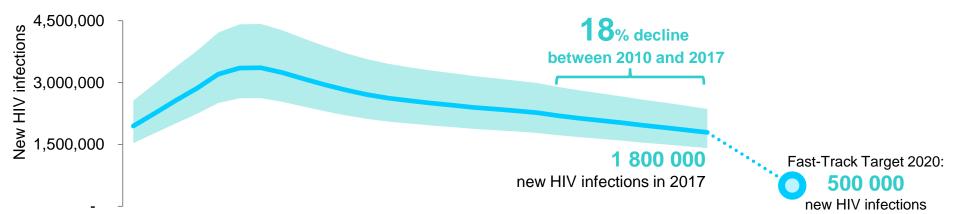
The HIV epidemic and response in Asia and the Pacific

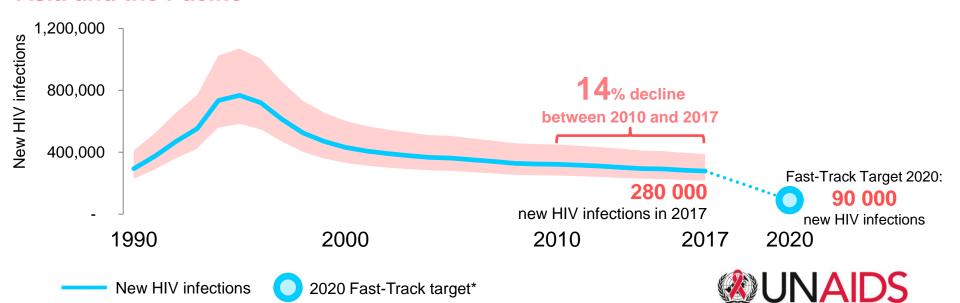


During the past 7 years the decline in new HIV infections has stalled





Asia and the Pacific



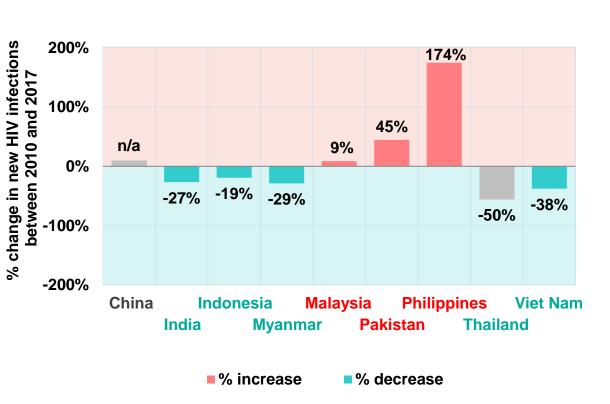
*The 2020 target is equivalent to a 75% reduction since 2010.

Source: Prepared by www.aidsdatahub.org based on UNAIDS 2018 HIV Estimates

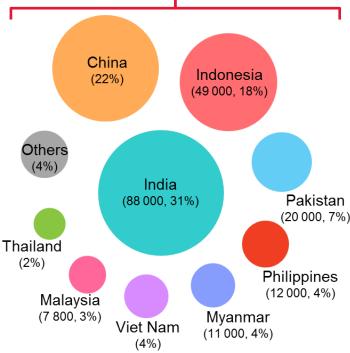
A significant variation in new HIV infections trends in Asia and the Pacific countries

Percent change in new HIV infections between 2010 and 2017

Distribution of new HIV infections by country, 2017



280 000 new HIV infections in Asia and the Pacific in 2017

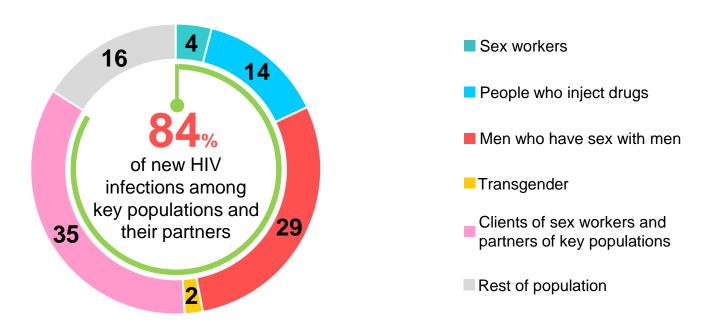


Getting to zero



84% of new HIV infections in Asia and the Pacific are concentrated among key populations and their sexual partners

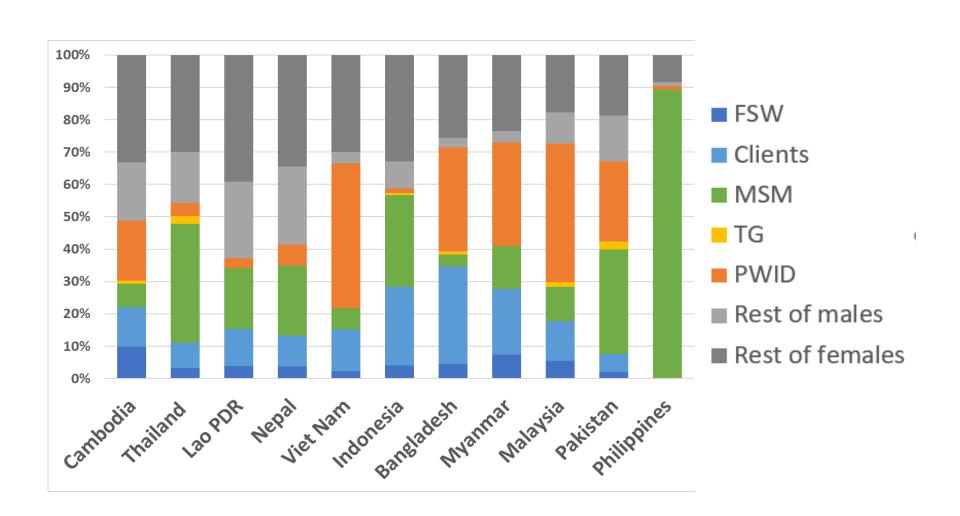
Distribution of new HIV infections by population, 2017





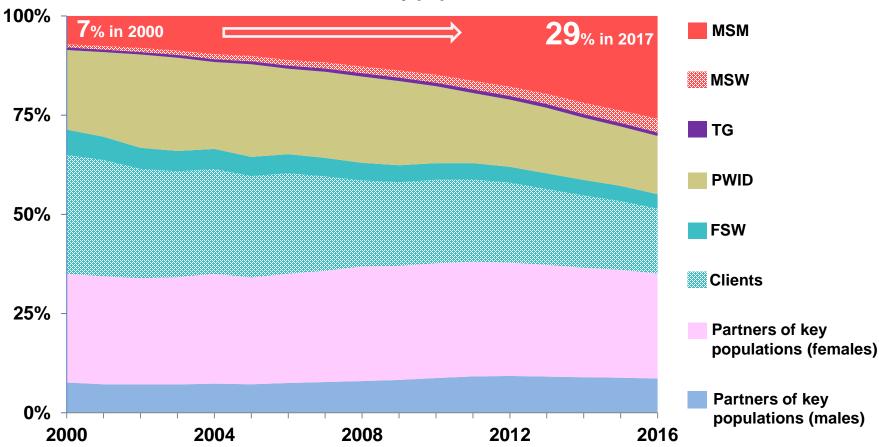
Diverse epidemic dynamics

Proportion of new HIV infections by risk groups



Expanding share of new HIV infections among men who have sex with men

Share of new HIV infections by population, 2000-2016



Based on data from 11 countries: Bangladesh, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam

Digitalization and its consequences: changing pattern of meeting and finding sex partners

% of MSM who used internet to find sex partners (among those who are physically recruited through Integrated Biological and Behavioural surveys)

23% in Papua New Guinea



33% in Sri Lanka



38% in Philippines



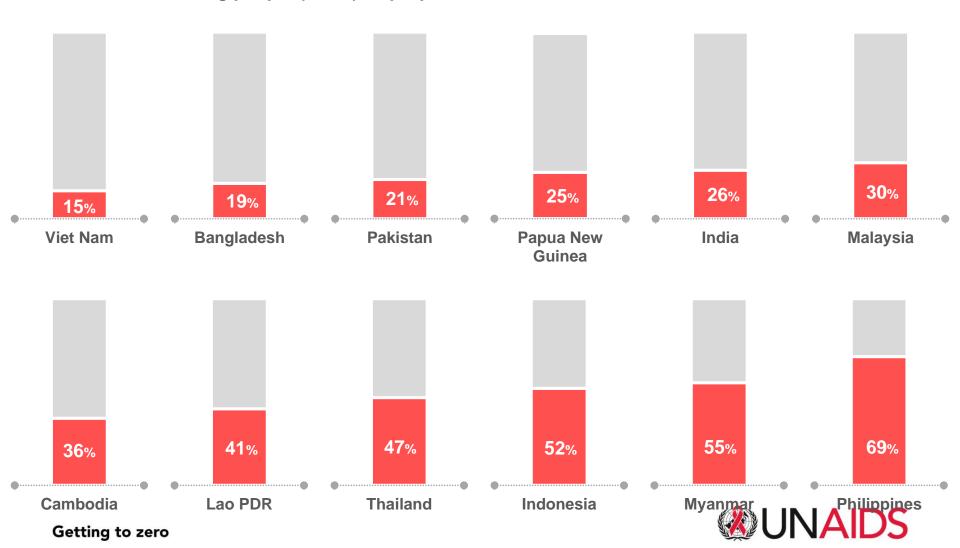
50% in Timor-Leste (Bacau)





Significant proportion of new infections are among young people (15-24)

Young people (15-24) as proportion of total new HIV infections, 2017



Young key populations are less accessible to HIV testing services

In Pakistan...



1 in 10
Young sex workers

know their HIV status that is 3 times lower than their older counterparts

In Lao PDR...



Less than 1 in 10
Young MSM

know their HIV status that is2 times lower than their older counterparts

In Malaysia...



Less than 1 in 3
Young TG

know their HIV status that is

two-third of the testing coverage of
their older counterparts

In Pakistan...



1 in 6
Young PWID

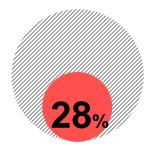
know their HIV status that is

3 times lower than their older counterparts

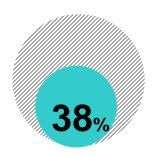
Mind the gap: use innovations to maximize prevention effect

Prevention gap, select countries and populations

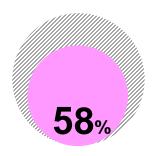
Philippines, Men who have sex with men



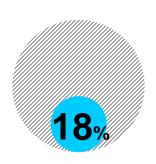
PNG, Port Moresby, Female sex workers

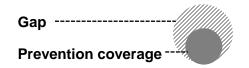


* any 2 out of 3 services condom and lubricants, counselling, and STI screening/ needles and syringes for PWID Malaysia, Transgender women

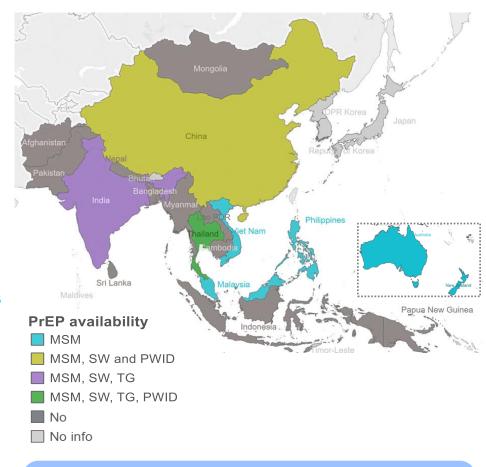


Viet Nam, People who inject drugs





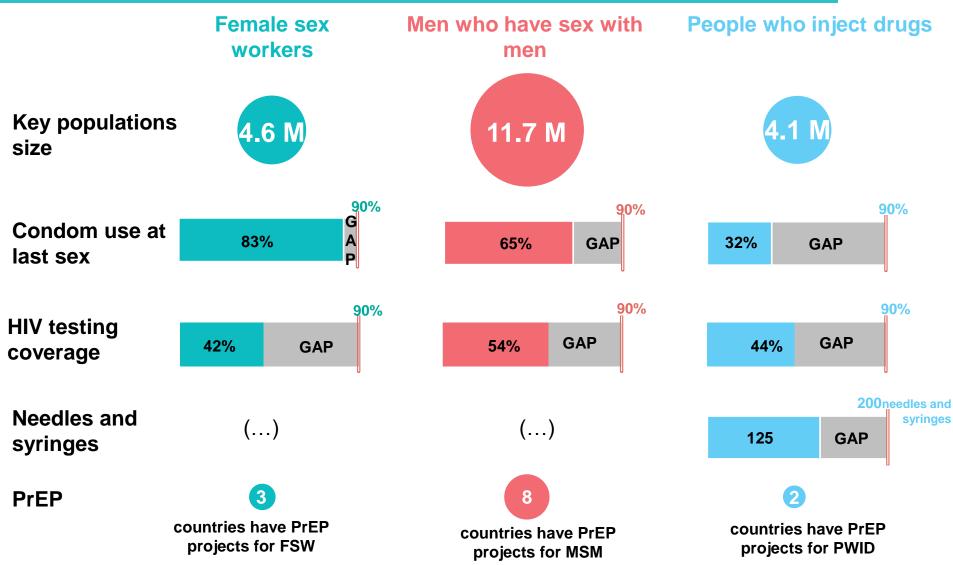
PrEP availability through pilot/demonstration sites by key populations, March 2018



Note: Although PrEP demonstration and pilot projects are available for key populations in the region, only Australia, New Zealand, and Thailand provide/have planned to provide PrEP at national scale.

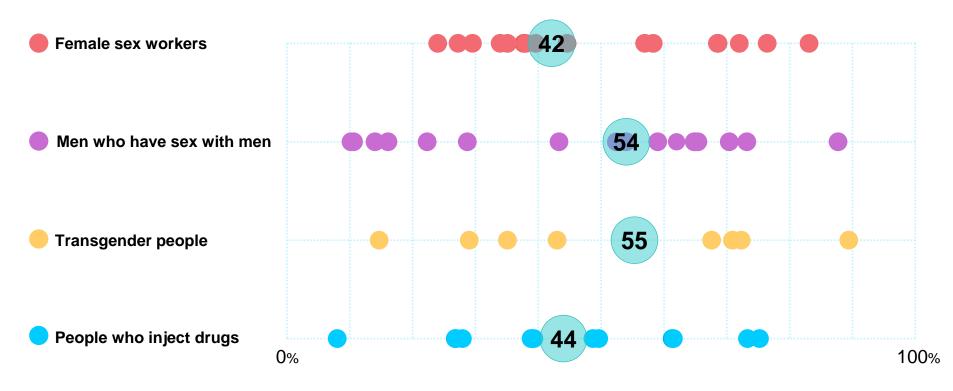
Key populations prevention gap





HIV testing is the entry point for prevention and treatment but about half of key populations do not know their HIV status

HIV testing coverage among key populations, 2014 - 2017

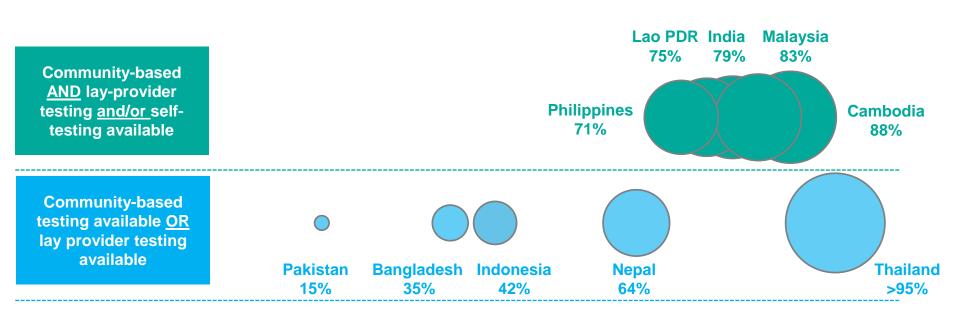


Regional median



Testing strategies have Clear effect on the 1st 90

Proportion of PLHIV who know their HIV status by HIV testing approaches, 2017

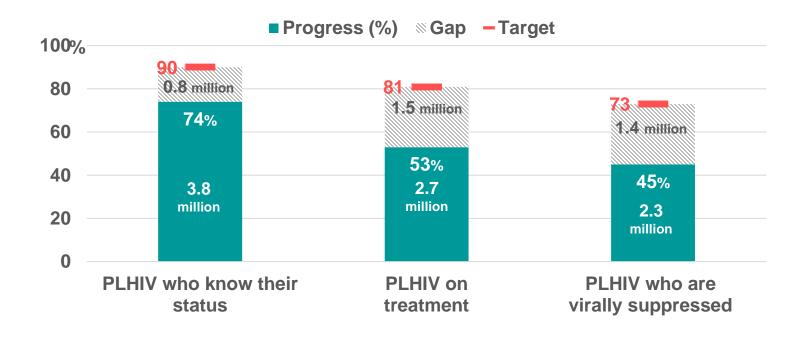


PLHIV who know their HIV status (%)

Know the status data is not available for China, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea and Viet Nam

Regional overview: 90-90-90 target and gaps

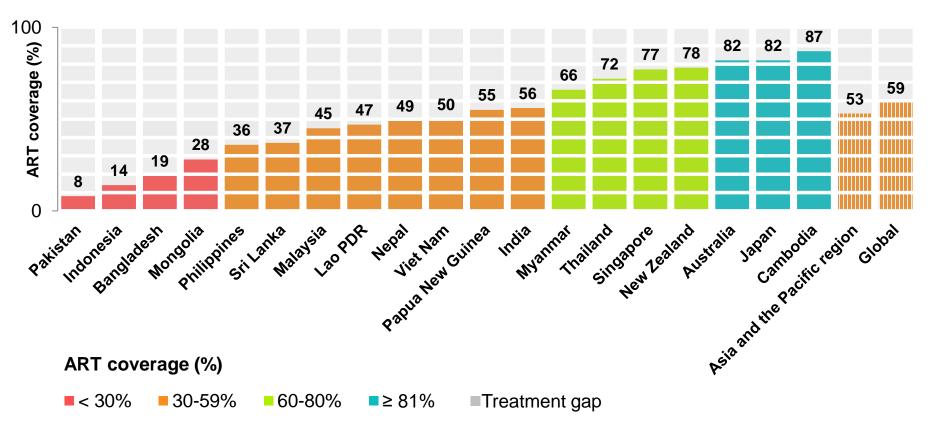
HIV testing and treatment cascade, Asia and the Pacific, 2017





Current treatment scale-up has made significant achievement but the region is lagging behind the global trend

ART coverage and treatment gap, Asia and the Pacific, 2017



Getting to zero



Countries need to put in place guarantees against discrimination in law, policies, and regulations

Legal barriers to HIV response remain in 38 UN Member States in Asia Pacific

criminalize some aspect of sex work

16

criminalize same-sex relations



confine people who use drugs in compulsory detention centres



impose death penalty for drug-related offences



impose some form of HIV-related restriction on entry, stay or residence

Recent ground-breaking decision by India's Supreme Court strikes down law criminalizing LGBTI people

REPORTABLE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA

CRIMINAL ORIGINAL JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 76 OF 2016

NAVTEJ SINGH JOHAR & ORS.

...Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

...Respondent(s)

WITH

WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 572 OF 2016
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 88 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 100 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 101 OF 2018
WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) NO. 121 OF 2018

JUDGMENT

Dipak Misra, CJI (for himself and A.M. Khanwilkar, J.)



TB snapshot

Globally...

- 10.4 million new TB infections of which
 - 0.6 million are MDR/RR-TB infections
 - 1.7 million TB deaths

In Asia and the Pacific...

- 7.1 million new TB infections (+2/3)
- 0.4 million are MDR/RR-TB infections (2/3)
- 0.8 million TB deaths (1/2)



11 out of 12 high TB burden countries in Asia and the Pacific also have high MDR-TB burden, 2016

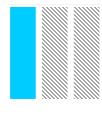
	High TB burden	High MDR-TB burden
Bangladesh	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Cambodia	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
China	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
DPR Korea	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
India	\checkmark	V
Indonesia	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Myanmar	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Pakistan	V	V
Papua New Guinea	\checkmark	V
Philippines	\checkmark	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Thailand	V	V
Viet Nam	V	\checkmark



But... a lot of missed opportunities



2 in 3 People co-infected with TB-HIV DO NOT know their HIV status



1 in 3 ART service providers <u>DO NOT</u> provide TB treatment in ART settings

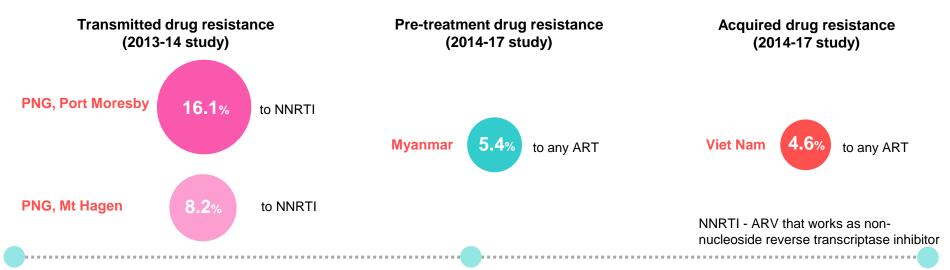


3 in 4 TB service providers <u>DO NOT</u> provide antiretroviral therapy in TB clinics

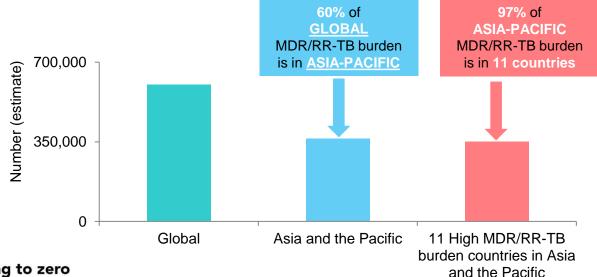


Snapshot of HIV and TB drug resistance in Asia Pacific

HIV drug resistance prevalence



Tuberculosis drug resistance



MDR/RR-TB = Rifampicin Resistant (RR) -TB cases including MDR-TB cases



Getting to zero

AIDS spending by financing source and resource needs in Asia and the Pacific, 2006-2030

