Using mobile bus and ACASI to conduct an HIV behavioral serosurvey among urban men in Eight Cambodia Cities



Kai-Lih Liu¹, Chhea Chhorvann², Virak Prum¹, Somany Ngor¹, Em Sovannarith¹, Ngak Song¹, Peter Cowley¹ ¹ FHI Cambodia, Phnom Penh, Cambodia

² NCHADS, Phnom Penh, Cambodia





Scenes from BROS Khmer Field Work



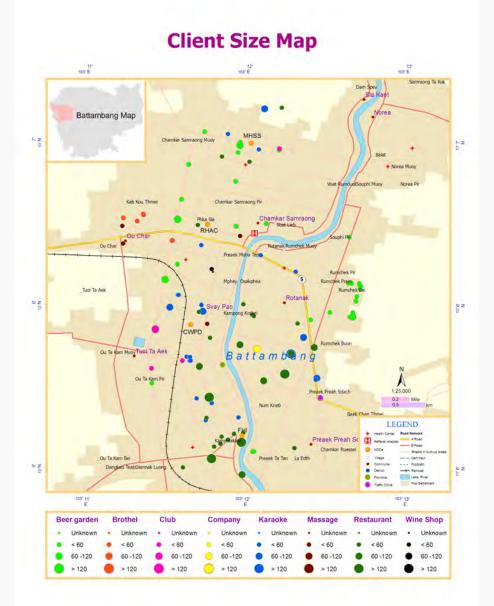
Where did we find these men?

- Venue-based:
 - bars, clubs, beer gardens, restaurants, massage parlors, guest houses, 'underground' brothels, parks, sports facilities, temples, and others
 - Mobile bus served as interview and HIV education location
- Outreach Worker Referred: Approaching men at venues, then giving referral cards to them to the mobile bus for interviews





GIS Mapping of Entertainment Venues in BTB







BROS Khmer Poster







BROS Khmer Brochure







Who were these men in the study?

- Biological males
- Khmer-Speaking
- Aged 18-49
- Attended any targeted venue in past 6 months
- <u>Single:</u> Had sex with at least 1 male or female partner in the past 6 months

OR

<u>Married or with a sweetheart:</u> Had sex with one more male or female (other than their spouse/ sweetheart) in past 6 months

OR

<u>MSM</u>: Had sex with at least 1 man in past 12 months





What did we get from these men?

 Interview Questionnaire (ACASI: Audio Computer Assisted Survey Instrument)

demographics, sexual behavior, alcohol drinking, drug uses, self-reported HIV & STI testing history, self-estimated HIV risk, experience with HIV prevention programs

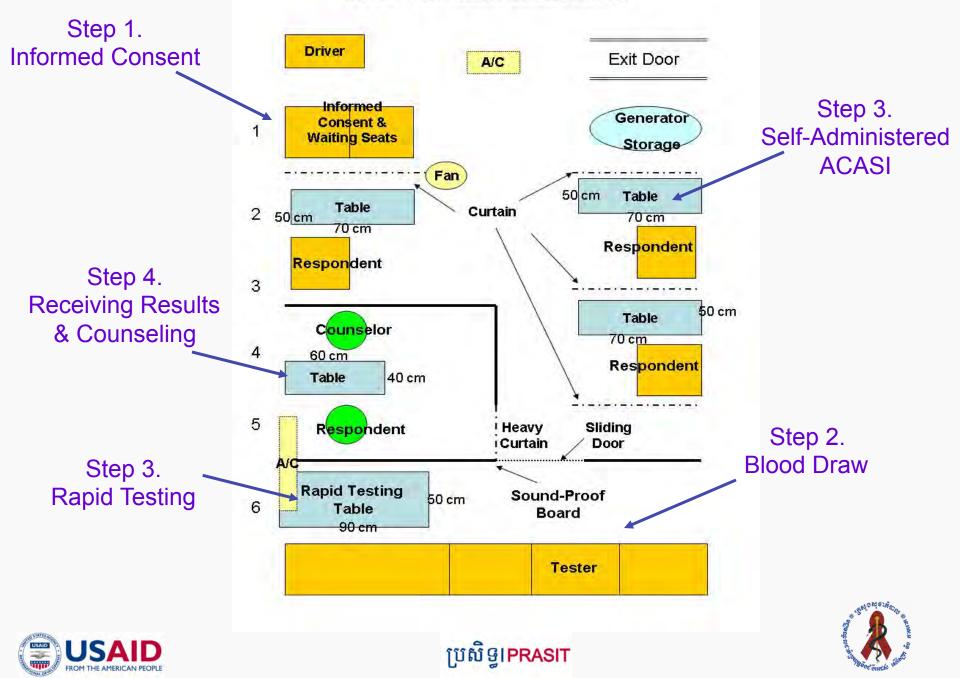
HIV Rapid Testing

Dry blood samples to determine HIV status

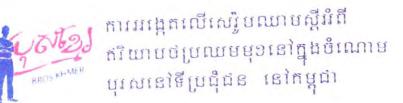




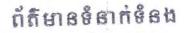
BROS KHMER Mobile Bus Layout Plan



Enrollment Card with Study ID



លេខក្ខដ: KP-0250



បើអ្នកមាន់ចម្ងល់ ឬបញ្ហាដែលអ្នកគិតថាអាចជាប់ ទាក់ទងទៅនឹងការសិក្សានេះ សូមទាក់ទងលោក វេជ្ជបណ្ឌិត ឯម សុវណ្ណារិទ្ធ តាមរយៈទូរស័ព្ទលេខ 077 564 538 ឬការិយាល័យអង្គការសុខភាពគ្រូសារ អន្តរជាតិ តាមរយៈទូរស័ព្ទលេខ 023 211 914 ។





Scenes from BROS Khmer Field Work



ACASI

(Audio Computer Assisted Survey Instrument) สาเมลิญมีอัฐษรัฐเ

ເຊັ່ນຮູວ: ທານອາຫະສຸດສຸດ, ທາງອີ

03. តើអ្នកកើតនៅខេត្តណា	?	
💿 1- ភ្នំពេញ	🔿 9- កំពត	🔘 17- ឧុត្តរមានជ័យ
🔿 2- កណ្តាល	🔘 10- កំពង់ឆ្នាំង	🔘 18- ស្វាយរៀង
🔿 3- បន្ទាយមានជ័យ	🔘 11- កោះកុង	🔘 19- ស្ទឹងត្រែង
🔘 4- បាត់ដំបង	🔿 12- ក្រចេះ	🔿 20- ថៃលិន
🔿 5- ស្យ៉េមរាប	O 13- ព្រៃវែង	O 21- តាកែវ
🔿 6- ก็กษ่ธาษ	O 14- កំពង់ធំ	🔿 22- ព្រះវិហារ
O 7- ព្រះសីហនុ	🔾 15- ពោធិ៍សាត់	🔿 23- មណ្ឌលតិវិ
🔿 8- កំពង់ស្ពឺ	🔿 16- វតនៈតិរី	0 24- កែប

ប្រសិទ្ធ<mark>ាPRASIT</mark>

W

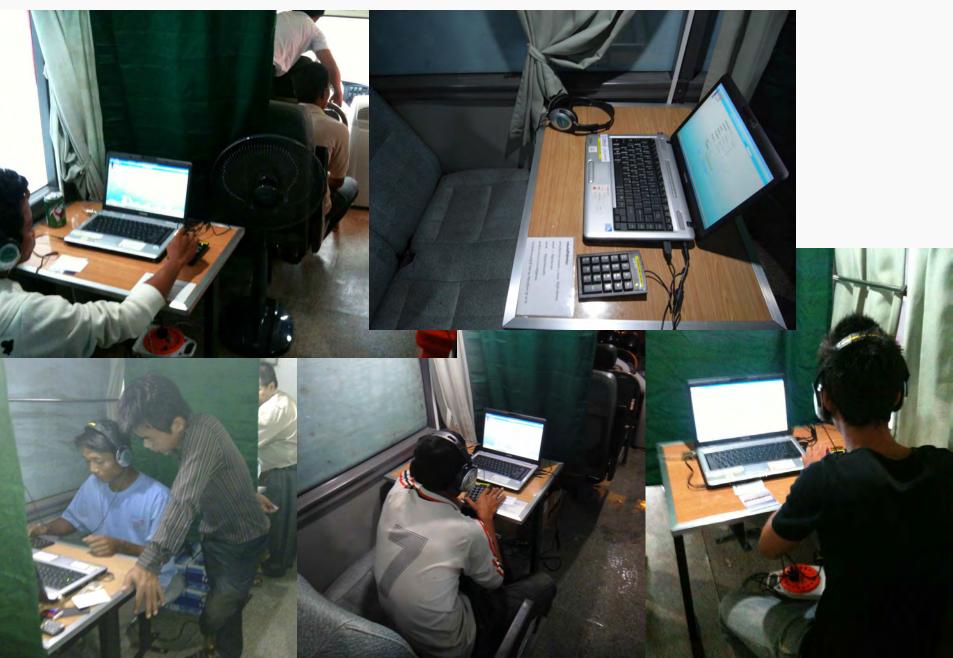


វិធីឆ្លើយសំណរ



BROS KHMER

Scenes from BROS Khmer Field Work



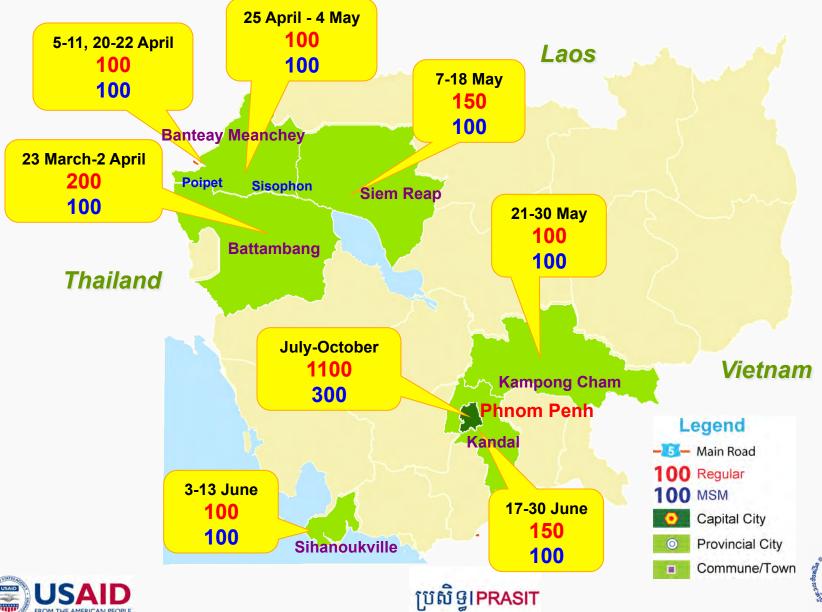
What did these men get from us?

- Incentive: \$2 mobile calling card + t-shirt
- HIV Rapid Testing in 30 minutes: *post-counseling and referral*
- Free condoms/lubricants
- Free educational materials
- Free answers to their questions about sexual health
- Appropriate referrals as needed





BROS Khmer Study Schedule, 2010





How many men did we recruit?

		Target population		
		MSM	Regular man	Total
City Phnom Penh BMC_Sisophon BMC_Poi Pet Battambang Kg Cham Kandal Siem Reap Sihanoukville	Phnom Penh	418	983	1,401
	BMC_Sisophon	86	116	202
	BMC_Poi Pet	84	120	204
	Battambang	82	219	301
	Kg Cham	81	119	200
	Kandal	109	142	251
	Siem Reap	81	168	249
	Sihanoukville	85	114	199
	Total	1,026	1,981	3,007





How many men were tested positive?

		Positive	Total
PROVINCE	Phnom Penh	31 (2.2%)	1,401
	BMC_Sisophon	7 (3.5%)	202
	BMC_Poi Pet	1 (0.5%)	204
	Battambang	3 (1.0%)	301
	Kg Cham	2 (1.0%)	200
	Kandal	2 (0.8%)	251
	Siem Reap	6 (2.4%)	249
	Sihanoukville	2 (1.0%)	199
Total		54 (1.8%)	3,007

HIV Positive	
MSM:	22 (2.1%)
Regular Men:	32 (1.6%)





ប្រសិទ្ធ**IPRASIT**

Who are study participants?

- Median age was 24 yrs (Range: 18-49): 20.7% aged 18-20, 55.2% aged 21-29, 17.6% aged 30-39, 6.6% aged 40 and older.
- 43.4% walked in by themselves or brought by their friends: 70.7% MSM were referred by IAs and 50.7% of regular men walked in.
- 60.1% have never been tested for HIV before, including 49.4% of MSM and 65.6% of regular men.
- 57% self-reported to be likely at risk of HIV: only 32% of them have ever been tested for HIV.





How did they like ACASI & mobile rapid testing?

- **84.6%** reported that was not difficult to answer questions on computer.
- Compared to face-to-face interview, 91.4% thought that using ACASI would make themselves more comfortable to answer sensitive questions.
- **93.1%** would recommend their male friends to come to a mobile van for HIV testing.
- 92.5% thought that their male friends or other men would come to a mobile van to get tested for HIV.

ប្រសិទ្ធIPRASIT













Thank You





