

ASIA PACIFIC COALITION
ON HIV & AIDS
CONFERENCE:
REGIONAL
EPIDEMIOLOGY AND
UPDATES

Eamonn Murphy
Regional Director
UNAIDS
Asia and the Pacific
November 7, 2018
Yangon, Myanmar

Journey of AIDS by the numbers

Since the beginning of the epidemic -

Globally...

77 million people have become infected with HIV population size of Turkey

35 million people have died from AIDS-related illnesses population size of Canada

In Asia and the Pacific...

12 million people have become infected with HIV Almost twice the population size of Lao PDR

6 million people have died from AIDS-related illnesses population size of Singapore



Fast-Track and Ending AIDS Targets: Asia and the Pacific

by 2020

by 2030

90-90-90

HIV treatment

90 000_(75% reduction from 2010)

New HIV infections or fewer

ZERO

Discrimination

95-95-95

HIV treatment

53 000_(90% reduction from 2010)

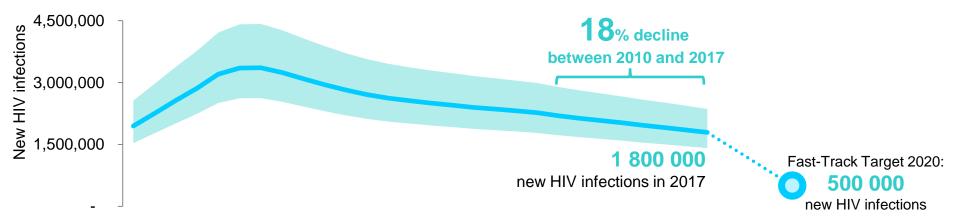
New HIV infections or fewer

ZERO

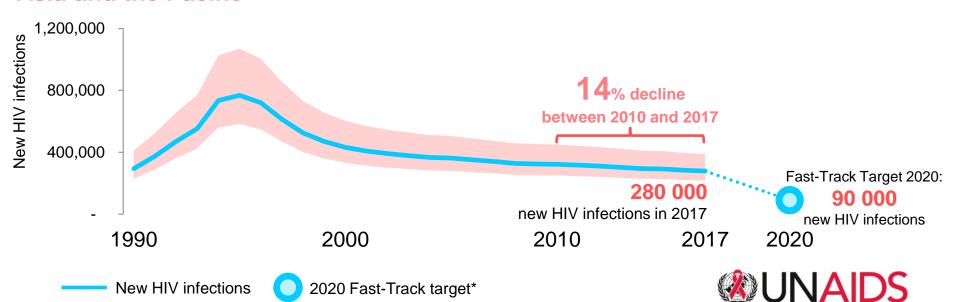
Discrimination

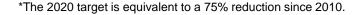
Despite earlier achievements, the decline in new HIV infections has stalled during the past 7 years.





Asia and the Pacific

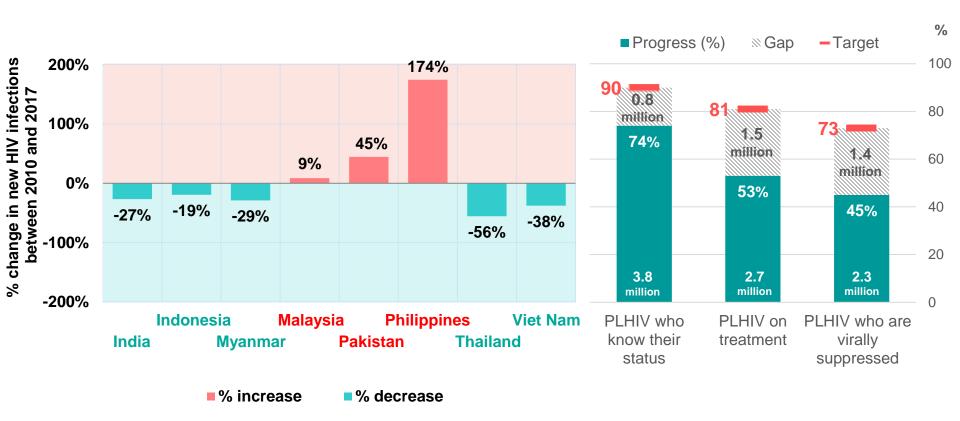




HIV is not over yet! Miles to go and gaps to address



HIV testing and treatment cascade, 2017

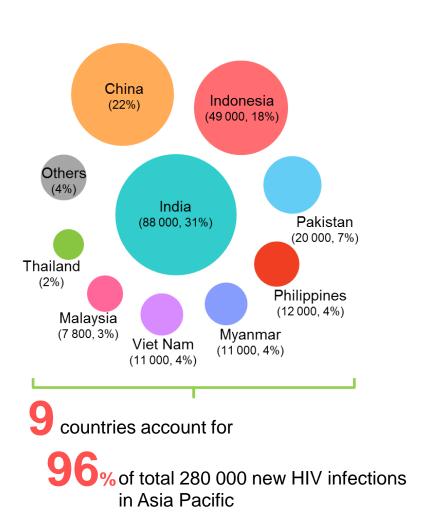


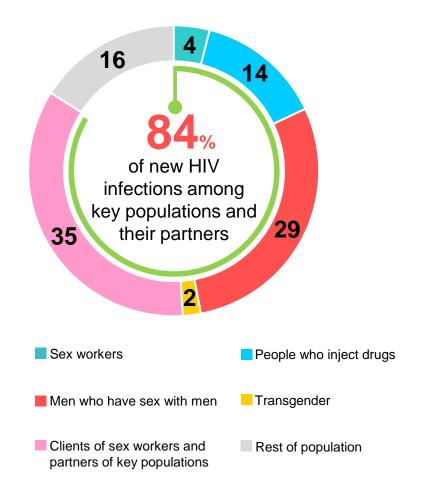


Urgent need for focused response: location-population approach!

Distribution of new HIV infections by country

Share of new HIV infections by population

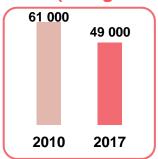




Country zoom-in: how far are we with ending AIDS as a threat to <u>public health security</u>

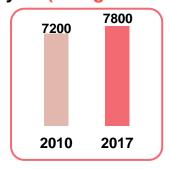
New HIV infections and AIDS-related deaths in select countries, 2010 and 2017

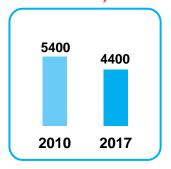
Indonesia (rising AIDS-related deaths)





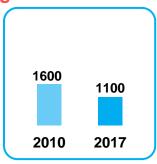
Malaysia (rising new HIV infections)



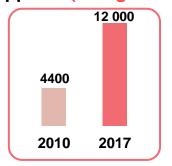


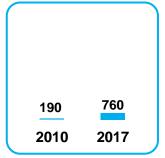
Papua New Guinea (rising new HIV infections)





Philippines (rising new HIV infections)







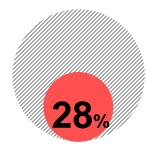




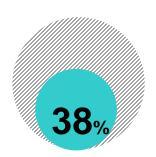
Mind the gap: use innovations to maximize prevention effect

Prevention gap, select countries and populations

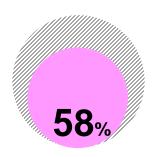
Philippines,
Men who have sex
with men



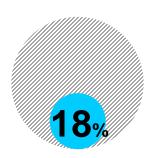
PNG, Port Moresby, Female sex workers

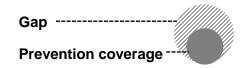


* any 2 out of 3 services condom and lubricants, counselling, and STI screening/ needles and syringes for PWID Malaysia, Transgender women

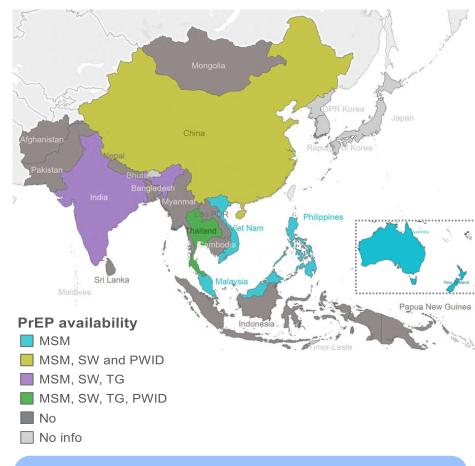


Viet Nam, People who inject drugs





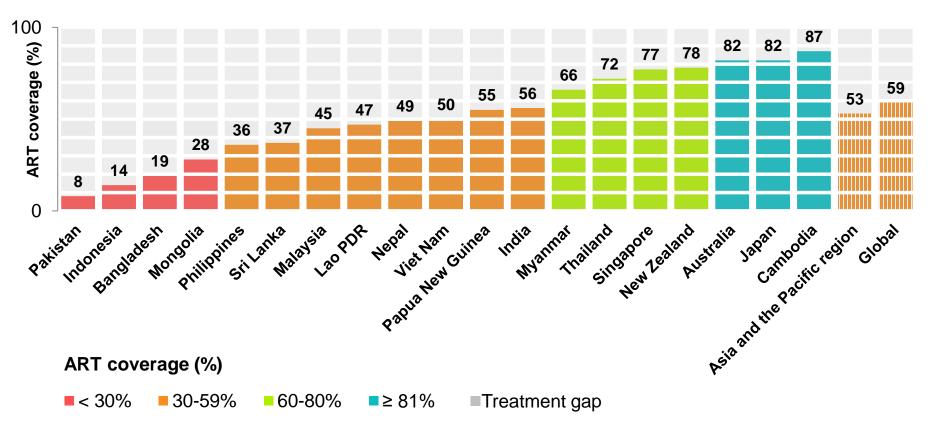
PrEP availability through pilot/demonstration sites by key populations, March 2018



Note: Although PrEP demonstration and pilot projects are available for key populations in the region, only Australia, New Zealand, and Thailand provide/have planned to provide PrEP at national scale.

Current treatment scale-up has made significant achievement but the region is lagging behind the global trend

ART coverage and treatment gap, Asia and the Pacific, 2017

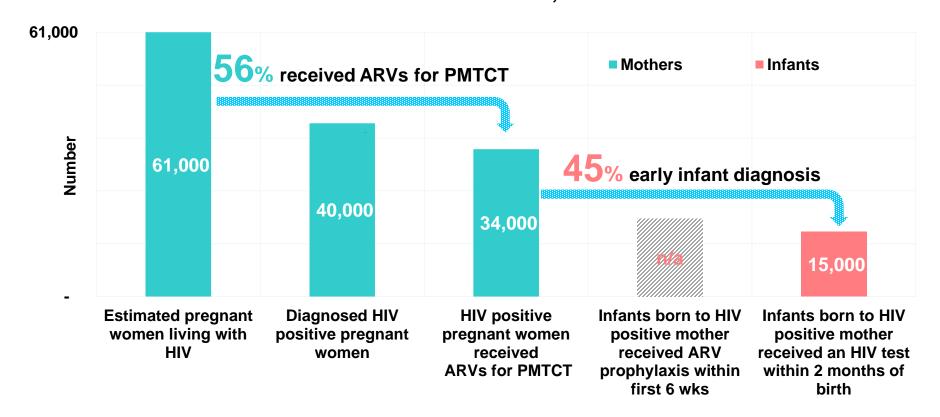


Getting to zero



Towards ending AIDS in children starts with mothers: time to improve linkages and prevent leakages

Service cascade of prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV in Asia and the Pacific, 2017



WUNAIDS

Getting to zero

Note: Coverage of infant ARV prophylaxis is not captured in GAM 2018 reporting

Support countries to put in place guarantees against discrimination in law, policies, and regulations

Legal barriers to HIV response remain in 38 UN Member States in Asia Pacific

37

criminalize some aspect of sex work

16

criminalize same-sex relations



confine people who use drugs in compulsory detention centres



impose death penalty for drug-related offences



impose some form of HIV-related restriction on entry, stay or residence

38 countries in Asia and the Pacific region ---Countries with punitive laws ----



Recent ground-breaking decision by India's Supreme Court strikes down law criminalizing LGBTI people

REPORTABLE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CRIMINAL ORIGINAL JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 76 OF 2016

NAVTEJ SINGH JOHAR & ORS.

...Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

...Respondent(s)

WITH

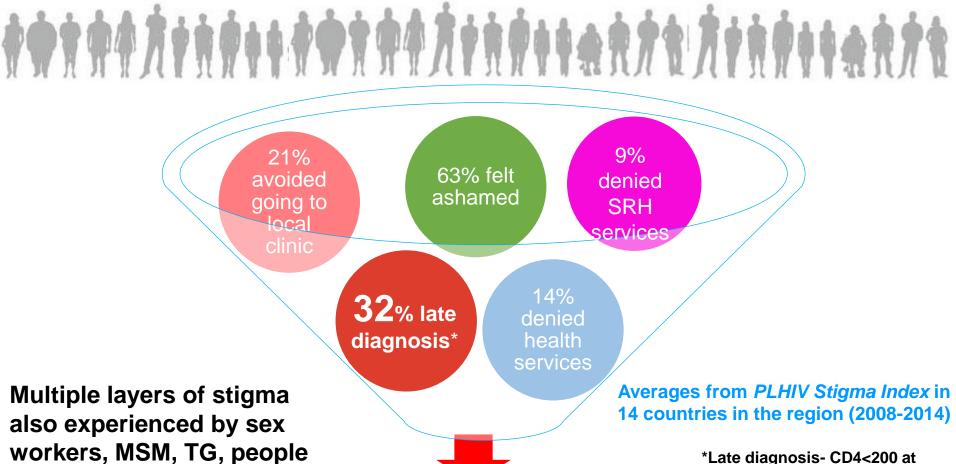
WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 572 OF 2016
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 88 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 100 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 101 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 121 OF 2018

JUDGMENT

Dipak Misra, CJI (for himself and A.M. Khanwilkar, J.)



Stigma: the major barrier to HIV and health services



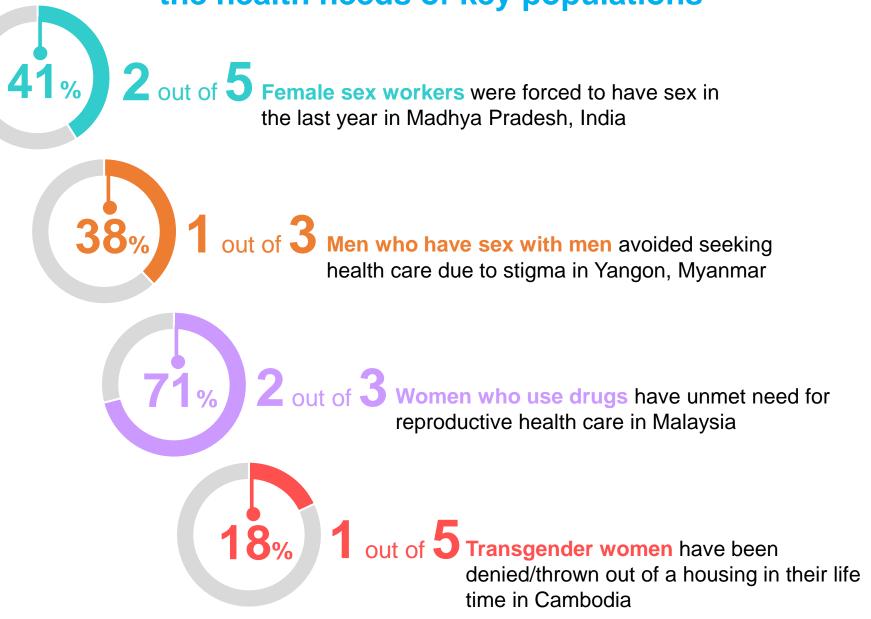
Access to health services

who use drugs, migrants.



*Late diagnosis- CD4<200 at the time of diagnosis (based on treatment programme data)





How Faith-based organizations can support AIDS response

PEOPLE



- People centered and integrated public health approaches
- Working to end marginalization and HIV-related stigma and discrimination

PARTNERSHIPS



- National and local governments
- Public and private sector
- Academics and researchers
- Civil society organizations

COMMUNITY



- Mobilize local faith communities to become involved in the local AIDS response
- Community support

LEADERSHIP AND ADVOCACY



- for universal access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support services
- for respecting all human beings as equally worthy of health, dignity and care, regardless of their faith, values or lifestyle choices

Faith-based Organizations in AIDS Response

Faith at International AIDS Conference (IAC), July 2018, Amsterdam, the Netherlands

- ✓ Theme "Faith Building Bridges"
- Discussed how faith groups and leaders can, should and are building bridges to more effectively eliminate AIDS as a public health threat by 2030, with particular attention to marginalized people, and key population groups.















Event on the sidelines of the 73rd Session of the UN General Assembly, September 2018, New York.

- Keynote speakers and table discussions focused on the outcomes of the United Nations High-Level Meeting on Tuberculosis on 26 September, and examined how the longstanding experience of faithbased organizations in responding to TB/HIV can support the new declarations agreed by Member States during the historic HLM.
- The participants renewed their call to national governments to not only maintain, but increase, support in order to end AIDS and TB as public health threats by 2030.

"In countries where adequate public health care systems exist, the work of Catholic religious congregations and dioceses and their hospitals is aimed not only at providing quality medical care, but also at putting the human person at the centre of the healing process, while carrying out scientific research with full respect for life and for Christian moral values. In countries where health care systems are inadequate or non-existent, the Church seeks to do what she can to improve health, eliminate infant mortality and combat widespread disease. Everywhere she tries to provide care, even when she is not in a position to offer a cure. The image of the Church as a "field hospital" that welcomes all those wounded by life is a very concrete reality, for in some parts of the world, missionary and diocesan hospitals are the only institutions providing necessary care to the population".

Excerpt from the message of Pope Francis on the 26th World Day of the Sick 2018

THANK YOU

www.aidsdatahub.org