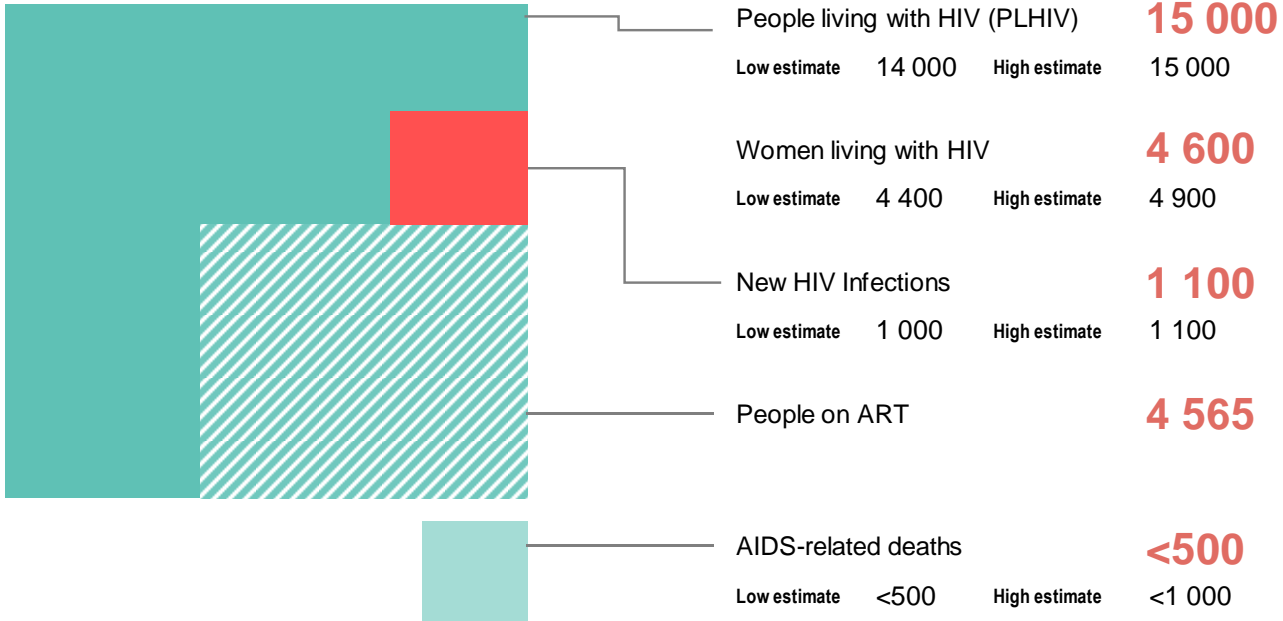
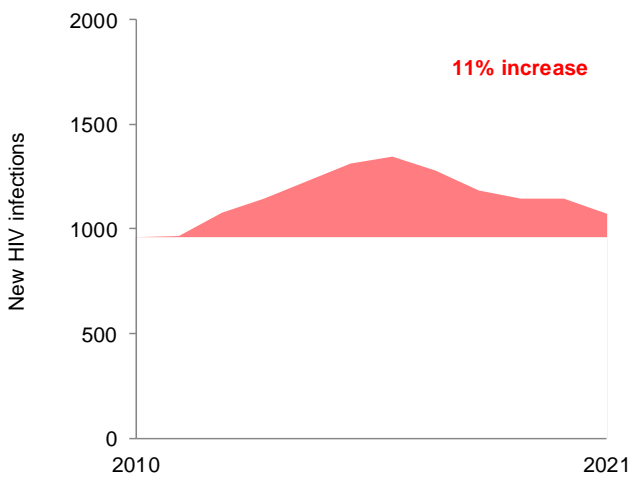


# BANGLADESH



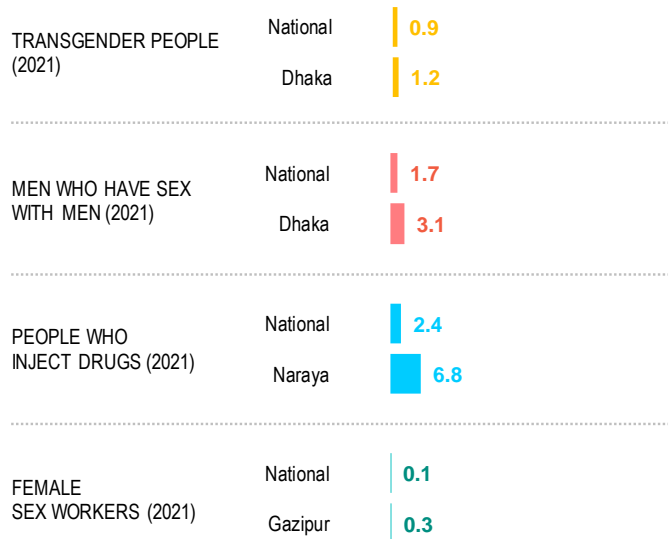
Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2022 and UNAIDS 2022 HIV Estimates

## New HIV infections trend



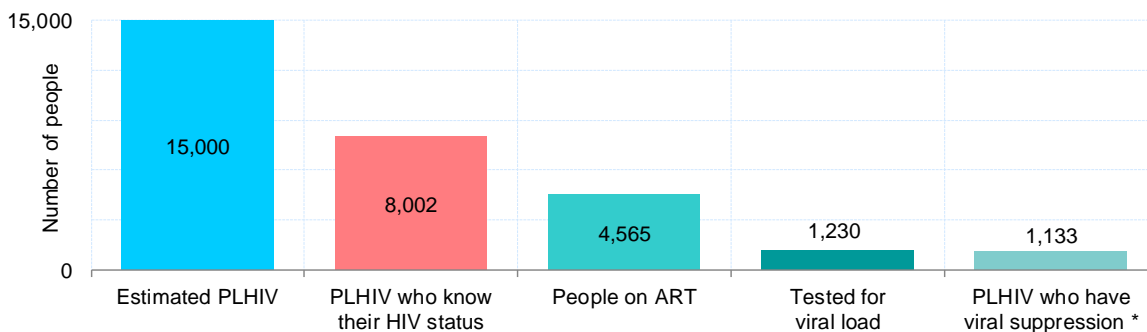
Source: UNAIDS 2022 HIV Estimates

## HIV prevalence (%)



Source: Serological surveys and Global AIDS Monitoring Reporting

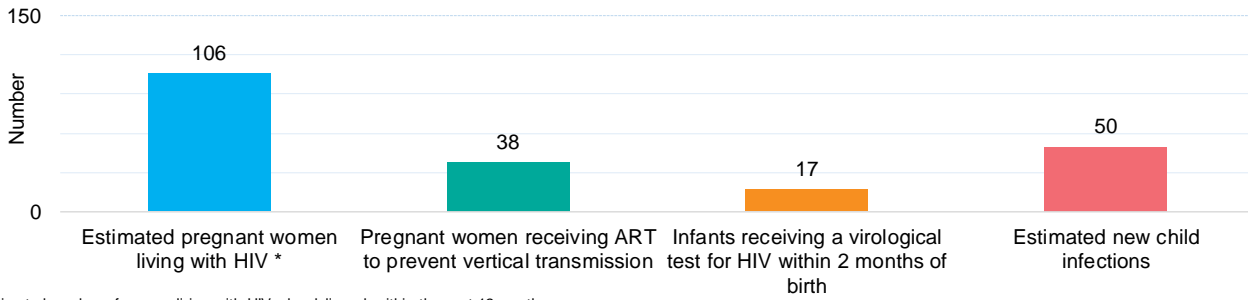
## Treatment cascade, 2021



\* Number of people on ART who received a viral load test in the past year and have viral load of <1000 copies/ml

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2022 and UNAIDS 2022 HIV Estimates

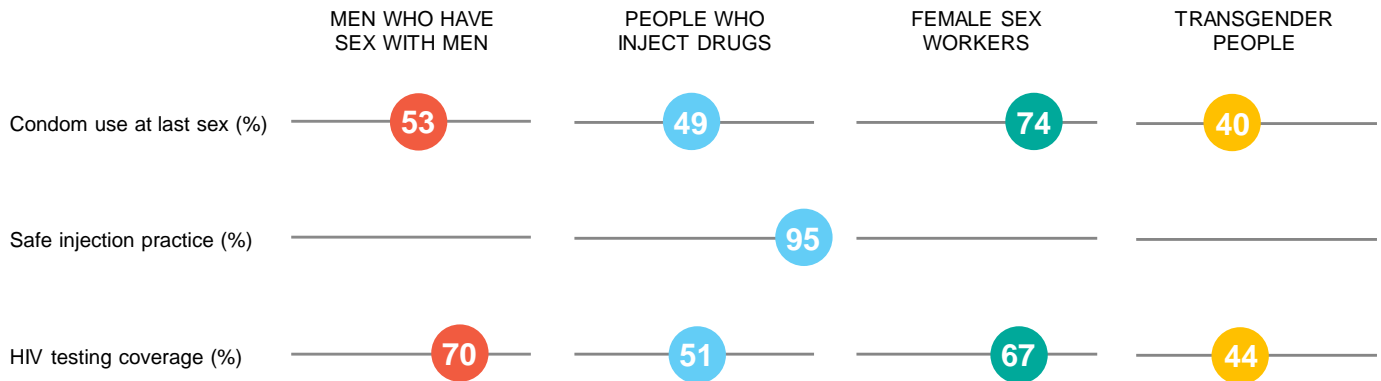
## PMTCT cascade, 2021



\* Estimated number of women living with HIV who delivered within the past 12 months

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2022 and UNAIDS 2022 HIV Estimates

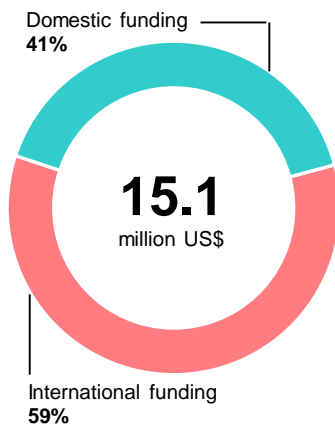
## Behaviour and response



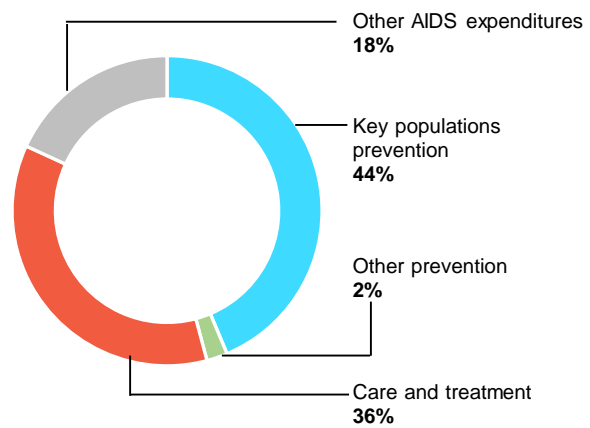
Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting and Global AIDS Monitoring Reporting

## AIDS financing, 2018

### AIDS spending by financing source



### AIDS spending by service category



Source: Global AIDS Monitoring Reporting

## Stigma index

Percent of PLHIV respondents who avoided going to a local clinic when needed because of HIV status

n/a

## Punitive laws

Criminalization of TG people

Criminalization of sex work

Criminalization of same sex sexual acts

Law allows for possession of a certain limited amount of drugs for personal use

Parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing

Laws or policies restricting the entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV

NO

YES

YES

NO INFORMATION AVAILABLE

YES \*

NO

\* For adolescents <18 yr