AFGHANISTAN

EPIDEMIC ESTIMATES

New HIV infections			
New HIV infections (all ages)	560	740	840
	[<500–850]	[<500–1200]	[<500–1600]
New HIV infections (0-14)	<100	<100	<100
	[<100- <100]	[<100- <200]	[<100- <200]
New HIV infections (women, 15+)	<200	<200	<500
	[<100- <500]	[<100- <500]	[<100-<500]
New HIV infections (men, 15+)	<500	<500	560
	[<500–560]	[<500–810]	[<500–1000]
HIV incidence per 1000 population	0.02 [0.01–0.03]	0.02 [0.01–0.04]	0.02 [0.01–0.04]
AIDS-related deaths			
AIDS-related deaths (all ages)	<500	<500	<500
	[<200– <500]	[<200–500]	[<200–610]
AIDS-related deaths (0-14)	<100	<100	<100
	[<100– <100]	[<100–<100]	[<100-<100]
AIDS-related deaths (women, 15+)	<100	<100	<100
	[<100– <100]	[<100- <200]	[<100- <200]
AIDS-related deaths (men, 15+)	<200	<200	<500
	[<100– <500]	[<100- <500]	[<200-<500]
People living with HIV			
People living with HIV (all ages)	4200	6000	7200
	[2500–6200]	[3600–8900]	[4100–11 000]
People living with HIV (0-14)	<500	<500	<500
	[<200- <500]	[<200- <500]	[<500–530]
People living with HIV (women, 15+)	1200	1600	2000
	[690–1700]	[950–2400]	[1100–3100]
People living with HIV (men, 15+)	2800	4000	4900
	[1700–4100]	[2400–6100]	[2700–7900]
HIV prevalence (15–49)	<0.1 [<0.1–<0.1]	<0.1 [<0.1–<0.1]	<0.1 [<0.1–<0.1]

LAWS AND POLICIES

EAWS AIND I OLICIES	
Laws criminalizing the transmission of, non- disclosure of or exposure to HIV transmission	No
Criminalization of sex work among consenting adults	Any criminalization or punitive regulation of sex work
Criminalization of same-sex sexual acts	Yes, death penalty
Drug use or possession for personal use is an offence	The law allows possession of a certain amount of drugs
Criminalization of transgender people	Neither criminalized nor prosecuted
Laws or policies restricting the entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV	No
Parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing	No
Spousal consent for married women to access sexual and reproductive health services	
Mandatory HIV testing for marriage, work or residence permits or for certain groups	No

STIGMA AND DISCRIMINATION

Percentage of women and men aged 15–49
years who report discriminatory attitudes
towards people living with HIV

60.2

Percentage of people living with HIV denied
health services because of their HIV status in
the last 12 months

Percentage of people living with HIV who reported a health-care professional told others about their HIV status without their consent

VIOLENCE

Proportion of ever-married or partnered women aged 15–49 years who experienced physical or sexual violence from a male intimate partner in the past 12 months

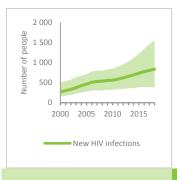
2015

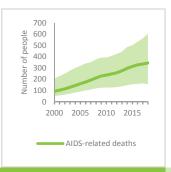
46.1

EXPENDITURES

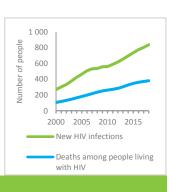
Financing sources						
			International: PEPFAR	International: Global Fund	International: all others	
Last available report: 2018		\$140 861		\$9 936 908	\$124	\$10 077 893

EPIDEMIC TRANSITION METRICS









Change in new HIV infections = 4

Change in AIDS related deaths since 2010

45%

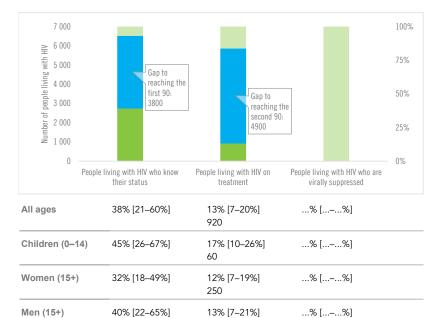
Incidence:
prevalence

= 12%

KEY POPULATIONS

Estimated size of population				
HIV prevalence				
Know their HIV status				
Antiretroviral therapy coverage				
Condom use				
Coverage of HIV prevention programmes				
Avoidance of health care because of stigma and discrimination				
Expenditures (2017)	\$2205	\$1985	\$8306	

HIV TESTING AND TREATMENT CASCADE



ELIMINATION OF MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION

620

	2010	2018
Percentage of pregnant women living with HIV	2%	11%
accessing antiretroviral medicines	[1–3%]	[7–18%]
Early infant diagnosis	%	1.2%
Larry Illiant diagnosis	[%]	[<1-2.1%]

HIV COMORBIDITIES

Estimated number of incident tuberculosis cases among people living with HIV (2017)	210 [140–300]
People living with HIV who started TB preventive therapy (2017)	4.2%
Cervical cancer screening of women living with HIV	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis B virus receiving combined treatment (2018)	2.17%
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis C virus starting hepatitis C treatment	

HIV PREVENTION

Adults aged 15+ years with unsuppressed viral load

Knowledge of HIV prevention among young people aged 15–24 years (2015)

— Women	1%
— Men	6.3%

Condom use at last sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner

— Women	
— Men	

Women aged 15–49 years who have their demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (2015)

42.2% ed Not

Men aged 15–49 years who are circumcised (2015)	Not applicable
Voluntary medical male circumcisions performed according to national standards	Not applicable
People who received PrEP at least once during the reporting period	

Harm reduction

Use of sterile injecting equipment at last injection	
 Needles and syringes distributed per person who injects (2018) 	52
 Coverage of opioid substitution therapy (2018) 	3.2%
— Naloxone available (2019)	Yes
— Safe injection rooms available (2019)	No