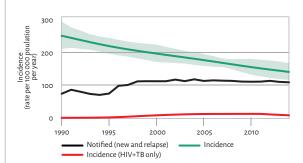
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.1
Culture (per 5 million population)	1.2
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.1
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	30
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in and outside country

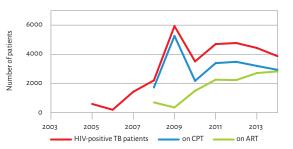
Financing TB control 2015

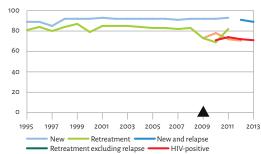
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	66
% Funded domestically	10%
% Funded internationally	17%
% Unfunded	72%

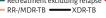




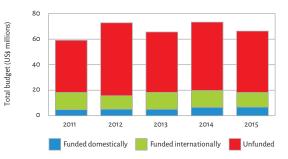








Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries. ^a Ranges represent uncertainty intervals.
 ^b Includes cases with unknown previous TB treatment history.
 ^c Includes patients diagnosed before 2014 and patients who were not laboratory-confirmed

as having RR-/MDR-TB.

Zimbabwe Population 2014 15 million

Estimates of TB burden^a 2014

	NUMBER (thousands)	RATE (per 100 000 population)		
Mortality (excludes HIV+TB)	2.3 (1.4–3.4)	15 (9.5–22)		
Mortality (HIV+TB only)	5.2 (3.2–7.8)	34 (21–51)		
Prevalence (includes HIV+TB)	44 (24–71)	292 (158–465)		
Incidence (includes HIV+TB)	42 (29–58)	278 (193–379)		
Incidence (HIV+TB only)	25 (17–35)	167 (114–229)		
Case detection, all forms (%)	70 (51–100)			
Estimates of MDR-TB burden ^a 2014				
	NEW	RETREATMENT		
% of TB cases with MDR-TB	2.2 (0.3–4.1)	11 (6.2–16)		

MDR-TB cases among notified		
pulmonary TB cases	540 (73–1 000)	410 (230–590)

TB case notifications 2014

	NEW ^b	RELAPSE
Pulmonary, bacteriologically confirmed	11 2 2 4	1 369
Pulmonary, clinically diagnosed	13 151	
Extrapulmonary	3 909	

Total new and relapse	29 653 2 363	
Previously treated, excluding relapses		
Total cases notified	32 016	

Among 29 653 new and relapse cases:

2 290 (8%) cases aged under 15 years; male:female ratio: 1.3

Reported cases of RR-/MDR-TB 2014

	NEW	RETREATMENT	TOTAL ^b
Cases tested for RR-/MDR-TB	341 (3%)	237 (6%)	7 585
Laboratory-confirmed RR-/MDR-TB cases			412
Patients started on MDR-TB treatment ^c			381

TB/HIV 2014

	NUMBER	(%)
TB patients with known HIV status	28 508	(89)
HIV-positive TB patients	19 290	(68)
HIV-positive TB patients on co-trimoxazole preventive therapy (CPT)	18 200	(94)
HIV-positive TB patients on antiretroviral therapy (ART)	16 522	(86)
HIV-positive people screened for TB	133 997	
HIV-positive people provided with IPT	30 420	

Treatment success rate and cohort size

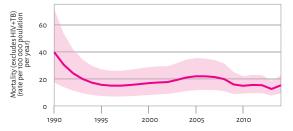
	(%)	COHORT
New cases registered in 2013	(80)	35 278
Previously treated cases registered in 2013		
HIV-positive TB cases, all types, registered in 2013		
RR-/MDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012	(75)	234
XDR-TB cases started on second-line treatment in 2012		

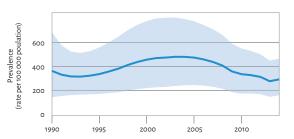
Laboratories 2014

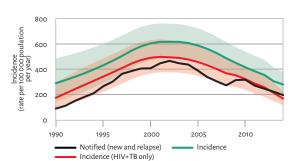
Smear (per 100 000 population)	1.4
Culture (per 5 million population)	0.7
Drug susceptibility testing (per 5 million population)	0.7
Sites performing Xpert MTB/RIF	62
Is second-line drug susceptibility testing available?	Yes, in and outside country

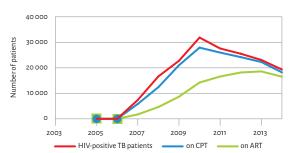
Financing TB control 2015

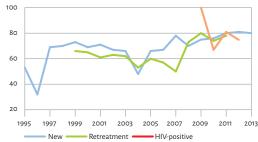
National TB programme budget (US\$ millions)	28
% Funded domestically	7%
% Funded internationally	59%
% Unfunded	34%





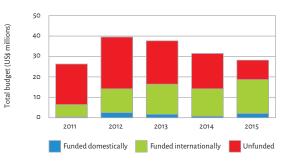








Treatment success rate (%)



Data are as reported to WHO. Estimates of TB and MDR-TB burden are produced by WHO in consultation with countries.